





REPORT FOR THE HALF-YEAR ENDED 31<sup>ST</sup> DECEMBER 2022

# **COMPANY INFORMATION**

As at February 27, 2023

**Board of Directors (BOD)** 

Mark Gerard Skelton Sved Moonis Abdullah Alvi. Adeeb Ahmad Arshad Maieed Mohmand Dr Imran Ullah Khan Mubasher H. Sheikh Muhammad Kamran Kamal Muhammad Zubair Motiwala Saad Amanullah Khan Shan A. Asharv

Chairman Chief Executive Officer

# **External Auditors**

Messrs A.F. Ferguson & Co.

#### **Share Registrar**

CDC Share Registrar Services Limited (CDCSRSL) CDC House, 99-B, Block "B", SMCHS, Main Shahrah-e-Faisal, Karachi. Office: 111-111-500

#### **Bankers**

AKA Ausfuhrkredit-Gesellschaft m.b.H. Al Baraka Bank (Pakistan) Limited Allied Bank Limited Askari Bank Limited Bank Al Habib Limited Bank Alfalah Limited Bank Islami Pakistan Limited Bank of China Limited, Shanghai Branch Bank of Punjab China Bohai Bank co., Ltd. Tianjin Branch China Citic Bank Corporation Limited, Harbin Br. China Construction Bank Corporation, Heilongjiang Branch (CCB Heilongjiang) Credit Suisse AG Deutsche Bank AG Deutsche Bank Aktiengesellschaft, Filiale Hong Kong Dubai Islamic Bank Pakistan Limited Faysal Bank Limited First Women Bank Limited Habib Bank Limited Industrial & Commercial Bank of China JS Bank Limited MCB Bank Limited MCB Islamic Bank Limited Meezan Bank Limited National Bank of Pakistan Nederlandse Financierings-Maatschappij Voor Ontwikkelingslanden N.V., Pak Brunei Investment Company Limited Pak China Investment Company Limited Pak Kuwait Investment Company Limited Samba Bank Limited Société de Promotion et de Participation pour la Coopération Economique Soneri Bank Limited Standard Chartered Bank (Dubai International Financial Centre Branch) Standard Chartered Bank (Pakistan) Limited Standard Chartered Bank (UK) Summit Bank Limited United Bank Limited

#### **Registered Office**

KE House, 39-B, Sunset Boulevard, Phase-II, Defence Housing Authority, Karachi, Pakistan

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**Board Audit Committee (BAC)** Saad Amanullah Khan Dr Imran Ullah Khan

Mark Gerard Skelton

Mubasher Hussain Sheikh

#### **Board Human Resource & Remuneration Committee** (BHR&RC)

Saad Amanullah Khan Chairman Mark Gerard Skelton Member Muhammad Zubair Motiwala Member Shan A. Ashary Member Syed Moonis Abdullah Alvi, CEO Member

#### **Board Finance Committee (BFC)**

Adeeb Ahmad Member Mubasher Hussain Sheikh Member Muhammad Kamran Kamal Member

#### Board Strategy & Projects Committee (BS&PC)

Adeeb Ahmad	Chairman
Arshad Majeed Mohmand	Member
Mark Gerard Skelton	Member
Muhammad Kamran Kamal	Member
Shan A. Ashary	Member
Syed Moonis Abdullah Alvi, CEO	Member

#### **Chief Financial Officer**

Muhammad Aamir Ghaziani

**Chief Risk Officer & Company Secretary** Rizwan Pesnani

**Chief Internal Auditor** Kamran Akhtar Hashmi

#### Legal Adviser Messrs Abid S. Zuberi & Co.

Chairman Member Member Member

# **DIRECTORS' REVIEW**

On behalf of the Board of Directors, we are pleased to present the Directors' report together with the unaudited Condensed Interim Financial Statements for the half year ended December 31, 2022.

Key operational and financial results are summarized below:

	JUL - DEC 2022	JUL-DEC 2021	
OPERATIONAL	(Units in GWh)		
Units generated (net of auxiliary)	3,576	4,047	
Units purchased	5,895	5,995	
Total units available for distribution (sent out)	9,471	10,042	
Units billed	8,276	8,732	
Transmission & Distribution Losses %	12.6%	13.0%	
FINANCIAL	(Ruj	pees in millions)	
Revenue	265,635	217,354	
Gross profit	18,633	33,182	
(Loss) / profit before finance cost	(12,182)	11,519	
(Loss) / profit before taxation	(24,889)	5,199	
Taxation – net	(2,144)	(1,885)	
Net (loss) / profit for the period	(27,033)	3,314	
(Loss) / Earnings per share - Basic / Diluted (Rupees)	(0.98)	0.12	
EBITDA	131	21,258	

#### **Financial Review**

Challenging socio-political and macro-economic factors including surging inflation, increasing policy rates and reduction in economic activity have cascading impact on the company's performance during the period. Impacted by these challenges, the Company has observed a reduction in units sent-out by 5.7% and the gross profitability of the Company declined significantly by PKR 14.5 billion. The Company operates under regulated tariff and as per current Multi-Year Tariff effective from July 1, 2016, no adjustment is provided to the Company in tariff for changes in sent-out and policy rates.

During the period, high inflation, increase in consumer tariff and deteriorating economic conditions has significantly impacted consumers' propensity to pay. This is reflected in increased impairment loss by PKR 8.8 billion against doubtful debts during the period. Further, increase in effective rate of borrowing from 9.4% to 17% has led to a drastic increase in finance cost charge during the period by PKR 6.4 billion. All these factors combined have translated into the loss after tax amounting to PKR 27.0 billion.

KE remains committed to tackle the challenges and focusing extensively on further operational improvements as detailed in the relevant business section and also working diligently for renewal of tariff for the next control period starting from July 1, 2023, with an aim to obtain a sustainable cost reflective tariff with robust adjustments mechanism at par with other power sector entities to ensure continuity of reliable and smooth service to consumers at least possible costs.

#### Update on Significant matters:

# Generation:

KE's largest and the most efficient combined cycle power plant (BQPS 3) has successfully dispatched 900 MW to grid on December 30, 2022. Major milestones planned for the upcoming period include Guaranteed Performance Test(s) of units to be witnessed by the Regulator. Expected commercial operation of both units is in 3rd quarter of the fiscal year.

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Moreover, at BQPS-I, annual maintenance of Unit 1 and Unit 2 were carried out which included major activities such as boiler tubes replacement and main cooling water pump overhauling. Furthermore, repair of Unit 5 forced draft fan was performed for unit's full load availability, keeping in view the projected demand during the upcoming summer season.

#### Transmission:

In line with its vision of providing reliable power supply to the consumers amidst the growing demand, KE is incessantly working to upkeep and improve its transmission system reliability and stability through augmentation and required rehabilitation works in the network.

By the end of half year of FY 2023, KE enhanced its transmission capacity by 100MVAs with addition of new power transformers at Agha Khan and New Landhi grids alongside enhancement in existing grids taking the total transformation capacity to 6,903 MVAs. Further, a new 132kV Site – Haroonabad circuit - II has been energized, increasing the reliability of the system. Moreover, projects including reconductoring of transmission lines and RTV coating of insulators are in progress that aim to further improve system reliability.

Furthermore, KKI Grid (KE's First 500 kV flagship Interconnecting and Load Grid) construction is in full swing with overall progress of 20%. Similarly construction work of new 220 kV Dhabeji Interconnection is also fast approaching the pre-commissioning milestone in next two months. Moreover, commercial evaluation of contract for NTDC scope of interconnection works are in progress for both 500kV KKI and 220kV Dhabeji interconnections.

Moreover, under BQPS-III project, upgradation of transmission network is in process that includes augmentation of two critical load grids and two generation interconnection grid stations. One load grid (New Landhi) has been energized which has started contributing catering new industrial load growth. Also, the new interconnection at KTPS will evacuate power of KCCP on 132kV system rather than on 220kV viz-a-viz co-relating embedded generation and improving the network efficiency.

With the objective of making targeted investments to further enhance system reliability and stability, a detailed and robust Transmission System Expansion Plan for FY 2024 to FY 2030 has been prepared which has also been validated by an independent 3rd party consultant. The expansion plan is submitted for NEPRA's review and approval.

#### Distribution:

KE aims to sustain the objective of enhancing the distribution's network health and reduction in losses and reported T&D losses of 12.6% during the first half of the Fiscal Year 2023; an improvement of 0.4% points against last year same period. Following the success of KE distribution's flagship Project Sarbulandi, Distribution has been working towards bearing the benefits of investments made in the past through Governance strategy in the current fiscal year. Further, as part of loss reduction and recovery improvement initiatives, KE has installed approximately 15,000 low-cost meters in the low propensity areas and 35,000 additional meters during the first half of the fiscal year.

During the period under review, the Company faced multiple challenges in recovery primarily on account of significant increase in consumer end tariff and fuel cost adjustments which affected consumers' propensity to pay, resulting in decline in recovery ratio to 91.8% as against 94.9% reported during corresponding period last year. However, the Company remains steadfast in its initiatives to improve recoveries by introducing easy instalment payment solution for its consumers under the scheme named as "Humqadam – Recovery Plan" and is also focusing on massive disconnections, curbing illegal extraction of electricity, prevention from theft and constant follow ups on recovery and installation of meters where required. Till date, more than 200,000 consumers have been tapped and over 40,000 Kgs of illegal connections have been removed.

#### **Digital Payments and Partnerships**

KE has continued its unique journey to empower its customers through the provision of convenient methods for payments and recovery. During the period, KE expanded its payment network by partnering with Fintech's and Banking Institutions to enhance consumer payment experience.

KE, in collaboration with Bank Alfalah and HBL, have digitally empowered fifteen KE's Recovery Officers to collect bill payments at consumers' doorstep. To date, 15 agents have been authorized to collect bill payments with further

expansion in the pipeline. This initiative has yielded recovery of more than PKR 100 million while processing payments for over 16,000 Customers.

KE launched Bill Financing and BNPL (Buy Now Pay Later) Campaigns in collaboration with different financial institutions. KE has also partnered with Faysal Bank to offer monthly installment plans, whereas, JS Bank, UBL and Savyour have offered discounts on bill payments using their respective platforms which helps promote the digital payment channels available to KE customers.

### Safety and Security

As a part of its commitment to continue strengthening the reliability and safety of its network, KE management continued to conduct safety audits at various locations to evaluate the environment, working conditions and to assess whether the staff ensures compliance with all safety measures put in place by the Company.

Further, KE in collaboration with NEPRA conducted two Webinars on 'Isolation and Permit to Work (PTW)" and "Transmission and distribution protection and safety" to promote safety culture within all DISCOs and enlighten the best practices prevalent at KE. An Electrical Safety session was conducted for industrial customers where the participants were educated about workplace safety protocols to ensure zero safety hazards.

At the NEPRA Safety Award ceremony, KE was recognized for maintaining the highest safety performance and preventing accidents in its respective jurisdiction under NEPRA PSC performance criteria for 2022.

#### **Technical initiatives**

In the first half of FY23, KE launched a technical "Reliability & Sustainability Project". This project also aims to prepare the Network and teams with respect to necessary skillset to be able to cope up with ever changing technical developments.

KE implemented Lean Process Manufacturing to enhance Transformer and Switchgear workshop's production and process efficiencies and to optimize inventory levels. KE continued proactive maintenance of transformers and in the half year, 202 transformers have been maintained on site of different capacities.

KE introduced a "Data Driven Meter Installation Quality" KPI this year to monitor grid parameters i.e., currents, voltages, and power factors to highlight potential field installation issues using smart metering data. The in-house Data Quality Dashboard has been developed for better visibility and to maximize field installation quality. Further, PQ surveys were conducted at point of common connection along with a consultant to further enhance the power quality by introducing "Clean Bus" concept to re-arrange low fault occurring feeders on a particular grid bus to ensure least power disturbance is faced by customers.

#### **Business Development:**

Keeping in view the growing power demand in KE's service area, a robust and aggressive investment plan has been prepared with a focus on the utilization of indigenous resources along with renewables (including hydro), in line with the National Electricity Policy to add low cost, indigenous fuels-based power projects. Subject to third party studies and regulatory approvals, KE has planned a total addition of 2,172 MW including renewables of approximately 1,180 MW (with hydel), by FY 2030 in the following manner:



To increase the share of renewables, KE is working on 350 MW solar project(s) via competitive bidding with the Sindh Energy Department (SED), Government of Sindh (GoS) in collaboration with the World Bank (WB), under the Sind Solar Energy Project (SSEP). Under this framework, SED will undertake competitive bidding, and KE will be the power off-taker where it would enter into a long-term EPA with the SPV formed by the Successful Bidder. The land for the Project(s) has been approved by the Cabinet (GoS). Moreover, the consultants are finalizing the feasibility studies. Furthermore, SED has initiated the prequalification process for potential bidders. The anticipated commissioning of the project is FY 2025.

With regards to 150 MW Vinder and Bela solar projects in Baluchistan, NEPRA issued its decision on the RFP on October 14, 2022. Subsequently, KE filed a review application on the RFP decision, which is currently under review with NEPRA. Land for the project has been approved and allocated by the Cabinet (GoB) and the mode of allocation is under active deliberations between KE and GoB.

KE has also initiated the development of a 220 MWp Site Neutral Hybrid Renewable Project. The RFP for the Project has been submitted to NEPRA and simultaneously, the prequalification process of potential bidders has also been initiated.

KE is committed to reducing its cost of generation by induction of indigenous resources which also includes off-take of power through base load plants. Currently, efforts are being made to induct power based on local coal and hydel via wheeling.

With regards to induction of hydel power, KE is actively pursuing the 82 MW Turtonas Uzghor Hydel project (Uzghor), to which KE issued the LOI in September 2022, for power off-take. Additionally, in order to further increase its hydel portfolio, a Joint Working Group has been formulated with PEDO. KE and PEDO are actively working on the procurement framework, including shortlisting and finalization of target projects.

Furthermore, KE has also entered into a strategic level MOU with China Three Gorges South Asia Limited (CTGSAIL) on 30 December 2022, for the joint development of hydel and renewables projects. Under the framework, several opportunities are being evaluated for further development by both entities.

On local coal, KE is engaged with both the Government and private sponsors with regards to potential development of around 990 MW of Projects. Amongst other prospects on this front, KE entered into an MOU with Siddiqsons Energy Limited (SEL) on December 20, 2021 for potential power off-take from its 330 MW local coal fired power project being developed in Thar. SEL is currently in the process of pursuing the Project related approvals form the Government and other agencies to change power purchaser to KE.

#### Supply Chain

Several initiatives were taken to optimize cost through restructuring, rightsizing and consolidation of operational resources. Other Strategic global best practices are also being implemented including Supply Chain Excellence, S&OP, Quality Assurance& Strategic Sourcing resulting in improved performance of KPIs. Dedicated programs have been launched to evaluate possibility of localization of sources.

#### Corporate Social Responsibility:

First half of FY 2023 covered activities in safety, flood relief, social welfare, inauguration of various community-based initiatives and partnering with organizations on sustainability and inclusivity. In recognition of KE's efforts on the CSR front, KE won Silver Award at the 2nd NEPRA CSR Awards.

KE provided relief in flood affected areas of Sindh and Balochistan in collaboration with Saylani Welfare Trust International, Sahil Welfare Association and Akhuwat. KE employees and management raised PKR 5.7 million benefiting 1,600 families while also donating panaflexes to make tents. KE collaborated with Educast to establish a Tele Health clinic which will facilitate 36,000 flood-affectees via tele consultation call centers.

The second cohort of KE's Roshni Bajis graduated. Roshni Baji is a flagship project under which 60 Roshni Bajis have educated 350,000 households on electrical safety, energy conservation and the importance of having a legal connection. Roshni Bajis are a source of inspiration and strength in the communities they work in.

Safety messages on monsoon and heatwave were disseminated via mosques, temples and churches to over 40,000 people whereas frontline workers were trained on monsoon safety and CPR in collaboration with Pakistan Red Crescent Society Sindh.

Seven health camps in collaboration with LRBT were organized by KE facilitating 2,500 patients. KE inaugurated 4 water filtration plants in Baldia (Moachko Goth), Lyari, Bin Qasim and Brohi Mohalla in partnership with Saylani Welfare Trust, benefiting over 40,000 people annually.

KE's Akhuwats' revolving solar microfinance fund formed under NEPRA CSR vision of "Power with Prosperity," has been utilized for 48 beneficiaries till date.

KE reduced its bill size to half creating a significant environmental impact with a potential of saving over 4,000 trees and 200 million litres water every year. 100,000 KE customers have now subscribed for e-billing.

#### **Other Significant Matters**

#### Growing Receivables from Government Entities and Departments

As of December 31, 2022, KE's net receivables from various Federal and Provincial entities, stood at around PKR 79.6 billion on principal due basis. Increase in fuel prices and non-provision of local gas supply to KE have resulted in a consequential increase in KE's Tariff Differential Subsidy (TDS) Claims receivable from the (Government of Pakistan) GoP.

The backlog of receivables continues to have a consequential impact on the Company's cashflow position and resultantly its ability to enhance the pace of investment in power infrastructure. However, for sustainability of KE as well as the sector at large, it is imperative that all parties including the Government, reach an amicable solution to resolve this long-standing issue in accordance with the law.

Further, KE is continuously pursuing GoP and related parties for finalization and execution of the Power Purchase Agency Agreement (PPAA), Inter Connection Agreement (ICA) and Tariff Differential Subsidy (TDS) Agreement for supply from the National Grid and release of subsidy. Execution of these agreements has been deliberated at length at the level of Taskforce constituted by the Honorable PM, and KE remains engaged with all stakeholders for earliest execution of the agreements.

#### Multi-Year Tariff (MYT)

#### Pending Approval of Costs Claimed in Lieu of Recovery Loss

The Company remains in continuous engagement with NEPRA to expedite the determination of pending quarterly tariff variations including costs in lieu of recovery loss for the period FY 2017 to FY 2022 (in relation to actual write-off of bad debts, allowed under KE's MYT) claimed as per the mechanism provided in KE's MYT.

Timely approval of these requests remains critical for Company's sustainability and execution of planned investment.

#### MYT post 2023

KE was awarded an integrated MYT by NEPRA for a control period of 7 years that will expire in June 2023. Keeping in view learnings of the current MYT and the ongoing changes in power sector including Distribution (network) and Supply business being separate licensed activities, implementation of CTBCM model, and the proposed country wide central economic despatch, KE is endeavoring for separate tariff determination for each business segment for the period post June 2023.

In this regard, KE's Generation petition for the remaining life of Generation plants and investment plan and performance KPIs for Transmission and Distribution segment for the next control period have been admitted by NEPRA for determination. KE remains engaged with NEPRA for timely and sustainable determination.

#### Competitive Trading Bilateral Contracts Market (CTBCM)

Pursuant to issuance of Market Operator License by NEPRA to CPPA-G, in May 2022, currently dry run activities related to roll out of CTBCM are in progress. KE remains highly engaged with relevant stakeholders including NEPRA for approval of its proposed integration plan with an objective to ensure a sustainable and orderly transition in line with the National Electricity Policy 2021 and the CCoE approved principles for establishing competitive wholesale electricity markets in Pakistan.

#### **Distribution and Electric Power Supplier License**

KE was granted distribution license on July 21, 2003 for distribution and supply of electric power services in its territory for a period of twenty years till July 2023. With the ongoing changes in the power sector including Distribution (network) and Supply business being separate licensed activities and implementation of CTBCM, KE, during the period under review has filed separate applications for renewal of its Distribution and Supplier License.

#### Compliance with the Listed Companies (Code of Corporate Governance) Regulations, 2019

#### **Board Composition**

Total number of Directors as at December 31, 2022	10
i. Female	-
ii. Male	10
ii. Casual Vacancy	03

Composition of the board as at December 31, 2022:

- i. Independent Director
- ii. Non-Executive Directors
- iii.Executive Directors

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09 (including Independent Director)

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#### **Board Committees**

The names of Board Committees Members are mentioned in "Company Information" section of this Report.

#### **Board Remuneration Policy**

The Board has approved a remuneration policy for Non-Executive Directors in its 1216th Meeting held on June 25, 2020 which is in line with the applicable corporate regulatory framework. Salient features of the approved Remuneration Policy of Non-Executive Directors are as under:

- a) Fee shall be reviewed after every three years
- b) The review shall invariably comply with applicable corporate regulatory framework and shall be carried out in an objective manner
- c) The level of remuneration shall be appropriate and commensurate with the level of responsibility and professional expertise needed to govern the company to successfully achieve its corporate and social objectives as well as encourage value addition.

#### Changes in the Board of Directors

During the period, an election of Directors was held wherein following Directors were appointed:

- 1. Mark Gerard Skelton
- 2. Syed Moonis Abdullah Alvi (CEO)
- 3. Adeeb Ahmad
- 4. Arshad Majeed Mohmand
- 5. Boudewijn Clemens Wentink
- 6. Ch. Khagan Saadullah Khan
- 7. Dr. Imran Ullah Khan

- 8. Mubasher H. Sheikh
- 9. Muhammad Kamran Kamal
- 10. Muhammad Zubair Motiwala
- 11. Saad Amanullah Khan
- 12. Sadia Khuram
- 13. Shan A. Ashary

Subsequently, Mr. Mark Gerard Skelton was appointed by the Board of Directors as the Chairman of the Board. Furthermore, Mr. Boudewijn Clemens Wentink, Ch. Khaqan Saadullah Khan and Ms. Sadia Khuram resigned from the position of Non-Executive Directors in October 2022 resulting in casual vacancies on the Board.

However, K-Electric cannot change its current Board composition due to the following factors:

a.Suit 1731/2022 (Al Jomaih Power Limited & another vs IGCF SPV 21 Limited & others) together with ad-interim order from the Sindh High Court dated October 21, 2022 passed therein, through which the Company has been directed "no change will be affected in the present board of directors of the K-Electric"

b.Directions from the Securities and Exchange Commission of Pakistan dated November 08, 2022 which states that the "composition of the current Board of Directors of the Target Company (i.e. K-Electric) shall not be changed, whatsoever, till further orders of the Commission".

Hence, the casual vacancies on the Board will be filled subject to the receipt of relevant approvals.

Acknowledgements

The Board wishes to extend its gratitude to the Government of Pakistan, shareholders, customers and other stakeholders of the Company for their cooperation and support and extends its appreciation to the employees of the Company.

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Syed Moonis Abdullah Alvi Chief Executive Officer

Karachi, February 27, 2023

Mark Skelton

Mark Gerard Skelton Chairman



# A-F-FERGUSON&CO.

#### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REVIEW REPORT

#### To the members of K-Electric Limited

## **Report on review of Unconsolidated Condensed Interim Financial Statements**

#### Introduction

We have reviewed the accompanying unconsolidated condensed interim statement of financial position of K-Electric Limited (the Company) as at December 31, 2022 and the related unconsolidated condensed interim statement of profit or loss, unconsolidated condensed interim statement of comprehensive income, unconsolidated condensed interim statement of cash flows, and notes to the unconsolidated condensed interim financial statements for the half year then ended (here-in-after referred to as the "unconsolidated condensed interim financial statements"). Management is responsible for the preparation and presentation of these unconsolidated condensed interim financial statements in accordance with accounting and reporting standards as applicable in Pakistan for interim financial statements based on our review.

The figures of the unconsolidated condensed interim statement of profit or loss and the unconsolidated condensed interim statement of comprehensive income and notes thereto for the quarters ended December 31, 2022 and December 31, 2021 have not been reviewed, as we are required to review only the cumulative figures for the half year ended December 31, 2022.

#### Scope of Review

We conducted our review in accordance with International Standard on Review Engagements 2410, "Review of Interim Financial Information Performed by the Independent Auditor of the Entity". A review of the unconsolidated condensed interim financial statements consists of making inquiries, primarily of persons responsible for financial and accounting matters, and applying analytical and other review procedures. A review is substantially less in scope than an audit conducted in accordance with International Standards on Auditing and consequently does not enable us to obtain assurance that we would become aware of all significant matters that might be identified in an audit. Accordingly, we do not express an audit opinion.

#### Conclusion

Based on our review, nothing has come to our attention that causes us to believe that the accompanying unconsolidated condensed interim financial statements are not prepared, in all material respects, in accordance with the accounting and reporting standards as applicable in Pakistan for interim financial reporting.

#### **Emphasis of Matters**

We draw attention to:

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note 8.1 to the accompanying unconsolidated condensed interim financial statements, which
explains the matter in respect of claims for write-off of trade debts pending with National Electric
Power Regulatory Authority (NEPRA);

A. F. FERGUSON & CO., Chartered Accountants, a member firm of the PwC network State Life Building No. 1-C, I.I. Chundrigar Road, P.O. Box 4716, Karachi-74000, Pakistan Tel: +92 (21) 32426682-6/32426711-5; Fax: +92 (21) 32415007/32427938/32424740; <www.pwc.com/pk>



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- note 13.1.1 to the accompanying unconsolidated condensed interim financial statements, which
  describes that the mark-up / financial charges on outstanding liabilities due to governmentcontrolled entities will be payable by the Company only when it will receive mark-up on
  outstanding receivable balances on account of tariff differential claims and energy dues of the
  Company's public sector consumers; and
- note 13.1.2 to the accompanying unconsolidated condensed interim financial statements, which
  states that the Supreme Court of Pakistan vide its decision dated August 13, 2020 has declared
  the Gas Infrastructure Development Cess (GIDC) Act, 2015 to be valid. In this respect the
  Company's suit is pending before the High Court of Sindh on the grounds, amongst others, that
  the Company falls within the category of gas consumers who have not accrued the GIDC in their
  books and have neither recovered nor passed it on to their consumers.

Our conclusion is not modified in respect of these matters.

The engagement partner on the review resulting in this independent auditor's report is Osama Kapadia.

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A. F. Ferguson & Co. Chartered Accountants Place: Karachi

Date: February 28, 2023

UDIN: RR202210080h8RKA7cei

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# UNCONSOLIDATED CONDENSED INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE HALF YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2022

## K-ELECTRIC LIMITED UNCONSOLIDATED CONDENSED INTERIM STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION AS AT DECEMBER 31, 2022

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ASSETS       Note         ASSETS       4         Intraciple assets       4         Intraction assets       4         Investment in subsidiary - at cost       5         Long-term loans and deposits       6         Current assets       6         Investment in subsidiary - at cost       6         Investment property       Other financial assets       6         Current assets       6         Investories       6         Tade debts       7         Loans and advances       8         Other receivables       8         Current naturity of other financial assets - at amortised cost       5         Derivative financial assets       8         Current maturity of other financial assets - at amortised cost       5         Derivative financial assets       8         Current maturity of other financial assets       8         Current habititities       8         EQUITY AND LABILITIES       SHARE CAPITAL AND RESERVES         Issued, subscribed and paid-up capital       8         Revenue reserves       9         Unapternor liabitities       9         Long-term financing       9         Leaste liabitities       10 </th <th>Un-Audited December 31, 2022</th> <th>Audited June 30, 2022</th>	Un-Audited December 31, 2022	Audited June 30, 2022
Non-current assets       4         Property, plant and equipment       4         Intranspile assets       Investment in subsidiary - at cost         Investment property       Other financial assets - at amortised cost         Long-term loans and deposits       6         Current assets       6         Investment ris subsidiary - at cost       6         Investment property       Other financial assets       6         Current assets       6       7         Loans and advances       6       7         Deposits and short-term prepayments       0       6         Other receivables       8       6         Current maturity of other financial assets - at amortised cost       5       5         Derivative financial assets       7       6         Casts and bank balances       8       6       6         TOTAL ASSETS       EQUITY AND LIABILITIES       5       5         Share permium and other reserves       Revenue reserves       7       6         Capatial reserves       Capatial reserves       7       6         Revenue reserves       10       9       6       9         Long-term financing       9       9       9       6       9	(Rupees	in '000)
Property, plant and equipment       4         Intragible assets       4         Investment property       5         Chren financial assets - at amortised cost       5         Long-term loans and deposits       6         Trade debts       7         Deposits and short-term prepayments       7         Other financial assets - at amortised cost       8         Current maturity of other financial assets - at amortised cost       8         Derivative financial assets       8         Cash and bank balances       7         Derivative financial assets       8         Cash and bank balances       8         TOTAL ASSETS       EQUITY AND LIABILITIES         SHARE CAPITAL AND RESERVES       Issued, subscribed and paid-up capital         Reserves       Capital reserves         Capital reserves       8         Capital reserves       9         General reserves       9         Capital reserves       9         C		
Intransition assets Investment in subsidiary - at cost Investment property Other financial assets - at amortised cost Long-term loans and deposits Current assets Inventories 5 Trade debts 5 Loans and advances Deposits and short-term prepayments Other receivables 7 Current maturity of other financial assets - at amortised cost 5 Derivative financial assets Cash and bank balances TOTAL ASSETS EQUITY AND LIABILITIES SHARE CAPITAL AND RESERVES Issued, subscribed and paid-up capital Reserves Capital reserves Bravenue reserves Capital reserves Unappropriated profit TOTAL EQUITY LIABILITIES Non-current liabilities Long-term financing Lease liabilities Employee retirement benefits Deferred revonue Current liabilities Employee retirement benefits Deferred revonue Current liabilities Current maturity of long-term financing Current maturity of l		
Investment in subsidiary - at cost Investment property Other financial assets - at amortised cost Long-term loans and deposits Current assets Inventories 6 Trade debts 7 Leans and advances 7 Leans and advances 8 Other receivables 8 Current mutify of other financial assets - at amortised cost 8 Derivative financial assets Cash and bank balances TOTAL ASSETS EQUITY AND LIABILITIES SHARE CAPITAL AND RESERVES Issued, subscribed and paid-up capital Reserves Capital reserves Share premium and other reserves Nevaluation surplus on property, plant and equipment Revenue reserves Unappropriated profit TOTAL EQUITY LIABILITIES Deferred revenue Current liabilities Long-term financing Lease liabilities Employee retirement benefits Deferred revenue Current maturity of long-term financing 9 Current maturity of long-term financing 9 Current maturity of long-term financing 9 Current maturity of long-term financing 10 Unclaimed dividend 10 Accured mark-up Trade and other payables 11 Short-term borrowings 11 Short-term deposits	503,921,574	489,248,209
Investment property Other financial assets - at amortised cost Long-term loans and deposits  Current assets Inventories  Total costs Current assets Inventories Current maturity of other financial assets - at amortised cost Derivative financial assets Cash and bank balances  TOTAL ASSETS EQUITY AND LIABILITIES SHARE CAPITAL AND RESERVES Issued, subscribed and paid-up capital Reserves Capital reserves Capital reserves General reserves General reserves Unappropriated profit  TOTAL EQUITY LIABILITIES Non-current liabilities Long-term financing Long-term financing Employee retirement benefits Defered revenue  Current liabilities Current maturity of long-term financing Current matu	924,283	518,889
Other financial assets - at amortised cost     5       Long-term loans and deposits     6       Current assets     6       Inventories     7       Loans and advances     7       Deposits and short-term prepayments     8       Current maturity of other financial assets - at amortised cost     5       Derivative financial assets     8       Current maturity of other financial assets - at amortised cost     5       Derivative financial assets     8       Current maturity of other financial assets - at amortised cost     5       Derivative financial assets     5       Cash and benk balances     5       TOTAL ASSETS     EQUITY AND LLABILITIES       SHARE CAPITAL AND RESERVES     Issued, subscribed and paid-up capital       Reserves     Capital reserves       Capital reserves     General reserves       General reserves     General reserves       Unappropriated profit     9       LABILITIES     Non-current liabilities       Non-current liabilities     9       Loag-term financing     9       Loag-term financing     9       Loag-term financing     9       Current liabilities     10       Unclaimed dividend     10       Accured matk-up     11       Short-term deposits     12	275,000	275,000
Current lassets       6         Inventories       7         Loans and advances       7         Deposits and short-term prepayments       7         Other receivables       8         Current maturity of other financial assets - at amortised cost       5         Derivative financial assets       5         Cash and bank balances       8         TOTAL ASSETS       8         EQUITY AND LIABILITIES       8         SHARE CAPITAL AND RESERVES       18         Issued, subscribed and paid-up capital       8         Reserves       Capital reserves         Capital reserves       6         General reserves       9         Unappropriated profit       9         Long-term financing       9         Long-term financing       9         Long-term financing       9         Long-term financing       9         Current liabilities       10         Long-term deposits       10         Unclaimed dividend       11         Accrued mark-up       11         Short-term deposits       12	2,895,463	2,925,942
Current assets       6         Inventories       7         Loans and advances       7         Deposits and short-term prepayments       7         Other receivables       8         Current maturity of other financial assets - at amortised cost       8         Derivative financial assets       8         Current maturity of other financial assets - at amortised cost       8         Derivative financial assets       8         Current maturity of other financial assets - at amortised cost       8         Derivative financial assets       8         Cast and bank balances       8         TOTAL ASSETS       8         EQUITY AND LUABILITIES       8         Share premium and other reserves       8         Reverves       Capital reserves         Capital reserves       8         Bavaluation surplus on property, plant and equipment       9         COTAL EQUITY       10         Label UTIES       10         Non-current liabilities       9         Lease liabilities       9         Lease liabilities       9         Lease liabilities       10         Long-term financing       9         Current maturity of long-term financing	17,241,428	16,323,268
Inventories     6       Trade debts     7       Loans and advances     7       Deposits and short-term prepayments     8       Current maturity of other financial assets - at amortised cost     5       Derivative financial assets     5       Cash and bank balances     5       TOTAL ASSETS     EQUITY AND LLABILITIES       SHARE CAPITAL AND RESERVES     Issued, subscribed and paid-up capital       Reserves     Capital reserves       Share premium and other reserves     Reserves       Capital reserves     Share premium and other reserves       Revaluation surplus on property, plant and equipment     9       IABILITIES     Non-current liabilities       Long-term financing     9       Lease liabilities     9       Long-term deposits     9       Current liabilities     9       Long-term deposits     9       Current maturity of long-term financing     10       Unclaimed dixidend     10 <td>21,125</td> <td>23,643 509.314.951</td>	21,125	23,643 509.314.951
Inventories     6       Trade debts     7       Loans and advances     7       Deposits and short-term prepayments     8       Current maturity of other financial assets - at amortised cost     8       Current maturity of other financial assets     8       Cash and bank balances     8       TOTAL ASSETS     EQUITY AND LLABILITIES       SHARE CAPITAL AND RESERVES     Issued, subscribed and paid-up capital       Reserves     Capital reserves       Share premium and other reserves     Reserves       Capital reserves     Share premium and other reserves       Revaluation surplus on property, plant and equipment     9       Inappropriated profit     9       Corrent liabilities     9       Long-term financing     9       Lease liabilities     9       Long-term deposits     9       Current maturity of long-term financing     10       Unclaimed dividend     10       Accured mat-up     11       Short-term deposits     12	525,278,873	509,314,951
Trade debts     7       Loans and advances     7       Deposits and short-term prepayments     8       Chier receivables     8       Current maturity of other financial assets - at amortised cost     5       Derivative financial assets     5       Cash and bank balances     5       TOTAL ASSETS     EQUITY AND LLABILITIES       SHARE CAPITAL AND RESERVES     Issued, subscribed and paid-up capital       Reserves     Capital reserves       Capital reserves     Share premium and other reserves       Revenue reserves     General reserves       General reserves     Unappropriated profit       TOTAL EQUITY     LIABILITIES       Non-current liabilities     9       Long-term financing     9       Lease liabilities     9       Long-term financing     9       Lease liabilities     10       Long-term deposits     10       Employee relimement benefitis     10       Deferred revenue     11       Short-term maturity of long-term financing     11       Current maturity of long-term financing     11       Short-term borrowings     12		
Loans and advances       Beposits and short-term prepayments       8         Cther receivables       8         Current maturity of other financial assets - at amortised cost       5         Derivative financial assets       5         Cash and bank balances       5         TOTAL ASSETS       EQUITY AND LLABILITIES         SHARE CAPITAL AND RESERVES       Issued, subscribed and paid-up capital         Reserves       Capital reserves         Capital reserves       Share premium and other reserves         Revaluation surplus on property, plant and equipment       9         LABILITIES       Non-current liabilities         Long-term financing       9         Lease liabilities       10         Long-term financing       9         Current liabilities       10         Unaptroprised divided       10         Accrued mark-up       11         Short-term borrowings       12	16,841,021	17,060,592
Deposits and short-term prepayments       8         Other receivables       8         Current maturity of other financial assets - at amortised cost       5         Derivative financial assets       5         Cash and bank balances       5         TOTAL ASSETS       EQUITY AND LIABILITIES         SHARE CAPITAL AND RESERVES       Issued, subscribed and paid-up capital         Reserves       Capital reserves         Capital reserves       Capital reserves         Capital reserves       Share premium and other reserves         Revenue reserves       General reserves         Unappropriated profit       9         LABILITIES       Non-current liabilities         Long-term financing       9         Lease liabilities       9         Long-term financing       9         Current maturity of long-term financing       10         Unclaimed dividend       10         Accrued mark-up       11         Short-term deposits       12	76,321,070	136,843,034
Other receivables     8       Current maturity of other financial assets - at amortised cost     5       Derivative financial assets     5       Cash and bank balances     5       TOTAL ASSETS     EQUITY AND LIABILITIES       SHARE CAPITAL AND RESERVES     Issued, subscribed and paid-up capital       Reserves     Capital reserves       Share premium and other reserves     Share premium and other reserves       Revaluation surplus on property, plant and equipment     Reversue reserves       Quappropriated profit     9       LABILITIES     Non-current liabilities       Long-term financing     9       Lease liabilities     9       Long-term financing     9       Current maturity of long-term financing     9       Current maturity of long-term financing     9       Current maturity of long-term financing     10       Unclaimed dividend     10       Accrued mark-up     11       Taxation - net     11       Short-term deposits     12	2,510,550	1,663,519
Sumer transturity of other financial assets - at amortised cost     5       Current maturity of other financial assets     5       Cash and bank balances     5       TOTAL ASSETS     EQUITY AND LIABILITIES       SHARE CAPITAL AND RESERVES     Issued, subscribed and paid-up capital       Reserves     Capital reserves       Capital reserves     Share premium and other reserves       Revenue reserves     General reserves       General reserves     General reserves       Unappropriated profit     9       LABILITIES     9       Non-current liabilities     9       Long-term financing     9       Lease liabilities     9       Current maturity of long-term financing     9       Current maturity of long-term financing     10       Unclaimed dividend     Accured mark-up       Tade and other payables     10       Unclaimed dividend     11	10,426,744	8,054,432 375,223,756
Derivative financial assets Cash and bank balances TOTAL ASSETS EQUITY AND LIABILITIES SHARE CAPITAL AND RESERVES Issued, subscribed and paid-up capital Reserves Capital reserves Share premium and other reserves Revaluation surplus on property, plant and equipment Revenue reserves General reserves Unappropriated profit TOTAL EQUITY LIABILITIES Non-current liabilities Long-term diposits Employee retirement benefits Deferred revenue Current maturity of long-term financing Current maturity of long-term financing Current maturity of lease liabilities Tade and other payables Unclaimed dividend Accrued mark-up Taxation - net Short-term deposits Entry of case liabilities Tade and other payables Unclaimed dividend Accrued mark-up Taxation - net Short-term deposits Entry of case liabilities Tade and other payables Unclaimed dividend Accrued mark-up Taxation - net Short-term deposits Entry of case liabilities Tade and other payables Unclaimed dividend Accrued mark-up Taxation - net Short-term deposits Entry of case liabilities Tade and other payables Entry of case liabilities Entry of ca	453,499,909	1,088,032
Cash and bank balances TOTAL ASSETS EQUITY AND LIABILITIES SHARE CAPITAL AND RESERVES Issued, subscribed and paid-up capital Reserves Capital reserves Share premium and other reserves Revaluation surplus on property, plant and equipment Revenue reserves General reserves Unappropriated profit TOTAL EQUITY LIABILITIES Non-current liabilities Long-term financing Lease liabilities Employee retirement benefits Deferred revenue Current Inabilities Current maturity of long-term financing Current fina	1,603,567	8.033,631
TOTAL ASSETS         EQUITY AND LIABILITIES         SHARE CAPITAL AND RESERVES         Issued, subscribed and paid-up capital         Reserves         Capital reserves         Share premium and other reserves         Revenue reserves         General reserves         Unappropriated profit         TOTAL EQUITY         LIABILITIES         Non-current liabilities         Long-term financing         Lease liabilities         Corrent liabilities         Current liabilities         Current maturity of lease liabilities         Trade and other payables         Unclaimed dividend         Accrued mark-up         Taxion - net         Short-term deposits         Short-term deposits	4,052,081	2,846,132
EQUITY AND LIABILITIES SHARE CAPITAL AND RESERVES Issued, subscribed and paid-up capital Reserves Capital reserves Share premium and other reserves Revaluation surplus on property, plant and equipment Revenue reserves General reserves Unappropriated profit UABILITIES Non-current liabilities Long-term financing Lease liabilities Employee refirement benefits Deferred revenue Current liabilities Current maturity of long-term financing Current ma	578.192.650	550.813.128
EQUITY AND LIABILITIES SHARE CAPITAL AND RESERVES Issued, subscribed and paid-up capital Reserves Capital reserves Share premium and other reserves Revaluation surplus on property, plant and equipment Revenue reserves General reserves Unappropriated profit TOTAL EQUITY LIABILITIES Non-current liabilities Long-term financing Lease liabilities Employee refirement benefits Deferred revenue Current liabilities Current maturity of long-term financing Current maturity of long-term financing Current maturity of long-term financing Current maturity of lease liabilities Trade and other payables Unclaimed dividend Accrued mark-up Taxation - net Short-term deposits		
SHARE CAPITAL AND RESERVES         Issued, subscribed and paid-up capital         Reserves         Capital reserves         Share premium and other reserves         Revaluation surplus on property, plant and equipment         Revenue reserves         General reserves         Unappropriated profit         TOTAL EQUITY         LIABILITIES         Non-current liabilities         Long-term financing         Lease liabilities         Corrent liabilities         Deferred revenue         Current liabilities         Deferred revenue         Current maturity of long-term financing         Current maturity of long-term financing         Current maturity of long-term financing         Trade and other payables         Unclaimed dividend         Accrued mark-up         Taxation - net         Short-term borrowings         Short-term deposits	1,103,471,523	1,060,128,079
Issued, subscribed and paid-up capital Reserves Capital reserves Share premium and other reserves Revaluation surplus on property, plant and equipment Revenue reserves General reserves Unappropriated profit TOTAL EQUITY LIABILITIES Non-current liabilities Long-term financing Lease liabilities Employee retirement benefits Deferred revenue Current liabilities Current maturity of long-term financing Current maturity of long-term financing Current maturity of lease liabilities Trade and other payables Unclaimed dividend Accrued mark-up Taxation - net Short-term borrowings		in the second
Reserves       Capital reserves         Share premium and other reserves       Revaluation surplus on property, plant and equipment         Revenue reserves       General reserves         Unappropriated profit       10         TOTAL EQUITY       11         LIABILITIES       9         Lease liabilities       9         Long-term financing       9         Lease liabilities       9         Long-term deposits       10         Unclaimed dividend       11         Accrued mark-up       11         Taxation - net       12		
Capital reserves         Share premium and other reserves         Revaluation surplus on property, plant and equipment         Revenue reserves         General reserves         Unappropriated profit         TOTAL EQUITY         LIABILITIES         Non-current liabilities         Long-term financing         Lease liabilities         Long-term deposits         Employee retirement benefits         Deferred revenue         Current liabilities         Current maturity of long-term financing         Current maturity of long-term financing         Trade and other payables         Unclaimed dividend         Accrued mark-up         Taxation - net         Short-term deposits         Short-term deposits	96,261,551	95,261,551
Share premium and other reserves Revaluation surplus on property, plant and equipment Revenue reserves General reserves Unappropriated profit TOTAL EQUITY LIABILITIES Non-current liabilities Long-term financing Lease liabilities Employee retirement benefits Deferred revenue Current liabilities Current maturity of long-term financing Current maturity of long-term f		
Share premium and other reserves Revaluation surplus on property, plant and equipment Revenue reserves General reserves Unappropriated profit TOTAL EQUITY LIABILITIES Non-current liabilities Long-term financing Lease liabilities Employee retirement benefits Deferred revenue Current maturity of long-term financing Current maturity of long-term financing Current maturity of long-term financing Current maturity of lease liabilities Trade and other payables Unclaimed dividend Accrued mark-up Taxation - net Short-term deposits Short-term deposits		
Revaluation surplus on property, plant and equipment  Revenue reserves General reserves Unappropriated profit  TOTAL EQUITY LIABILITIES Non-current liabilities Long-term financing Lease liabilities Long-term deposits Employee retirement benefits Deferred revenue  Current liabilities Current maturity of long-term financing Current maturity of lease liabilities Trade and other payables Unclaimed dividend Accrued mark-up Taxation - net Short-term deposits	2,009,172	2,009,172
Revenue reserves         General reserves         Unappropriated profit         TOTAL EQUITY         LIABILITIES         Non-current liabilities         Long-term financing         Lease liabilities         Long-term deposits         Employee retirement benefits         Deferred revenue         Current liabilities         Current maturity of long-term financing         9         Current maturity of lease liabilities         Trade and other payables         Unclaimed dividend         Accrued mark-up         Taxation - net         Short-term deposits         Short-term deposits	68,030,683	69,713,296
General reserves       unappropriated profit         TOTAL EQUITY       LIABILITIES         Non-current liabilities       9         Lease liabilities       9         Long-term financing       9         Long-term deposits       9         Employee retirement benefits       9         Deferred revenue       9         Current liabilities       9         Current maturity of long-term financing       9         Current maturity of long-term financing       9         Current maturity of long-term financing       10         Unclaimed dividend       10         Accrued mark-up       11         Short-term borrowings       11         Short-term deposits       12	68,948,855	71,722,468
Unappropriated profit TOTAL EQUITY LIABILITIES Non-current liabilities Long-term financing Lease liabilities Long-term deposits Employee retirement benefits Deferred revenue Current liabilities Current maturity of long-term financing Current maturity of lease liabilities Trade and other payables Unclaimed dividend Accrued mark-up Taxation - net Short-term deposits 12		
TOTAL EQUITY         LIABILITIES         Non-current liabilities         Long-term financing         Lease liabilities         Long-term deposits         Employee retirement benefits         Deferred revenue         Current liabilities         Current maturity of long-term financing         Trade and other payables         Unclaimed dividend         Accrued mark-up         Taxation - net         Short-term borrowings         Short-term deposits	5,372,356	5,372,356
LIABILITIES       9         Non-current liabilities       9         Long-term financing       9         Lease liabilities       9         Long-term deposits       10         Current liabilities       10         Current maturity of long-term financing       11         Short-term borrowings       11         Short-term deposits       12	52,556,586	76,815,343
LIABILITIES       Non-current liabilities       9         Long-term financing       9         Long-term financing       9         Long-term deposits       Employee retirement benefits         Deferred revenue       9         Current liabilities         Current maturity of long-term financing       9         Current maturity of lease liabilities       10         Unclaimed dividend       10         Accrued mark-up       11         Short-term borrowings       12	57,928,942	82,187,699
LIABILITIES       Non-current liabilities       9         Long-term financing       9         Long-term financing       9         Long-term deposits       Employee retirement benefits         Deferred revenue       9         Current liabilities         Current maturity of long-term financing       9         Current maturity of lease liabilities       10         Unclaimed dividend       10         Accrued mark-up       11         Short-term borrowings       12	126,877,797	153,910,167
Non-current liabilities       9         Lease liabilities       9         Lease liabilities       10         Current liabilities       10         Unclaimed dividend       11         Accrued mark-up       11         Short-term berowings       12	223,139,348	250,171,718
Long-term financing9Lease liabilitiesLong-term depositsEmployee retirement benefitsDeferred revenueCurrent liabilities9Current maturity of long-term financing9Current maturity of lease liabilities10Unclaimed dividend10Accrued mark-up11Taxation - net11Short-term borrowings12		
Lease liabilities Long-term deposits Employee retirement benefits Deferred revenue Current liabilities Current maturity of long-term financing Current maturity of lease liabilities Trade and other payables Unclaimed dividend Accrued mark-up Taxation - net Short-term borrowings 12		
Long-term deposits         Employee retirement benefits         Deferred revenue         Current liabilities         Current maturity of long-term financing         9         Current maturity of lease liabilities         Trade and other payables         Unclaimed dividend         Accrued mark-up         Taxation - net         11         Short-term borrowings         12	154,039,050	151,738,189
Employee retirement benefits Deferred revenue Current liabilities Current maturity of long-term financing 9 Current maturity of lease liabilities Trade and other payables 10 Unclaimed dividend Accrued mark-up Taxation - net 11 Short-term borrowings 12 Short-term deposits	125,564	148,894
Deferred revenue         Current liabilities         Current maturity of long-term financing       9         Current maturity of lease liabilities       10         Trade and other payables       10         Unclaimed dividend       10         Accrued mark-up       11         Taxation - net       11         Short-term borrowings       12	14,520,636	13,976,931
Current liabilities     9       Current maturity of long-term financing     9       Current maturity of lease liabilities     10       Unclaimed dividend     10       Accrued mark-up     11       Taxation - net     11       Short-term borrowings     12	5,405,946 35,967,312	5,492,679 30,580,528
Current maturity of long-term financing     9       Current maturity of lease liabilities     10       Trade and other payables     10       Unclaimed dividend     10       Accrued mark-up     11       Taxation - net     11       Short-term borrowings     12	210.058.508	201,937,221
Current maturity of long-term financing     9       Current maturity of lease liabilities     10       Trade and other payables     10       Unclaimed dividend     10       Accrued mark-up     11       Taxation - net     11       Short-term borrowings     12	210,000,000	and the street
Current maturity of lease liabilities     10       Trade and other payables     10       Unclaimed dividend     10       Accrued mark-up     11       Taxation - net     11       Short-term borrowings     12	29,210,715	23,638,341
Trade and other payables     10       Unclaimed dividend     10       Accrued mark-up     11       Taxation - net     11       Short-term borrowings     12       Short-term deposits     12	14,394	26,765
Unclaimed dividend Accrued mark-up Taxation - net 11 Short-term borrowings 12 Short-term deposits	480,428,727	439,260,780
Accrued mark-up Taxation - net 11 Short-term borrowings 12 Short-term deposits	645	645
Taxation - net 11 Short-term borrowings 12 Short-term deposits	12,145,165	10,629,604
Short-term borrowings 12 Short-term deposits	1,355,142	897,049
Short-term deposits	121,739,040	107,535,452
	25,361,347	26,012,012
r ivionia	18,492	18,492
	670,273,667	608,019,140
TOTAL LIABILITIES	880,332,175	809,956,361
Contingencies and commitments 13		
TOTAL EQUITY AND LIABILITIES	1,103,471,523	1,060,128,079

The annexed notes 1 to 26 form an integral part of these unconsolidated condensed interim financial statements.

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Chief Executive Officer

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15 102 Chief Financial Officer

# K-ELECTRIC LIMITED UNCONSOLIDATED CONDENSED INTERIM STATEMENT OF PROFIT OR LOSS (UN-AUDITED) FOR THE HALF YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

		Half Year Ended		Quarter Ended	
		December 31, 2022	December 31, 2021	December 31, 2022	December 31, 2021
	Note		(Rupee:	s in '000)	
REVENUE					
Sale of energy - net	14	163,015,387	149,568,305	74,451,574	62,646,983
Tariff adjustment	15	102,619,756	67,785,818	36,649,516	40,567,650
COST OF SALES		265,635,143	217,354,123	111,101,090	103,214,633
Purchase of electricity	16	(111,586,957)	(90,246,322)	(50,742,957)	(46,664,834
Consumption of fuel and oil	17	(121,225,257)	(81,350,435)	(42,695,506)	(33,739,484
Expenses incurred in generation, transmission and distribution		(14,190,383)	(12,575,268)	(7,071,758)	(6,268,326)
		(247,002,597)	(184,172,025)	(100,510,221)	(86,672,644
GROSS PROFIT		18,632,546	33,182,098	10,590,869	16,541,989
Consumers services and administrative expenses		(16,070,428)	(13,430,967)	(8,186,306)	(6,558,482
Impairment loss against trade debts and other receivabl	es	(18,094,898)	(9,277,805)	(10,198,963)	(5,422,346
Other operating expenses	18	(2,622,038)	(3,133,172)	1,667,734	(1,323,667
Other income		5,972,517	4,178,839	2,736,492	1,292,319
		(30,814,847)	(21,663,105)	(13,981,043)	(12,012,176
(LOSS) / PROFIT BEFORE FINANCE COST		(12,182,301)	11,518,993	(3,390,174)	4,529,813
Finance cost	19	(12,706,525)	(6,319,649)	(6,291,827)	(3,331,967
(LOSS) / PROFIT BEFORE TAXATION		(24,888,826)	5,199,344	(9,682,001)	1,197,846
Taxation		(2,143,544)	(1,885,619)	(1,014,471)	(786,232)
(LOSS) / PROFIT FOR THE PERIOD		(27,032,370)	3,313,725	(10,696,472)	411,614
EARNING BEFORE INTEREST, TAX, DEPRECIATION					
AND AMORTISATION		130,505	21,257,801	2,816,146	9,419,932
			(Rup	ees)	
(LOSS) / EARNING PER SHARE - BASIC AND DILUTI	ED	(0.98)	0.12	(0.39)	0.01

The annexed notes 1 to 26 form an integral part of these unconsolidated condensed interim financial statements.  $h_{\rm Dir}$ 

**Chief Executive Officer** 

Director

Chief Financial Officer

223,139,348 (27,032,570) (27,032,370) 3,313,726 227,265,241 250,171,718 223,951,516 3,313,726 . • Total (27,032,370) 75,119,113 (27,032,370) 3,313,725 57,928,942 2,773,613 69,748,124 3,313,725 2,057,264 \$2,187,599 Total (27,032,370) (27,032,370) 2,773,613 3,313,726 76,015,343 52,556,586 64,375,768 3,313,725 2,057,264 69,746,757 Unappropriated profit Revenue 5,372,356 5,372,356 5,372,356 5,372,356 . . . . . ÷ General reserves (2,773,613) (2,057,264) 68,948,855 55,884,577 71,722,468 \$7,941,841 ÷ . ÷ Total Reserves Property, plant and equipment -net of tax (2,057,254) (2,773,613) 66,839,6633 53,875,405 69,713,296 55,932,669 ٠ . Revaluation surplus on (Rupees in '000) Capital 509.172 509,172 509.172 509.172 • ٠ ٠ Others UNCONSOLIDATED CONDENSED INTERIM STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY (UN-AUDITED) FOR THE HALF YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022 1,500,000 1,500,000 1,500,000 1,500,000 Share premium . • 4 . 98,261,551 96,261,551 96,261,551 96,261,651 • ٠ Total share ÷ ÷ ٠ ٠ × capital Issued, subscribed and paid-up capital (391,628) (391,628) (391,628) (391,628) Transaction , . . ۲ conta 96,653,179 96,653,179 96,653,179 Ordinary shares 96,653,179 ÷ . 1 . Incremental depreciation charged relating to Incremental depreciation charged relating to Total comprehensive income for the half Total comprehensive income for the half revaluation surplus on property, plant revaluation surplus on property, plant and equipment - net of deferred tax and equipment - net of deferred tax Balance as at December 31, 2022 Balance as at December 31, 2021 year ended December 31, 2022 year ended December 31, 2021 Other comprehensive income Other comprehensive income Balance as at July 1, 2022 Balance as at July 1, 2021 Profit for the period Loss for the period

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K-ELECTRIC LIMITED

The annexed holes 1 to 26 form an integral part of these unconsolidated condensed interim financial statements.

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Chief Executive Officer



Chief Financial Officer 15W2

## K-ELECTRIC LIMITED UNCONSOLIDATED CONDENSED INTERIM STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME (UN-AUDITED) FOR THE HALF YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

	Half Year Ended		Quarter Ended	
	December 31, 2022	December 31, 2021	December 31, 2022	December 31, 2021
		(Rupees	in '000)	
(LOSS) / PROFIT FOR THE PERIOD	(27,032,370)	3,313,725	(10,696,472)	411,614
OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME:				
Items that may be reclassified to profit or loss				
Changes in fair value of cash flow hedges	6,233,026	2,070,697	488,888	202,491
Adjustment for amounts transferred to profit or loss	(6,233,026)	(2,070,697)	(488,888)	(202,491)
	-		•	
TOTAL COMPREHENSIVE (LOSS) / INCOME FOR THE PERIOD	(27,032,370)	3,313,725	(10,696,472)	411,614

The annexed notes 1 to 26 form an integral part of these unconsolidated condensed interim financial statements.  $^{h}\!\mathcal{B}\!\sim$ 

**Chief Executive Officer** 

Director

Chief Financial Officer

# K-ELECTRIC LIMITED UNCONSOLIDATED CONDENSED INTERIM STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS (UN-AUDITED) FOR THE HALF YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

		Half Year	the second se
		December 31, 2022	December 31, 2021
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES	Note	(Rupees)	in '000)
(Loss) / profit before taxation		(24,888,826)	5,199,344
Adjustments for non-cash and other items:			
Depreciation and amortisation		12,312,806	9,738,808 502,487
Provision for employee retirement benefits		610,058 (182,086)	99,939
(Reversal) / provision for slow moving and obsolete inventories - net		18,094,898	9,277,805
Impairment loss against trade debts and other receivables		10,004,000	(1,700)
Provision against fatal accident cases		(482,353)	(991,698)
Gain on sale of property, plant and equipment Unrealised gain on derivative financial assets		(6,233,026)	(2,070,697
Unrealised gain on derivative financial assess Unrealised exchange loss - net		7,541,663	3,369,009
Finance cost		12,706,525	6,319,649
Amortisation of deferred revenue		(1,380,886)	(1,174,259)
Assets written off		194,961	
Return on bank deposits		(582,792)	(173,346)
Operating profit before working capital changes		17,710,942	30,095,341
Working capital changes:			
(Increase) / decrease in current assets			
Inventories		401,657	(4,762,487)
Trade debts		42,937,066	7,895,450
Loans and advances		(847,031)	1,161,767
Deposits and short-term prepayments		(2,372,312)	(1,532,512
Other receivables		(78,786,153)	(62,797,211
Increase / (decrease) in current liabilities		(38,666,773)	(60,034,993)
		40,148,405	33,246,560
Trade and other payables		(650,665)	4,683,506
Short-term deposits		39,497,740	37,930,066
Cash generated from operations		18,541,909	7,990,414
Employee retirement benefits paid		(696,791)	(180,581)
Income tax paid		(1,685,451)	(2,898,816
Receipts in deferred revenue		6,767,670	825,216
Finance cost paid		(22,474,242)	(8,746,102)
Interest received on bank deposits		582,792	173,346
Long-term loans		2,518	823
	<u>t</u>	(17,503,504)	(10,826,114)
Net cash generated from / (used in) operating activities		1,038,405	(2,835,700)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES			
Capital expenditure incurred		(15,293,851)	(23,221,644
Proceeds from disposal of property, plant and equipment		774,211	1,907,679
Redemption of investments		392,780	
Investment made in subsidiary			(92,900
Net cash used in investing activities		(14,126,860)	(21,406,865
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES			24 024 208
Proceeds from / (Repayment of) long-term financing - net		(426,089)	31,024,208 (21,448
Lease payments		(26,801)	
Proceeds from / (Repayment of) short-term borrowings - net		8,358,416	(5,333,688
Security deposit from consumers received		543,705	636,776
Net cash generated from financing activities		8,449,231	26,305,848 2,063,283
Net (decrease) / increase in cash and cash equivalents		(4,639,224)	CC270022034
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of the period		(41,875,437)	(35,979,547
Cash and cash equivalents at end of the period	20	(46,514,661)	(33,916,264

The annexed notes 1 to 26 form an integral part of these unconsolidated condensed interim financial statements.

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Chief Executive Officer

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Director

1+2/ Chief Financial Officer

# K-ELECTRIC LIMITED NOTES TO UNCONSOLIDATED CONDENSED INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (UN-AUDITED) FOR THE HALF YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

## 1. KE AND ITS OPERATIONS

- 1.1 K-Electric Limited (the Company / KE) was incorporated as a limited liability company on September 13, 1913 under the repealed Indian Companies Act, 1882 (now the Companies Act, 2017) and its shares are quoted on the Pakistan Stock Exchange Limited (PSX). The registered office of KE is situated at KE House, 39-B, Sunset Boulevard, Phase II, DHA, Karachi.
- 1.2 KE is principally engaged in the generation, transmission and distribution of electric energy to industrial and other consumers under the Electricity Act, 1910 and the Regulation of Generation, Transmission and Distribution of Electric Power Act, 1997 (the NEPRA Act, 1997) to its licensed areas. KES Power Limited (the Holding Company of KE) incorporated in Cayman Islands, holds 66.40 percent (June 30, 2022: 66.40 percent) shares in KE.
- 1.3 The business units of KE include the following:

# Place of business Geographical location

Registered / Head Office	KE House, 39-B, Sunset Boulevard, Phase II, DHA, Karachi
Generation Plants	Port Qasim, Korangi & S.I.T.E., Karachi
Elander Road Office	Elander Road, Karachi
Civic Centre Office	Civic Centre, Karachi

Integrated Business Centres (IBCs), grid stations, inventory stores / warehouses and substations are located across KE's licensed territory, which covers Karachi and adjoining areas of Sindh and Balochistan.

1.4 As notified on the PSX on October 28, 2016, Shanghai Electric Power Company Limited (SEP) has entered into a Sale and Purchase Agreement (SPA) with KES Power Limited (the Holding Company) to acquire up to 66.40 percent of the shares in KE. The completion of the transaction contemplated by SPA is subject to receipt of applicable regulatory approvals and satisfaction of other conditions precedent specified therein.

SEP notified its initial Public Announcement of Intention (PAI) for the above equity acquisition on October 3, 2016. Later, in order to comply with the statutory requirements under the Securities Act, 2015 and the Listed Companies (Substantial Acquisition of Voting Shares and Takeovers) Regulations, 2017, SEP notified PAIs on different dates with latest PAI being notified on September 28, 2022 incorporating amended / additional requirements pursuant to the Securities Act, 2015 and the aforementioned regulations.

- 1.5 KE has following subsidiaries:
  - KE Venture Company (Private) Limited (KEVCL), has been incorporated, as a wholly owned subsidiary of KE, to invest in diverse initiatives within the energy sector of Pakistan. The total investment in KEVCL is currently 27.5 million (June 30, 2022: 27.5 million) ordinary shares amounting to Rs. 275 million (June 30, 2022: Rs. 275 million); and
  - ii) K-Solar (Private) Limited (K-Solar) was incorporated as a wholly owned subsidiary of KEVCL. The principal activity of K-Solar is to provide customers with opportunities to diversify their energy sources through high quality and economic solutions.

The principal location of business for KEVCL and K-Solar is Karachi, Pakistan.

1.6 These are separate condensed interim financial statements of KE, in which investment in subsidiary has been accounted for at cost less accumulated impairment, if any. KE prepares consolidated condensed interim financial statements comprising KE and its subsidiaries separately.

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1.7 KE, being a regulated entity, is governed through Multi Year Tariff (MYT) regime. National Electric Power Regulatory Authority (NEPRA) vide its determination dated July 5, 2018 determined the MYT for the period commencing from July 1, 2016 till June 30, 2023 (MYT 2017-23). KE after considering that the MYT decision did not consider actual equity invested into the KE, applied notional capital structure based on the assumption of 70:30 debt to equity ratio and is a drastic departure from the previous structure without providing the KE an appropriate transition period, approached the Appellate Tribunal for relief under Section 12G of the NEPRA Act, 1997 which is pending. KE also approached the High Court of Sindh (HCS) against the aforementioned MYT decision and filed a suit in which a stay order was granted on July 26, 2018. KE, on April 3, 2019, withdrew the suit filed with HCS against MYT decision, as KE decided to pursue its legitimate concerns / issues with Appellate Tribunal, however, reserves its right to again approach the HCS, if required. The Ministry of Energy (Power Division) notified the MYT decision through SRO 576 (I) /2019 dated May 22, 2019.

KE's revenue recorded in these unconsolidated condensed interim financial statements is based on the aforementioned MYT decision.

1.8 KE filed Mid Term Review (MTR) petition with NEPRA as per the mechanism included in the MYT decision dated July 5, 2018, for reassessment of impact of USD indexation on allowed Return on Equity, changes due to necessary revision in the investment plan and working capital requirements of KE along with other adjustments. NEPRA issued its determination on MTR on March 1, 2022, (MTR decision) wherein NEPRA has determined a downward adjustment of Rs. 0.22/kWh. In its decision, NEPRA has not allowed additional investment requested, disallowed cost of working capital, allowed partial exchange rate variation for return on equity indexation and has not considered other adjustments. Being aggrieved, KE has filed an appeal before Appellate Tribunal and is currently pursuing its legitimate concerns / issues with the Appellate Tribunal. However, prudently, the impact of the downward adjustment of Rs. 0.22/kWh has been recognised in these unconsolidated condensed interim financial statements. Further, NEPRA in its MTR decision decided to review at the end of MYT control period, the impact of USD indexation on allowed Return on Equity and base rate adjustment component for required return on regulatory assets. Therefore, the Company has accounted on accrual basis for these base tariff impacts in these unconsolidated condensed interim financial statements.

#### 2. BASIS OF PREPARATION

#### 2.1 Statement of compliance

These unconsolidated condensed interim financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the accounting and reporting standards as applicable in Pakistan for interim financial reporting. The applicable accounting and reporting standards comprise of:

- International Accounting Standard (IAS) 34, 'Interim Financial Reporting', issued by the International Accounting Standards Board (IASB) as notified under the Companies Act, 2017 (the Act);
- Islamic Financial Accounting Standards (IFAS) issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of Pakistan as notified under the Act; and
- Provisions of and directives issued under the Act.

Where provisions of and directives issued under the Act differ with the requirements of IAS 34 and IFAS, the provisions of and directives issued under the Act have been followed.

2.2 These unconsolidated condensed interim financial statements do not include all the information and disclosures required in annual financial statements and should be read in conjunction with the annual audited unconsolidated financial statements of the Company for the year ended June 30, 2022. These unconsolidated condensed interim financial statements are un-audited, however, have been subject to limited scope review by the auditors of the Company and are being submitted to the shareholders as required by the listing regulations of Pakistan Stock Exchange Limited and section 237 of the Act.

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- 2.3 In order to comply with the requirements of the International Accounting Standard 34 'Interim Financial Reporting', the unconsolidated condensed interim statement of financial position has been compared with the balances of unconsolidated annual financial statements of the immediately preceding financial year, whereas, the unconsolidated condensed interim statement of profit or loss, unconsolidated condensed interim statement of compared with the amounts of comparable period of the immediately preceding financial year.
- 2.4 The figures included in the unconsolidated condensed interim statement of profit or loss and the unconsolidated condensed interim statement of comprehensive income for the quarters ended December 31, 2022 and December 31, 2021 and the notes forming part thereof have not been reviewed by the auditors, as they are only required to review the cumulative figures for the half year ended December 31, 2022.
- 2.5 These unconsolidated condensed interim financial statements are presented in Pakistan Rupee which is also the Company's functional currency.
- 2.6 There were certain amendments to accounting and reporting standards which became effective for KE during the period. However, these do not have any significant impact on KE's financial reporting and, therefore, have not been disclosed in these unconsolidated condensed interim financial statements.
- 2.7 Amendments to published accounting and reporting standards that are not yet effective and have not been early adopted by KE

The following amendments with respect to accounting and reporting standards would be effective from the dates mentioned there against:

		Effective dates (accounting periods beginning on or after)
IAS 1	Presentation of financial statements (Amendments)	January 1, 2023
IAS 8	Accounting policies, changes in estimates and errors (Amendments)	January 1, 2023
IAS 12	Income taxes (Amendments)	January 1, 2023
IFRS 16	Leases on sale and leaseback (Amendments)	January 1, 2024
IAS 1	Non current liabilities with covenants (Amendments)	January 1, 2024

The management anticipates that application of above amendments in future periods, will have no material impact on the unconsolidated condensed interim financial statements other than in presentation / disclosures.

2.8 SECP through S.R.O. 67(I)/2023 dated January 20, 2023 has notified that in respect of companies holding financial assets due from the Government of Pakistan (GoP) in respect of circular debt, the requirements contained in IFRS 9 'Financial Instruments', with respect to application of Expected Credit Loss (ECL) method shall not be applicable for the financial years ending on or before December 31, 2024, provided that such companies shall follow relevant requirements of IAS 39 'Financial Instruments:' Recognition and Measurement' in respect of above referred financial assets during the exemption period.

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# 2.9 Use of accounting estimates and judgements

The preparation of these unconsolidated condensed interim financial statements, in conformity with the approved accounting and reporting standards for interim financial reporting requires the use of certain critical accounting estimates. It also requires management to exercise its judgement in the process of applying the Company's accounting policies. Estimates and judgements are continually evaluated and are based on historical experience and other factors, including expectation of future events that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances. Actual results may differ from the estimates.

During the preparation of these unconsolidated condensed interim financial statements, there have been no changes in the significant judgements made by management in applying the Company's accounting policies and the key sources of estimation and uncertainty from those that were applied to the annual audited unconsolidated financial statements of the Company for the year ended June 30, 2022.

# 3. ACCOUNTING POLICIES

- **3.1** The accounting policies and method of computation adopted for the preparation of these unconsolidated condensed interim financial statements are the same as those applied in the preparation of the KE's annual unconsolidated financial statements for the year ended June 30, 2022.
- 3.2 KE follows the practice to conduct actuarial valuation annually at the year end. Hence, the impact of remeasurement of post-employment benefit plans has not been incorporated in these unconsolidated condensed interim financial statements.
- 3.3 Taxes on income, in the interim periods are accrued using the tax rate that would be applicable to expected total annual profit or loss.
- 3.4 As stated in note 2.8 above, due to extension of the exemption until financial years ending on or before December 31, 2024, applicable in respect of financial assets due from the GoP in respect of circular debt with respect to ECL method, the application of IAS 39 continues to be consistently applied by the Company to such financial assets during the exemption period.

	<b>~</b>	Note	<u>(Un-Audited)</u> December 31, 2022 (Rupees i	(Audited) June 30, 2022 n '000)
4.	PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT			
	Operating fixed assets Capital work-in-progress (CWIP) Right-of-use assets	4.2	348,200,205 155,591,279 	337,416,723 151,663,503 167,983 489,248,209

4.1 Additions and disposals of operating fixed assets during the period are as follows:

	Transfers from CWIP (at cost)		Dispos (at net boo	
	December 31, 2022 (Un-Audited)	June 30, 2022 (Audited)	December 31, 2022 (Un-Audited) in '000)	ี่ June 30, 2022 (Audited)
Plant and machinery Transmission and distribution network Others	523,343 21,618,402 1,017,973 23,159,718	5,327,746 29,523,780 <u>1,761,607</u> <u>36,613,133</u>	49,748 239,663  	1,120,789 672,853 15,249 1,808,891

4.1.1 The above disposals represent assets costing Rs. 1,592 million (June 30, 2022; Rs. 7,185 million) which were disposed off for Rs. 774 million (June 30, 2022; Rs. 4,003 million).

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## 4.2 Details of CWIP are as follows:

	Plant and machinery	Transmission grid equiment / lines	Distribution network / renewals of mains and services	Others	December 31, 2022 (Un-Audited)	June 30, 2022 (Audited)
			(Rupees it	n '000)		······································
Opening balance at the beginning of period / year	87,960,284	27,774,043	30,069,697	5,859,479	151,663,503	125,880,005
Additions / inter-class transfers during the period / year (note 4.2:1)	15,076,362	5,042,577	7,478,304	269,870	27,867,113	62,771,603
	103,036,646	32,816,620	37,548,001	6,129,349	179,530,616	188,651,608
Transfers to operating fixed assets and intangible assets / adjustment (note 4.2.2)	(525,185)	(1,671,643)	(21,564,559)	(177,950)	(23,939,337)	(36,988,105)
Closing balance at the end of period / year	102,511,461	31,144,977	15,983,442	5,951,399	155,591,279	151,663,503

**<sup>4.2.1</sup>** These include borrowing cost capitalised during the period amounting to Rs.12,573 million (June 30, 2022: Rs.11,523 million).

<sup>4.2.2</sup> These include certain assets written off during the period amounting to Rs. 195 million (June 30, 2022: Nil).

			(Un-Audited)	(Audited)
			December 31,	June 30,
			2022	2022
		Note	(Rupees i	n '000)
5.	OTHER FINANCIAL ASSETS - AT AMORTISED	COST		
	Investments in term deposit receipts	5.1	18,844,995	17,411,300
	Less: Current maturity shown under current assets		(1,603,567)	(1,088,032)
	-		17 241 428	16.323.268

5.1 These represents term deposits aggregating to USD 83.23 million maintained with Dubai Islamic Bank Pakistan Limited (DIBPL). These carry profit at the rate of three months LIBOR and are due to mature in quarterly installments starting from November 3, 2022 and ending on August 3, 2034. These term deposits are part of the long term foreign exchange hedge arrangement as explained in note 21.11 to the audited unconsolidated financial statements for the year ended June 30, 2022.

			(Un-Audited)	(Audited)
			December 31,	June 30,
			2022	2022
		Note	(Rupees i	n '000)
6.	INVENTORIES			
	High speed diesel (HSD)		1,009,124	796,320
	Furnace oil		2,565,348	3,233,726
	1 uniace on		3,574,472	4,030,046
	Stores, spare parts and loose tools		14,416,294	14,362,377
	Stores, spare parte and issue		17,990,766	18,392,423
	Provision against slow moving and obsolete stores, spare parts and loose tools	6.1	(1,149,745)	(1,331,831)
			16,841,021	17,060,592
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		Note	<u>(Un-Audited)</u> December 31, 2022 (Rupees in	(Audited) June 30, 2022 1 '000)
6.1	Provision against slow moving and obsolete stores, spare parts and loose tools		• •	
	Opening balance		1,331,831	1,113,368
	(Reversal) / provision recognised during the period / year - net		<u>(182,086)</u> 1,149,745	218,463 1,331,831
7.	TRADE DEBTS			
	Considered good			
	Secured – against deposits from consumers Unsecured	7.1	5,688,664 	5,745,925 <u>131,097,109</u> 136,843,034
	Considered doubtful		<u> </u>	100,618,760 237,461,794
	Provision for impairment against debts considered doubtful	7.3	(109,383,558) 	(100,618,760) 136,843,034

7.1 These balances do not include any Late Payment Surcharge (LPS) on receivables from public sector consumers, as fully explained in note 13.1.1 to these unconsolidated condensed interim financial statements, on the contention that due to the circular debt situation, the LPS should only be received by KE from its public sector consumers, if any surcharge is levied on KE on account of delayed payments of its public sector liabilities.

As at December 31, 2022, receivable from government and autonomous bodies amounting to Rs. 46,325 million (June 30, 2022; Rs. 48,309 million) includes unrecognised LPS of Rs. 8,934 million (June 30, 2022; Rs. 9,571 million); which includes receivable from Karachi Water and Sewerage Board (KW&SB) amounting to Rs. 33,239 million including unrecognised LPS of Rs. 5,420 million (June 30, 2022; Rs. 32,848 million including unrecognised LPS of Rs. 5,076 million) and receivable from City District Government Karachi (CDGK) amounting to Rs. 6,613 million including unrecognised LPS of Rs. 717 million (June 30, 2022; Rs. 8,449 million including unrecognised LPS of Rs. 1,926 million).

Upto December 31, 2022, adjustment orders amounting to Rs. 12,434 million (June 30, 2022: Rs. 12,434 million) have been received from the Government of Sindh (GoS) whereby KE's liability on account of electricity duty has been adjusted against the KW&SB dues.

7.2 Ministry of Energy (Power Division) issued a corrigendum dated January 22, 2020, whereby, in accordance with GoP's uniform tariff policy, KE was directed to restrict the benefit of Industrial Support Package (ISPA) of Rs. 3/kWh to peak hours only. Thus, ISPA relief of Rs. 3/kWh already passed to industrial consumers on normal consumption and off-peak hours for the period July 2019 to December 2019 was withdrawn and accordingly ISPA arrears were billed to industrial consumers in their monthly bills of April 2020.

The industrial consumers challenged the corrigendum before the Honorable High Court of Sindh (HCS). The HCS in its order dated September 28, 2020 directed KE to charge determined tariff as per SRO 575(I)/2019 dated May 22, 2019 instead of applying corrigendum. Being aggrieved, KE challenged the HCS order before Supreme Court of Pakistan (SCP), wherein, the SCP through its interim order dated November 27, 2020, suspended the order of HCS and allowed prospective implementation of corrigendum dated January 22, 2020. On March 17, 2022, the Appeals were heard and dismissed by the SCP through a verbal order against KE. Later, the Company received an order in September 2022, wherein the SCP listed the Appeals for rehearing. Appeals were re-heard on January 19, 2023, wherein the SCP through a verbal order announced in open court, has graciously allowed the appeals of KE and dismissed the appeals of the industrial consumers. Further, the SCP has directed NEPRA to pass a determination with respect to the ISPA arrears accrued during the six (06) month period. However, a written order of the SCP is still awaited to be issued accordingly.

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7,3	Provision for impairment	Note	(Un-Audited) December 31, 2022 (Rupees )	(Audited) June 30, 2022 in '000)
	Opening balance Provision recognised during the period / year Write-off against provision during the period / year		100,618,760 17,584,898 118,203,658 (8,820,100) 109,383,558	97,746,537 19,332,532 117,079,069 (16,460,309) 100,618,760
8.	OTHER RECEIVABLES Due from the Government of Pakistan (GoP) and Government of Balochistan (GoB) - net:			
	- Tariff adjustment - Sales tax - net - Interest receivable from GoP on demand finance liabilities - Others	8.1	434,128,885 19,112,559 237,173 5,644,973 459,123,590	355,338,042 19,050,156 237,173 5,864,080 380,489,451
	Others Provision for impairment		401,050 459,524,640 (6,024,731) 453,499,909	249,036 380,738,487 (5,514,731) 375,223,756

- 8.1 This includes Rs. 59,873 million recorded as claims for write off of trade debts. The claims submitted by KE for the years ended June 30, 2017, June 30, 2018, June 30, 2019, June 30, 2020, June 30, 2021 and June 30, 2022 aggregating to Rs. 51,637 million have been pending for determination by NEPRA for which NEPRA through its letters dated December 31, 2019, March 10, 2021, March 30, 2022, June 8, 2022 and October 24, 2022 stated that further deliberation is required in respect of the above-mentioned claims before these can be allowed as an adjustment in tariff.
- 8.2 There is no significant change in the status of the other matters detailed in notes 14.1 to the annual unconsolidated financial statements of KE for the year ended June 30, 2022.

LONG-TERM FINANCING	Note	(Un-Audited) December 31, 2022 (Rupees	(Audited) June 30, 2022 in '000)
Long-Term Financing from banking companies,			
financial institutions and others	9.1	159,643,417	150,548,630
Long-Term Diminishing Musharaka	9.2	23,606,348	24,827,900
		183,249,765	175,376,530
Less: Current maturity shown under current liabilities		(29,210,715)	(23,638,341)
		154,039,050	151,738,189
	Long-Term Financing from banking companies, financial institutions and others	Long-Term Financing from banking companies,financial institutions and others9.1Long-Term Diminishing Musharaka9.2	December 31, 2022LONG-TERM FINANCINGNoteLong-Term Financing from banking companies, financial institutions and others9.1159,643,417Long-Term Diminishing Musharaka9.223,606,348183,249,765Less: Current maturity shown under current liabilities(29,210,715)

- **9.1** Details about these facilities have been disclosed in note 21 to the Company's unconsolidated financial statements for the year ended June 30, 2022.
- **9.2** Details about these facilities have been disclosed in note 20 to the Company's unconsolidated financial statements for the year ended June 30, 2022.

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December 31,         June 30,           2022         2022           10.         TRADE AND OTHER PAYABLES           Trade creditors           Power purchases         358,470,062         306,689,269			(Un-Audited)	(Audited)
Trade creditors			2022	2022
	10.	TRADE AND OTHER PAYABLES	(Rupees	in '000)
Power purchases 358,470,062 306,689,269		Trade creditors		
		Power purchases	358,470,062	306,689,269
Fuel and gas 43,931,072 49,490,805		•	43,931,072	49,490,805
Others 16,693,929 22,889,350		_	16,693,929	22,889,350
			419,095,063	379,069,424
Accrued expenses 5,825,128 5,611,945		Accrued expenses	5,825,128	5,611,945
Contract liabilities		Contract liabilities		
Energy 1,162,855 1,375,167		Energy	1,162,855	1,375,167
			2,622,517	3,785,276
			3,785,372	5,160,443
Other liabilities 51,723,164 49,418,968		Other liabilities	51,723,164	49,418,968
			480,428,727	439,260,780

# 11. TAXATION - NET

There is no significant change in the status of the tax related contingencies as disclosed in note 42.1 of the annual unconsolidated financial statements of KE for the year ended June 30, 2022.

12.	SHORT-TERM BORROWINGS	Note	<u>(Un-Audited)</u> December 31, 2022 (Rupees	(Audited) June 30, 2022 in '000)
	Secured:			
	From banking companies:			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
	Bills payable	12.1	34,524,326	34,813,883
	Short-term running finances	12.1	50,566,742	44,721,569
	Privately placed sukuks	12.2	6,647,972	<b>-</b>
			91,739,040	79,535,452
	Unsecured:			
	From others:			·
	Privately placed sukuks	12.3	30,000,000	28,000,000
			121,739,040	107,535,452
				· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·

- 12.1 Details about these facilities have been stated in note 29 to the annual unconsolidated financial statements of KE for the year ended June 30, 2022.
- **12.2** During the period, the Company has issued a distinct privately placed and secured Sukuk certificate, amounting to Rs, 6.7 billion (issue size). These carry profit at 3 months KIBOR + 1.70% per annum.
- 12.3 These include six distinct privately placed and unsecured Sukuk certificates of 6 months' tenor amounting to Rs. 30 billion (issue size) in aggregate maturing from February 10, 2023 to June 13, 2023. These carry profit at 6 months KIBOR + 1.35% to 1.45% per annum.

### 13. CONTINGENCIES AND COMMITMENTS

#### 13.1 Contingencies

13.1.1 Mark-up on overdue balances with National Transmission and Dispatch Company (NTDC) / Central Power Purchasing Agency (Guarantee) Limited (CPPA), a major government owned power supplier, has not been accrued in these unconsolidated condensed interim financial statements. With effect from June 2015, CPPA has assumed the central power purchase division of NTDC along with the related assets, rights and liabilities of NTDC, including alleged receivables from KE. KE is of the view that in accordance with the mechanism defined in the Power Purchase Agreement (PPA) dated January 26, 2010 with NTDC, NTDC's dues are to be settled by the Ministry of Finance (MoF) through payment of KE's tariff differential claims directly to NTDC. Up to December 31, 2022, the MoF has released KE's tariff differential claims aggregating Rs. 489,720 million (June 30, 2022: Rs. 465,891 million) directly to NTDC / CPPA. Additionally, KE has also directly paid Rs. 67,167 million up to December 31, 2022 (June 30, 2022: Rs. 67,167 million) to NTDC / CPPA on account of its outstanding dues on an agreed mechanism. The PPA with NTDC has expired on January 25, 2015. However, the supply of electricity of 650 Megawatts (MW) continues in line with the High Court of Sindh's order dated February 6, 2014. Moreover, in accordance with Cabinet Committee on Energy (CCoE)'s decision dated August 27, 2020 and subsequent to completion of rehabilitation work, the overall interconnection capacity has been enhanced to 1,400 MW and the supply of electricity from NTDC / CPPA has been increased to 1,100 MW in order to meet additional demand and has been billed in line with the terms of PPA.

On June 22, 2018, NTDC / CPPA filed a suit in the District Court of Islamabad for recovery of Rs. 83,990 million up to May 2018, comprising of principal amounting to Rs. 66,347 million and mark-up thereon amounting to Rs. 17,643 million, which is pending adjudication to date. Within the alleged claims filed by NTDC / CPPA in the aforementioned suit, release of tariff differential claims amounting to Rs. 15,021 million was unilaterally adjusted by NTDC / CPPA against the disputed mark-up claim. This was subsequently corrected by NTDC / CPPA and adjusted against the principal balance (resulting in decrease in principal amount with corresponding increase in mark-up), as confirmed from invoices and correspondence received afterwards. NTDC / CPPA's mark-up claim up to December 31, 2022 amounts to Rs. 146,697 million (June 30, 2022: Rs. 113,720 million) which is on the premise that while the outstanding amounts were to be adjusted against tariff differential claims, KE is eventually responsible for payments of all outstanding amounts, including mark-up. However, KE has not acknowledged the disputed mark-up claims would not have arisen in case tariff differential claims payments, including payments related to claims of unrecovered cost due to 4% capping and gas load management plan were released to NTDC / CPPA by the MoF on behalf of KE on timely basis.

In addition to above, the mark-up claimed by Sui Southern Gas Company Limited (SSGC) on Indigenous gas through its monthly invoices upto December 31, 2022 aggregates to Rs. 137,902 million (June 30, 2022: Rs. 129,505 million), which has not been accrued by KE. In view of KE, the unilateral reduction of gas by SSGC in year 2009-10, in violation of the ECC allocation and Head of Term Agreement dated July 31, 2009, led to increased consumption of furnace oil, which coupled with non-payment by government entities, as more fully explained in ensuing paragraphs, significantly affected KE's liquidity and hence the mark-up claim is not tenable.

In the year ended June 30, 2013, SSGC filed a suit against KE, in the High Court of Sindh for recovery of unpaid gas consumption charges and interest thereon and the damages amounting to Rs. 45,705 million and Rs. 10,000 million, respectively. KE also filed a suit, against SSGC in the High Court of Sindh for recovery of damages / losses of Rs. 59,600 million resulting from SSGC's failure to comply with its legal obligation to supply the allocated and committed quantity of 276 MMCFD of natural gas to KE. On October 7, 2019, the Court vacated a stay order dated December 3, 2012 granted in favour of SSGC which restrained KE from selling its immovable properties. Subsequently, SSGC had filed an appeal bearing HCA No. 353/2019 before the High Court of Sindh which is pending. Both these suits and HCA is pending adjudication to date. KE has also initiated contempt proceedings against MD SSGC for violation of order dated June 13, 2018 in Suit No. 4615 of 2018 which is pending before the Sindh High Court.

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Further, KE entered into a payment plan with SSGC in the year 2014 and subsequently renewed the plan in years 2015 and 2016, which provided for a mechanism for payment of principal arrears by KE on supply of adequate gas by SSGC. The dispute of mark-up claim has also been mentioned in the payment plan. KE's management is of the view that the principal payments made by KE to SSGC have been unilaterally adjusted by SSGC against SSGC's disputed mark-up claim, which is in violation of the payment plan which clearly mentions that the payments are to be adjusted against outstanding principal balances and hence any adjustment against the mark-up by SSGC in KE's view is not tenable.

KE had filed an application CMA No. 12178/2018 in pending Suit No. 1263/2011 (Suit filed by KW&SB) before the High Court of Sindh for payment of outstanding liability of approximately Rs. 27,500 million by the Government of Sindh (GoS). After hearing the parties, the Court vide order dated November 18, 2021 allowed the application in favour of KE whereby, the Government of Sindh has been directed to pay the outstanding liability of KW&SB amounting to Rs. 27,500 million to KE and accordingly submit a payment plan.

During the period, KE's already stretched working capital position was further strained mainly due to the significant increase in fuel prices and accumulation of balance of tariff differential claims. Further, SSGC is not supplying the minimum required quantity of indigenous gas as per the CCOE decision dated May 2, 2018, order dated April 17, 2018 and June 13, 2018 of the Honorable Sindh High Court, resulting in higher fuel costs for KE in the form of RLNG. As a result, all the working capital lines of KE have been exhausted. KE had conveyed this situation to Ministry of Energy (Power Division) and other relevant authorities and had requested for immediate steps to release Tariff Differential Subsidy (TDS) claims of KE to ease out the working capital, which has not been made to date and consequentially KE had to delay the current payments of SSGC bills for RLNG. SSGC, in response, has claimed markup on the delayed payments of RLNG which aggregates to Rs. 1,967 million upto December 31, 2022 (June 30, 2022: Rs. 309 million) which has not been accrued by KE on the grounds that the delay in payment is due to delay in receipt from public sector entities, and on the net principal basis KE is in a net receivable position. KE remains in continuous engagement with the Ministry of Energy (Power Division) requesting them to expedite the process of release of pending TDS to ease out working capital position and payment to fuel suppliers.

KE's management believes that overdue amounts have only arisen due to circular debt situation caused by delayed settlement of tariff differential claims by the GOP as well as delayed settlement of KE's energy dues by certain public sector consumers (e.g. KW&SB). This contention of KE's management is also supported by the legal advices that it has obtained. Hence, mark-up / financial charges on outstanding liabilities due to government-controlled entities will be payable by KE only when it will receive mark-up on outstanding receivable balances on account of tariff differential claims and energy dues of KE's public sector consumers.

A high level Task Force has been constituted by the Honorable Prime Minster of Pakistan to resolve issues faced by KE including historic disputes around receivables and payables with Government entities and departments, along with implementation of a mechanism to prevent such disputes from arising in the future. KE remains in continuous engagement with relevant stakeholders and seeks a fair and equitable resolution to the issue in accordance with the law. Without prejudice to the aforementioned position of KE and solely on the basis of abundant caution, a provision amounting to Rs. 5,269 million (June 30, 2022: Rs. 5,269 million) is being maintained by KE in these unconsolidated condensed interim financial statements on account of mark-up on delayed payment.

13.1.2 The Government of Pakistan promulgated GIDC Act 2011, GIDC Ordinance 2014 and GIDC Act 2015 for collection of Gas Infrastructure Development Cess (GIDC) from gas consumers (both power sector and industrial sector) other than domestic consumers. Single bench of the High Court of Sindh through its judgment (by consolidating all similar cases) dated October 26, 2016 held the GIDC Act 2011, GIDC Ordinance 2014 and GIDC Act 2015 to be ultra vires and un-constitutional and held that the amounts collected in pursuance of the above laws are liable to be refunded / adjusted in the future bills, therefore all amounts previously paid by KE to SSGC amounting to Rs. 4,672 million, in respect of GIDC, became immediately due and recoverable from SSGC.

Subsequently, GoP filed an appeal before the divisional bench of the High Court of Sindh challenging the above judgment (in respect of few other parties), whereby the decision of the single bench was suspended by the divisional bench of the High Court of Sindh on November 10, 2016. During the year ended June 30, 2020, High Court of Peshawar ruled that the GIDC Act 2015 was constitutional. Aggrieved parties filed an appeal before the Supreme Court of Pakistan to challenge the decision of the High Court of Peshawar. KE was impleaded as a party in the said appeal on the basis of its Intervenor Application.

The Supreme Court of Pakistan vide its decision dated August 13, 2020, has dismissed all the petitions and related appeals in matter of GIDC and declared GIDC Act 2015 to be valid, being within the legislative competence of the parliament. Further, as per this decision, the companies responsible to collect GIDC under the GIDC Act 2015 were directed to recover all arrears of GIDC due but not recovered upto July 31, 2020, in 24 equal monthly installments starting from August 1, 2020 without the component of late payment surcharge. KE filed a review petition and the SCP dismissed the review petition through its order dated November 2, 2020, however, installments for payment of GIDC arrears have been increased to 48 from 24.

In respect of the above, KE filed a suit before the High Court of Sindh (HCS) which is pending while KE obtained a stay order dated October 6, 2020 whereby, the HCS has restrained SSGC and the GOP from taking any coercive action for non-payment of installments of GIDC arrears, on the grounds amongst others that KE falls within the category of gas consumers who have not accrued the GIDC in their books and have neither recovered nor passed it on to their consumers through addition in the cost / tariff of electricity. The stay granted by HCS is still valid and operational.

KE, based on the views of its legal counsel, is of the opinion that KE in its suit before the HCS has raised substantive grounds and has fairly reasonable prospects of success if the courts accepts the abovementioned interpretation / grounds. It has been contended that in the presence of a valid Decree passed by the HCS, no GIDC can be imposed during the time such Decree is in the field. Accordingly, no liability and the related receivable amounting to approximately Rs. 35,822 million respectively in respect of GIDC has been recognized in these unconsolidated condensed interim financial statements. However, if the eventual outcome of the suit filed before the HCS results in any amount payable by KE on account of GIDC, it will be ultimately recovered through the MYT as a pass-through item.

13.1.3 There has been no significant change in the status of contingencies as disclosed in notes 32.1.2 to 32.1.4 and note 32.1.6 of the annual unconsolidated financial statements of KE for the year ended June 30, 2022.

## 13.2 Claims not acknowledged as debts

13.2.1 Claims not acknowledged as debts as disclosed in note 32.2 to the annual unconsolidated financial statements of KE for the year ended June 30, 2022 remained unchanged except mentioned below:

		(Un-Audited)	(Audited)
		December 31,	June 30,
		2022	2022
		(Rupees	in '000)
13.2.2	Outstanding dues of property tax, water charges, custom duty, ground rent and occupancy value	9,845,659	8,986,844
13.3	Commitments		
13.3.1	Guarantees issued on behalf of the Company (note 13.3.7)	6,234,509	6,134,039
13.3.2	Transmission projects	25,481,895	26,128,344
13.3.3	BQPS III 900 MW combined cycle power plant and associated transmission project	22,355,044	21,068,317
13.3.4	Outstanding letters of credit	9,700,562	10,305,045
	Dividend on preference shares	1,119,453	1,119,453
10.010			NSTOC

KE has not recorded any dividend on redeemable preference shares in view of certain restrictions on dividend placed under loan covenants by certain local and foreign lenders.

13.3.6 Commitments for rentals under Ijarah facilities obtained from Islamic banks in respects of vehicles are as follows:

(Un-Audited)	(Audited)
December 31, 2022 (Rupees	June 30, 2022 in '000)
559,001	425,062
972,217	638,515
	2022 (Rupees 559,001

These facilities have a tenure of 3 to 5 years. These are secured against promissory notes.

13.3.7 This includes guarantees amounting to Rs. 6 billion called off by the supplier on account of non-payment of outstanding dues by KE, however, KE has obtained a stay order from the High Court of Sindh in this regard.

SALE OF ENERGY - NET Gross revenue Sales tax					(Un-Audited) Quarter Ended	
	ii meneor	December 31, 2022	December 31, 2021	December 31, 2022	December 31, 2021	
SALE OF ENERGY - NET	Note	(Rupees	in '000)	(Rupees	11 000)	
Gross revenue	14.1	222,288,583	191,970,113	98,354,861	84,128,183	
		(44,777,010)	(32,299,103)	(18,220,004)	(16,397,234)	
			(10,102,705)	(5,683,283)	(5,083,966)	
Net revenue	14.2	163,015,387	149,568,305	74,451,574	62,646,983	
	Gross revenue Sales tax Other taxes	Gross revenue 14.1 Sales tax Other taxes	Half Yea           December 31, 2022           SALE OF ENERGY - NET         Note         (Rupees           Gross revenue         14.1         222,288,583           Sales tax         (44,777,010)           Other taxes         (14,496,186)           1020 045 287	2022         2021           SALE OF ENERGY - NET         Note         (Rupees in '000)           Gross revenue         14.1         222,288,583         191,970,113           Sales tax         (44,777,010)         (32,299,103)           Other taxes         (14,496,186)         (10,102,705)	Half Year Ended         Quarter           December 31, 2022         December 31, 2022	

14.1 Gross revenue is net-off an amount of Rs. 3,220 million (December 31, 2021: Rs. 1,288 million) representing invoices raised during the period for energy consumed, however, these invoices are considered non-recoverable.

		(Un-Audited) Half Year Ended		(Un-Audited) Quarter Ended	
	Note	December 31, 2022	December 31, 2021	December 31, 2022	December 31, 2021
		(Rupees	in '000)	(Rupees	in '000)
Net Revenue					
Residential	14.2.1	84,428,408	58,158,189	37,416,513	21,859,985
	14.2.1	35,435,114	25,732,238	17,111,226	12,021,849
	14.2.1	78,405,287	58,401,248	39,453,014	29,910,184
	14.2.2		6,666,955	(20,206,916)	(1,435,914)
		(iii) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1)	609,675	677,737	290,879
Outera		163,015,387	149,568,305	74,451,574	62,646,983
		Note Net Revenue Residential 14.2.1 Commercial 14.2.1 Industrial 14.2.1 Fuel surcharge adjustment 14.2.2	(Un-Ar           Half Yea           Note         December 31, 2022           December 31, 2022         (Rupees)           Net Revenue         14.2.1         84,428,408           Commercial         14.2.1         35,435,114           Industrial         14.2.1         78,405,287           Fuel surcharge adjustment         14.2.2         (36,288,012)           Others         1,034,590	(Un-Audited) Half Year Ended           Note         December 31, 2022         December 31, 2022         December 31, 2021           Net Revenue           Residential         14.2.1         84,428,408         58,158,189           Commercial         14.2.1         35,435,114         25,732,238           Industrial         14.2.1         78,405,287         58,401,248           Fuel surcharge adjustment         14.2.2         (36,288,012)         6,666,955           Others         1,034,590         609,675	(Un-Audited)         (Un-Audited)           Half Year Ended         Quarter           Note         December 31, 2022         December 31, 2022         December 31, 2022         December 31, 2022           Note         December 31, 2022         December 31, 2022         December 31, 2022         December 31, 2022         December 31, 2022           Net Revenue         14.2.1         84,428,408         58,158,189         37,416,513           Commercial         14.2.1         35,435,114         25,732,238         17,111,226           Industrial         14.2.1         78,405,287         58,401,248         39,453,014           Fuel surcharge adjustment         14.2.2         (36,288,012)         6,666,955         (20,206,916)           Others         1,034,590         609,675         677,737

- 14.2.1 The above includes net cycle day impact amounting to Rs. 988 million (December 31, 2021: Rs. 5,773 million) reduction in revenue.
- 14.2.2 This represents monthly fuel surcharge adjustment as per mechanism provided in the MYT decision. The said amount has been / will be charged to the consumers in accordance with NEPRA's determinations.
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#### 15. TARIFF ADJUSTMENT

- **15.1** This represents tariff differential subsidy claim for variation in fuel prices, cost of power purchases, write-off claims, operation and maintenance cost, being adjustments required as per NEPRA's MYT decision and those resulting in adjustment of tariff due from Government.
- 15.2 Includes Rs. 8,236 million comprising dues of 40,616 consumers (December 31, 2022; Rs 5,636 million comprising dues of 35,451 consumers) recognised during the half year ended December 31, 2022 against actual write-off of bad debts under the MYT decision dated July 5, 2018 for the period from July 1, 2016 to June 30, 2023.

		(Un-Audited) Half Year Ended		(Un-Audited) Quarter Ended		
		December 31, 2022	December 31, 2021	December 31, 2022	2021	
		(Rupees	; in '000)	(Rupees	in '000)	
16.	PURCHASE OF ELECTRICITY					
	CPPA / NTDC Independent Power Producers (IPPs)	75,005,341	63,306,463	35,343,444	34,225,961	
	/ other power purchase Karachi Nuclear Power	36,581,616	26,087,724	15,399,513	12,438,873	
	Plant (KANUPP)		852,135	-	-	
		111,586,957	90,246,322	50,742,957	46,664,834	
17.	CONSUMPTION OF FUEL AND OIL	-				
	Natural gas / RLNG	58,107,168	57,577,514	24,102,789	26,619,681	
	Furnace and other fuel / oil	61,416,823	21,749,267	18,031,908	6,146,444	
	High speed diesel (HSD)	1,701,266	2,023,654	560,809	973,359	
		121,225,257	81,350,435	42,695,506	33,739,484	
18.	OTHER OPERATING EXPENSES					
	Exchange loss / (gain) - net	2,169,286	2,570,815	(1,866,127)	1,118,492	
	Workers' profits participation fund	-	273,650	-	63,045	
	Interest on consumer deposits	-	258,060	-	131,056	
	Donations	21,648	27,720	5,536	9,201	
	Listing fee	7,108	2,927	3,137	<b>1</b> ,516	
	Others	423,996	-	189,720	357	
		2,622,038	3,133,172	(1,667,734)	1,323,667	
19.	FINANCE COST					
	Mark-up / interest on:		0 100 010	0,000 050	1,014,020	
	- Long-term financing	4,576,700	2,436,810	2,306,650 2,267,000	1,014,020	
	- Short-term borrowings	4,816,435	2,534,455	4,573,650	2,568,801	
	Late payment surcharge	9,595,155	4,071,200	4,01,0,000	<b>T</b> 10001201	
	on delayed payment					
	to creditors	112,997	6,573	÷	5,573	
	Bank charges, guarantée commission, commitment					
	fee and other service	313,589	201,552	165,367	97,180	
		0.0,000		4,616	3,939	
	charges Mark-up on lease liabilities	10.308	8,041	7,010	÷,	
	Mark-up on lease liabilities	10,308	8,041	-,010	- <b>,</b>	
		10,308 2,876,496	8,041 1,1 <u>32,218</u>	1,548,194	656,474	

			(Un-Aւ	idited)
		Note	December 31, 2022	December 31, 2021
			(Rupees	in '000)
20.	CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS			·
	Cash and bank balances		4,052,081	1,168,023
	Short-term running finances	12	(50,566,742)	(35,084,287)
	-		(46,514,661)	(33,916,264)

# 21. TRANSACTIONS WITH RELATED PARTIES

Related parties of KE comprise of parent company, subsidiary companies, associated companies, statecontrolled entities, staff retirement benefit plans and the KE's directors and key management personnel. Details of significant transactions with related parties other than those disclosed elsewhere in these unconsolidated condensed interim financial statements are as follows:

### 21.1 Government related entities

KE has availed the exemption available to it under its reporting framework, and therefore has not provided detailed disclosures of its transactions with government related / state-owned entities except for transactions included below, which KE considers to be significant:

			(Un-Audited)		
			December 31, 2022 (Rupees	December 31, 2021 in '000)	
	CPPA / NTDC	Power purchases	75,005,341	63,306,463	
	Pakistan State Oil Company Limited	Purchase of furnace oil / HSD & other lubricants	60,748,419	24,705,165	
	Sui Southern Gas Company Limited	Purchase of gas	38,513,814	57,577,514	
	Pakistan LNG Limited	Purchase of gas	19,593,354		
21.2	Hascol Petroleum Limited (note 21.8)	Purchase of furnace oil		1,942,418	
21.3	Subsidiary - KEVCL	Subscription of share capital		92,900	
		Payment of statutory filing fee on behalf of KEVCL	<u> </u>	5	
21.4	Subsidiary - K-Solar	Management fee income	2,281	3,740	
		Salary of deputed staff	11,879	7,109	
		Payment of statutory filing fee on behalf of K-Solar	· <u> </u>	2	
21.5	Key management personnel	Managerial remuneration	371,031	308,310	
		Other allowances and benefits	133,307	159,934	
		Retirement benefits	67,573	30,883	
		Leave encashment	3,491	1,436	
21.6	Provident fund	Contribution to provident fund	622,716	570,740	
21.7	Gratuity fund	Contribution to gratuity fund	181,522	696,791	
		stroloum Limited was not the related party o	f KE.		

21.8 During the period, Hascol Petroleum Limited was not the related party of KE.

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# 22. OPERATING SEGMENTS

KE operates as a vertically integrated power utility under a single integrated tariff structure, as determined by NEPRA, with no separate revenue streams as KE as a whole earns revenues by providing electricity to its end consumers. The management has determined Generation, Transmission and Distribution as its operating segments, which are being presented to the Board of Directors of KE for allocation of resources and assessment of performance. These operating segments carry risks and rewards which differ from other segments and also reflects the management structure of KE.

The unallocated items of profit or loss and assets and liabilities include items which cannot be allocated to a specific segment on a reasonable basis.

						ıdited) r 31, 2022			<u></u>	
	Gener	ation	Transm	ission	Distrib	Distribution		tions	Total	
	Half Year Ended December 31, 2022	Quarter Ended December 31, 2022	Half Year Ended December 31, 2022	Quarter Ended December 31, 2022	Half Year Ended December 31, 2022	Quarter Ended December 31, 2022 n million)	Half Year Ended December 31, 2022	Quarter Ended December 31, 2022	Half Year Ended December 31, 2022	Quarter Ended December 31, 2022
Segment revenue		-	-		265,635	111,101	-	•	265,635	111,101
Inter-segment revenue	143,604	54,706	9,247	2,299		<u> </u>	(152,851)	(57,005)		-
Total revenue	143,604	54,706	9,247	2,299	265,635	111,101	(152,851)	(57,005)	265,635	111,101
Purchase of electricity /										
Consumption of fuel and oil	(121,225)	(42,695)	-	<u> </u>	(264,438)	(107,748)	152,851	57,005	(232,612)	(93,438)
Contribution margin	22,379	12,011	9,247	2,299	1,197	3,353	-	-	32,823	17,663
O&M expenses	(2,618)	(1,432)	(2,398)	(1,140)	(12,732)	(6,480)	-	-	(17,948)	(9,052)
Other operating expenses	(1,177)	2,201	(1.045)	(366)	(400)	(167)	-	-	(2,622)	1,668
Olhier income	224	158	337	177	5,412	2,402	-	-	5,973	2,737
impairment loss against trade debts	_			-	(18,095)	(10,199)		-	(18,095)	(10,199)
EBITDA	18,608	12,938	6,141	970	(24,618)	(11,091)	-	-	131	2,817
Depreciation and amortisation	(6,846)	(3,383)	(1,961)	(955)	(3,506)	(1,869)	<u> </u>	÷	(12,313)	(6.207)
EBIT	11,762	9,555	4,180	15	(26,124)	(12,960)	•	-	(12,182)	(3,390)
Finance cost	(3,723)	(1,694)	(2,794)	(1,091)	(6,190)	(3,507)			(12,707)	(6,292)
Profit / (Loss) before taxation	8,039	7,861	1,385	(1,076)	(34,314)	(16,457)			(24,889)	(9,682)
Taxation - Current	(1,159)	(509)	(75)	(24)	(910)	(482)	·		(2,144)	(1,015)
Profit / (loss) for the period	6,880	7,352	1,311	(1,100)	(35,224)	(16.949)	-	-	(27,033)	(10,697)

					(Un Ai Decembe		<u> </u>			
	Gene	ation	Transm	Transmission Distribution			Elimin		Tot	
	Half Year Ended December 31, 2021	Quarter Ended December 31, 2021	Half Year Ended December 31, 2021	Quarter Ended December 31, 2021	Half Year Ended December 31, 2021	Quarter Ended December 31, 2021 (Ru	Half Year Ended December 31, 2021 pees in millior	Quarter Ended December 31, 2021	Half Year Ended December 31, 2021	Quarter Ended December 31, 2021
					1047 OF 4	400-045			217,354	103,215
Segment revenue	-	-	•	-	217,354	103,215		(4E 0(0))	217,004	100,210
Inter-segment revenue	98,399	40,653	12,569	5,215	**		(110,968)	(45,868)		
Total revenue	98,399	40,653	12,569	5,215	217,354	103,215	(110,968)	(45,868)	217,354	103,215
Purchase of electricity /										
Consumption of fuel and oil	(81,350)	(33,740)		+	(201,215)		110,968	45,868	(171,597)	(80,405)
Contribution margin	17,049	6,913	12,569	5,215	16,139	10,682	-	•	45,757	22,810
O&M expenses	(3,054)	(1,416)	(2,696)	(1,408)	(10,517)	(5,113)	-	-	(16,267)	(7,937)
Other operating expenses	(1,366)	(68)	(1,533)	(1,201)	(234)	(55)		•	(3,133)	(1,324)
Other income	(279)	(314)	222	(47)	4,236	1,655	-	-	4,179	1,294
Impairment loss against trade debts			-		(9,278)	(5,423)	د	<u> </u>	(9,278)	(5,423)
EBITDA	12,350	5,115	8,562	2,559	346	1,746	•	-	21,258	9,420
Depreciation and amortisation	(5,076)	(2,328)	(2,254)	(1,340)	(2,409)	(1,222)	-		(9,739)	(4,890)
EBIT	7,274	2,787	6,308	1,219	(2,063)	524	-	-	11,519	4,530
	. (1,977)	-	(1,411)	-	(2,932)	(1,757)	-		(6,320)	(3,332)
Finance cost	5,297	1,924	4,897	507	(4,995)	(1,233)	-	-	5,199	1,198
Profit / (Loss) before taxation	(979)	(501)	(906)	(285)	-		-	-	(1,885)	(786)
Taxation - Current	4,318	1,423	3,991	222	(4,995)	(1,233)	-		3,314	412
Profit I (loss) for the period		1,724			(-)					

15

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	<u>(Un-Audited)</u> December 31, 2022 (Rupees in	(Audited) June 30, 2022 million)
Assets	271,164	257,243
Generation	147,213	142,794
Transmission	651,714	618,783
Distribution	<u>33,381</u>	41,308
Un-allocated	1,103,472	1,060,128
Liabilities	219,260	201,613
Generation	76,359	66,930
Transmission	540,255	491,913
Distribution	44,458	49,500
Un-allocated	880,332	809,956

# 23. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT AND FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

#### 23.1 Financial risk factors

KE's activities expose it to a variety of financial risks: market risk (including currency risk, interest rate risk and other price risk), credit risk and liquidity risk.

There have been no changes in the financial risk management policies of KE during the period, consequently these unconsolidated condensed interim financial statements do not include all the financial risk management information and disclosures required in the annual unconsolidated financial statements.

(Un-Audited)	(Audited)
December 31,	June 30,
2022	2022
(Rupees	in '000)

#### 23.2 Financial risk factors

Financial assets measured at fair value through profit or loss

Derivative financial assets

12,937,708 8,033,631

- 23.2.1 Derivative financial assets and liabilities have been classified into level 2 fair value measurement hierarchy and the fair value is calculated as the present value of estimated future cash flows based on observable vield.
- 23.2.2 There were no transfers amongst the levels during the period. Further, there were no changes in the valuation techniques during the period.
- 23.2.3 The different levels of fair value measurement methods have been defined as follows:
  - Quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities (level 1);
  - Inputs other than quoted prices included within level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly (i.e. as prices) or indirectly (i.e. derived from prices) (level 2); and

Inputs for the asset or liability that are not based on observable market data (level 3).

#### Fair value of financial assets and liabilities 23.3

The carrying value of all financial assets and liabilities reflected in these unconsolidated condensed interim financial statements approximate their fair values.

#### 24. CORRESPONDING FIGURES

Corresponding figures have been rearranged and reclassified, wherever considered necessary, for better presentation. Following major balances have been clubbed in these unconsolidated condensed interim financial statements which were presented separately in the annual audited unconsolidated financial statements of KE for the year ended June 30, 2022.

(Uo-Aadited)									
FSUs in annual audited unconsolidated financial		December 31, 2022	June 30, 2022	FSLIs in unconsolidated condensed interim		December 31, 2022	June 30, 2022		
statements for the year ended Jone 30, 2022		e (Rupees in '001)		" financial statements for the half year ended December 31, 2022		— (Rupees in 1000) —			
Long-term loans	Long-term loans         8         10,854         11,899         Long-term loans and deposits           Long-term deposits         9         10,251         11,744		- 21,125	23,643					
Long-term deposits									
Long-term diminishing musharaka	20	19,856,348	21,077,900	900 Long-term financing	9	154,039,050	151,738,18		
Long-term financing	21	134,182,702	130,660,289		<u>́</u>	101/000/000			
Current maturity of long-term diminishing musharaka	20	3,750,000	3,750,000	Current maturity of long-term financing		29,210,715	23 638 341		
Current maturity of long-term financing	21	25,450,715	19,888,341			202.110/10	Experience.		

#### DATE OF AUTHORISATION FOR ISSUE 25.

These unconsolidated condensed interim financial statements were authorised for issue on 27 February 2023 by the Board of Directors of KE.

#### GENERAL 26.

All figures have been rounded off to the nearest thousand of Pakistan Rupees, unless otherwise stated. ATTE

Chief Executive Officer

**Chief Financial Officer** 



# CONSOLIDATED CONDENSED INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE HALF YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2022

# K-ELECTRIC LIMITED CONSOLIDATED CONDENSED INTERIM STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION AS AT DECEMBER 31, 2022

AS AT DECEMBER 31, 2022		Un-Audited	Audited
		December 31, 2022	June 30, 2022
ASSETS	Note -	(Rupees	in '000)
Von-current assets			
	4	503,962,071	489,283,684
Property, plant and equipment ntangible assets		924,283	518,889
nvestment property		2,895,463	2,925,942
Other financial assets - at amortised cost	5	17,241,428	16,323,268
ong-term loans and deposits		23,981	26,499
Deferred taxation		46,418 525,093,644	27,868 509,106,150
Current assets			0.00000
rventories	6	16,857,845	17,105,276
rade debts	7	76,365,990	136,963,108
oans and advances	225.00	2,510,550	1,689,165
Deposits and short-term prepayments		10,449,912	8.057.751
Other receivables	8	453,460,737	375,198,048
Current maturity of other financial assets - at amortised cost		1,603,567	1,088,032
Derivative financial assets		12,937,708	8,033,631
Cash and bank balances	1	4,136,355	2,899,473
		578,322,664	551,034,484
OTAL ASSETS		1,103,416,306	1,000,140,034
QUITY AND LIABILITIES			
HARE CAPITAL AND RESERVES		00 201 651	96,261,551
ssued, subscribed and paid-up capital		96,261,551	80,201,331
Reserves Capital reserves			
		2.009.172	2,009,172
Share premium and other reserves		66,939,683	69,713,296
Revaluation surplus on property, plant and equipment		68,948,855	71,722,468
Revenue reserves			5,372,356
General reserves		5,372,356	76,742,861
Inappropriated profit		52,435,309	82,115,217
		126,756,520	153,837,685
TOTAL EQUITY		223,018,071	250,099,236
LIABILITIES			
fon-current liabilities	9	154,039,050	151,738,189
.ong-term financing		139,214	164,701
ease liabilities		14,520,636	13,976,931
ong-term deposits		5,405,946	5,492,679
Employee retirement benefits		35,967,312	30,580,528
Deferred revenue		210,072,158	201,953,028
Current liabilities	9	29,210,715	23,638,341
Current maturity of long-term financing		20,210,715	32,750
Current maturity of lease liabilities	10	480,475,005	439.323.801
Trade and other payables	10	845	645
Unclaimed dividend		12,145,165	10.629.604
Accrued mark-up	11	1,355,142	897,273
faxation - net Short-term borrowings	12	121,739,040	107,535,452
Short-term deposits	1.000	25,361,347	26,012,012
Provisions		18,492	18,492
TOTAL LIABILITIES		670,326,079 880,398,237	608,088,370 810,041,398
Contingencies and Commitments	13	and a second second	- 1919-111000
TOTAL EQUITY AND LIABILITIES	3570	1,103,416,308	1,060,140,634
The annexed notes 1 to 26 form an integral part of these consolidated	condensed interim financia	Statement of the Statement of the Statement	and the second second second
he anneyed notes 1 to 25 totth an integral part of these consolidated	PORT NAMES AND ADDRESS OF ADDRESS	and the second se	

The annexed notes 1 to 26 form an integral part of these consolidated condensed interim financial statements.

Chief Executive Officer

**Chief Financial Officer** 

#### K-ELECTRIC LIMITED CONSOLIDATED CONDENSED INTERIM STATEMENT OF PROFIT OR LOSS (UN-AUDITED) FOR THE HALF YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

		Half Year Ended		Quarter Ended		
	Note	December 31, 2022	December 31, 2021	December 31, 2022 in '000)	December 31, 2021	
REVENUE	NUCO		frapees			
Net Revenue	14	163,095,391	149,683,158	74,481,676	62,729,607	
Tariff adjustment	15	102,619,756	67,785,818	36,649,516	40,567,650	
COST OF SALES		265,715,147	217,468,976	111,131,192	103,297,257	
Purchase of electricity	16	(111,586,957)	(90,246,322)	(50,742,957)	(46,664,834)	
Consumption of fuel and oil	17	(121,225,257)	(81,350,435)	(42,695,506)	(33,739,484)	
Expenses incurred in generation, transmission and distribution		(14,190,383)	(12,575,268)	(7,071,758)	(6,268,326)	
Other cost of sales		(67,628)	(106,380)	(28,878)	(77,528)	
		(247,070,225)	(184,278,405)	(100,539,099)	(86,750,172)	
GROSS PROFIT		18,644,922	33,190,571	10,592,093	16,547,085	
Consumers services and administrative expenses		(16,150,069)	(13,470,164)	(8,227,314)	(6,578,455)	
impairment loss against trade debts and other receivables		(18,094,898)	(9,277,805)	(10,198,963)	(5,422,346)	
Other operating expenses	18	(2,622,038)	(3,133,172)	1,667,734	(1,323,667)	
Other income		5,974,547	4,176,778	2,738,284	1,291,274	
		(30,892,458)	(21,704,363)	(14.020,259)	(12,033,194)	
(LOSS) / PROFIT BEFORE FINANCE COST		(12,247,536)	11,486,208	(3,428,166)	4,513,891	
Finance cost	19	(12,707,635)	(6,320,607)	(6,292,378)	(3,332,548)	
(LOSS) / PROFIT BEFORE TAXATION		(24,955,171)	5,165,601	(9,720,544)	1,181,343	
Taxation		(2,125,994)	(1,885,619)	(1,007,749)	(786,232)	
(LOSS) / PROFIT FOR THE PERIOD		(27,081,165)	3,279,982	(10,728,293)	395,111	
EARNINGS BEFORE INTEREST, TAX, DEPRECIATION AND AMORTISATION		66,841	21,227,561	2,778,154	9,405,282	
		(Rup	ees)			
(LOSS) / EARNING PER SHARE - BASIC AND DILUTED		(0.98)	0.12	(0.39)	0.01	

The annexed notes 1 to 26 form an integral part of these consolidated condensed interim financial statements.

**Chief Executive Officer** 

**Chief Financial Officer**
#### K-ELECTRIC LIMITED CONSOLIDATED CONDENSED INTERIM STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME (UN-AUDITED) FOR THE HALF YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

	Half Yea	r Ended	Quarter Ended	
	December 31, 2022	December 31, 2021	December 31, 2022 in '000)	December 31, 2021
NET (LOSS) / PROFIT FOR THE PERIOD	(27,081,165)	3,279,982	(10,728,293)	395,111
OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME:				
tems that may be reclassified to profit or loss				
Changes in fair value of cash flow hedges Adjustment for amounts transferred to profit or loss	6,233,026 (6,233,026)	2,070,697 (2,070,697)	488,888 (488,888)	202,491 (202,491)
TOTAL COMPREHENSIVE (LOSS) / INCOME FOR THE PERIOD	(27,081,165)	3,279,982	(10,728,293)	395,111

The annexed notes 1 to 26 form an integral part of these consolidated condensed interim financial statements.

Chief Executive Officer

Director

**Chief Financial Officer** 

K-ELECTRIC LIMITED CONSOLIDATED CONDENSED INTERIM STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY (UN-AUDITED) FOR THE HALF YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

(27,081,165) (27,081,165) 3,279,982 227,231,498 57,807,665 223,018,071 3,279,982 223,951,516 250,099,236 • \* Total 75,085,370 (27,081,165) 3,279,982 (27,081,165) 82,115,217 2,773,613 69,748,124 3,279,982 2,057,284 Total 52,435,309 (27,081,165) (27,081,165) 69,713,014 2,773,613 Unappropriated 3,279,982 64,375,768 3,279,982 76,742,861 2,057,264 Revenue profit 5,372,356 5,372,356 5,372,356 5,372,356 . General . ٠ . reserves ÷ 68,948,855 (2,773,613) (2,057,264) 55,884,577 57,941,841 71,722,468 ÷ . Reserves Total (Rupees in '000) 68,939,683 (2,773,613) (2.057,284) - themperature -53,875,405 69,713,296 55,932,669 Property, plant . ÷ Revaluation surplus on net of tax Capital 509,172 509.172 509.172 509,172 ŝ . . . Others 1,500,000 1,600,000 1,500,000 1,500,000 premium . . ٠ ÷ Share 95,261,551 96,261,551 96,261,551 96,261,551 Issued, subscribed and paid-up capital Ordinary Transaction Total share . ï 4 . capital (391,628) (391,628) (391,628) (391,628) . 1 'n ٠ costs J 96,653,179 96,653,179 96,663,179 96,653,179 i, . shares Incremental depreciation charged relating to Incremental depreciation charged relating to Total comprehensive income for the half Total comprehensive income for the half revaluation surplus on property, plant revaluation surplus on property, plant and equipment - net of deferred tax and equipment - net of deferred tax Balance as at December 31, 2022 Balance as at December 31, 2021 year ended December 31, 2022 year ended December 31, 2021 Other comprehensive income Other comprehensive income Balance as at July 1, 2022 Balance as at July 1, 2021 Profit for the period Loss for the period

The annexed notes 1 to 26 form an integral part of these consolidated condensed interim financial statements.

Chief Executive Officer

Chief Financial Officer

#### K-ELECTRIC LIMITED CONSOLIDATED CONDENSED INTERIM STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS (UN-AUDITED) FOR THE HALF YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

		Half Year	
		December 31,	December 31, 2021
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES	Note	2022 (Rupees i	a local de la companya de la company
		(24,955,171)	5,165,601
(Loss) / profit before taxation		(24,000,111)	0,100,001
Adjustments for non-cash and other items:		1000000000	
Depreciation and amortisation		12,314,377	9,741,353 502,487
Provision for employee retirement benefits		610,058 (182,086)	99,939
Reversal / provision for slow moving and obsolete inventories - net Impairment loss against trade debts and other receivables		18,094,898	9,277,805
Provision against fatal accident cases			(1,700)
Gain on sale of property, plant and equipment		(482,353)	(991,698)
Unrealised gain on derivative financial assets		(6,233,026)	(2,070,697)
Unrealised exchange loss - net		7,541,663	3,369,009
Finance cost		12,707,024	6,320,568
Amortisation of deferred revenue		(1,380,886)	(1,174,259)
Assets written off		194,961 (582,792)	(173,346)
Return on bank deposits		17.646.667	30,065,062
Operating profit before working capital changes		11,040,001	00,000,000
Working capital changes:			
(Increase) / decrease in current assets		[]	
Inventories		429,517	(4,804,564) 7,834,863
Trade debts		43,012,220 (847,031)	1,161,767
Loans and advances		(2,366,515)	(1,537,173)
Deposits and short term prepayments Other receivables		(78,772,403)	(62,786,856)
Utter receivables		(38,544,212)	(60,131,963)
Increase / (decrease) in current liabilities			
Trade and other payables		40,131,663	33,280,635
Short-term deposits		(650,665)	4,683,506 37,964,141
Cash generated from operations		18,583,453	7,897,240
Employee retirement benefits paid		(696,791)	(180,581)
Income tax paid		(1,686,964)	(2,899,247)
Receipts in deferred revenue		6,767,670	825,216
Receipt of interest income on term deposits		-	
Finance cost paid		(22,474,741)	(8,747,021)
Payments made in respect of out of court settlements.		-	172 240
Interest received on bank deposits		582,792	173,346 823
Long-term loans		(17,505,516)	(10,827,464)
Net cash generated from / (used in) operating activities		1,077,937	(2,930,224)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES			
		(15,300,445)	(23,257,185)
Capital expenditure incurred Proceeds from disposal of property, plant and equipment		774,211	1,907,679
Redemption of investments		392,780	-
Investment made in subsidiary			(92,900)
Net cash used in investing activities		(14,133,454)	(21,442,406)
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES			
Proceeds from / (Repayment of) long-term financing - net		(426,089)	31,024,208
Lease payments		(28,608)	(23,429)
Proceeds from / (Repayment of) short-term borrowings - net		8,358,416 543,705	(5,333,688) 636,776
Security deposit from consumers received		8,447,224	26.303.867
Net cash generated from financing activities		(4,608,293)	1,931,237
Net (decrease) / increase in cash and cash equivalents			(35,798,803)
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of the period	**	(41,822,094) (45,430,387)	(33,867,566)
Cash and cash equivalents at end of the period	20	[40,400,007]	100,001,000

The annexed notes 1 to 26 form an integral part of these consolidated condensed interim financial statements.

Chief Executive Officer

rector

**Chief Financial Officer** 

# K-ELECTRIC LIMITED NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED CONDENSED INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (UN-AUDITED) FOR THE HALF YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

# 1. LEGAL STATUS AND ITS OPERATIONS

The Group consists of K-Electric Limited (KE) and its subsidiary companies namely KE Venture Company (Private) Limited (KEVCL) and K-Solar (Private) Limited (K-Solar). Brief profiles of the Holding Company and its subsidiaries are as follows:

#### 1.1 K-Electric Limited

- 1.1.1 KE was incorporated as a limited liability company on September 13, 1913 under the repealed Indian Companies Act, 1882 (now the Companies Act, 2017) and its shares are quoted on the Pakistan Stock Exchange. The registered office of KE is situated at KE House, 39-B, Sunset Boulevard, Phase II, DHA, Karachi.
- 1.1.2 KE is principally engaged in the generation, transmission and distribution of electric energy to industrial and other consumers under the Electricity Act, 1910 and the Regulation of Generation, Transmission and Distribution of Electric Power Act, 1997 (the NEPRA Act 1997) to its licensed areas. KES Power Limited (the Holding Company of KE) incorporated in Cayman Islands, holds 66.40 percent (June 30, 2022: 66.40 percent) shares in KE.
- 1.1.3 The business units of KE include the following:

Place of business	Geographical location
Registered / Head Office	KE House, 39-B, Sunset Boulevard, Phase II, DHA, Karachi
Generation Plants	Port Qasim, Korangi & S.I.T.E., Karachi
Elander Road Office	Elander Road, Karachi
Civic Centre Office	Civic Centre, Karachi

Integrated Business Centres (IBCs), grid stations, inventory stores / warehouses and substations are located across KE's licensed territory, which covers Karachi and adjoining areas of Sindh and Balochistan.

#### 1.2 KE Venture Company (Private) Limited

KE Venture Company (Private) Limited (KEVCL) was incorporated on July 30, 2020, as a private company with the intent to be the investment arm of KE to carry on any business including but not limited to businesses dealing in electricity and all other forms of energy, and products or services associated therewith. The registered office of KEVCL is situated at KE House, 39-B, Sunset Boulevard, Phase II, DHA, Karachi.

KE along with its nominees held 100% shares of KEVCL as at December 31, 2022 (June 30, 2022: 100% holding).

The operations of KEVCL have not started as at reporting date.

# 1.3 K-Solar (Private) Limited

K-Solar (Private) Limited (K-Solar) was incorporated on September 18, 2020, as a private company to carry on all or any of the businesses dealing in electricity and all other forms of renewable energy and products or services associated therewith, and for promoting the conservation and efficient use of electricity. The registered office of K-Solar is situated at K-Solar House, Unit No. 3 & 4, SASI Town Houses, Abdullah Haroon Road, Civil Lines, Karachi. K-Solar is a wholly owned subsidiary of KEVCL.

KE held 100% effective shareholding of K-Solar as at September 30, 2022 (June 30, 2022: 100% holding).

1.4 As notified on the Pakistan Stock Exchange on October 28, 2016, Shanghai Electric Power Company Limited (SEP) has entered into a Sale and Purchase Agreement (SPA) with KES Power Limited (the Holding Company) to acquire up to 66.40 percent of the shares in KE. The completion of the transaction contemplated by SPA is subject to receipt of applicable regulatory approvals and satisfaction of other conditions precedent specified therein.

SEP notified its initial Public Announcement of Intention (PAI) for the above equity acquisition on October 3, 2016. Later, in order to comply with the statutory requirements under the Securities Act, 2015 and the Listed Companies (Substantial Acquisition of Voting Shares and Takeovers) Regulations, 2017, SEP notified PAIs on different dates with latest PAI being notified on September 28, 2022 incorporating amended / additional requirements pursuant to the Securities Act, 2015 and the aforementioned regulations.

1.5 KE, being a regulated entity, is governed through Multi Year Tariff (MYT) regime. National Electric Power Regulatory Authority (NEPRA) vide its determination dated July 5, 2018 determined the MYT for the period commencing from July 1, 2016 till June 30, 2023 (MYT 2017-23). KE after considering that the MYT decision did not consider actual equity invested into the KE, applied notional capital structure based on the assumption of 70:30 debt to equity ratio and is a drastic departure from the previous structure without providing the KE an appropriate transition period, approached the Appellate Tribunal for relief under Section 12G of the NEPRA Act, 1997 which is pending. KE also approached the High Court of Sindh (HCS) against the aforementioned MYT decision and filed a suit in which a stay order was granted on July 26, 2018. KE, on April 3, 2019, withdrew the suit filed with HCS against MYT decision, as KE decided to pursue its legitimate concerns / issues with Appellate Tribunal, however, reserves its right to again approach the HCS, if required. The Ministry of Energy (Power Division) notified the MYT decision through SRO 576 (I) /2019 dated May 22, 2019.

KE's revenue recorded in these consolidated condensed interim financial statements is based on the aforementioned MYT decision.

1.6 KE filed Mid Term Review (MTR) petition with NEPRA as per the mechanism included in the MYT decision dated July 5, 2018, for reassessment of impact of USD indexation on allowed Return on Equity, changes due to necessary revision in the investment plan and working capital requirements of KE along with other adjustments. NEPRA issued its determination on MTR on March 1, 2022, (MTR decision) wherein NEPRA has determined a downward adjustment of Rs. 0.22/kWh. In its decision, NEPRA has not allowed additional investment requested, disallowed cost of working capital, allowed partial exchange rate variation for return on equity indexation and has not considered other adjustments. Being aggrieved, KE has filed an appeal before Appellate Tribunal and is currently pursuing its legitimate concerns / issues with the Appellate Tribunal. However, prudently, the impact of the downward adjustment of Rs. 0.22/kWh has been recognised in these consolidated condensed interim financial statements. Further, NEPRA in its MTR decision decided to review at the end of MYT control period, the impact of USD indexation on allowed Return on Equity and base rate adjustment component for required return on regulatory assets. Therefore, the Company has accounted on accrual basis for these base tariff impacts in these consolidated condensed.

# 2. BASIS OF PREPARATION

#### 2.1 Statement of compliance

These consolidated condensed interim financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the accounting and reporting standards as applicable in Pakistan for interim financial reporting. The applicable accounting and reporting standards comprise of:

- International Accounting Standard (IAS) 34, 'Interim Financial Reporting', issued by the International Accounting Standards Board (IASB) as notified under the Companies Act, 2017 (the Act);
- Islamic Financial Accounting Standards (IFAS) issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of Pakistan as notified under the Act; and
- Provisions of and directives issued under the Act.

Where provisions of and directives issued under the Act differ with the requirements of IAS 34 and IFAS, the provisions of and directives issued under the Act have been followed.

- 2.2 These consolidated condensed interim financial statements do not include all the information and disclosures required in annual financial statements and should be read in conjunction with the annual audited consolidated financial statements for the year ended June 30, 2022.
- 2.3 In order to comply with the requirements of the International Accounting Standard 34 'Interim Financial Reporting', the consolidated condensed interim statement of financial position has been compared with the balances of consolidated annual financial statements of the immediately preceding financial year, whereas, the consolidated condensed interim statement of profit or loss, consolidated condensed interim statement of comprehensive income, consolidated condensed interim statement of cashflows have been compared with the amounts of comparable period of the immediately preceding financial year.
- 2.4 These consolidated condensed interim financial statements are presented in Pakistan Rupee which is also the Group's functional currency.
- 2.5 There were certain amendments to accounting and reporting standards which became effective for KE during the period. However, these do not have any significant impact on KE's financial reporting and, therefore, have not been disclosed in these consolidated condensed interim financial statements.

# 2.6 Amendments to published accounting and reporting standards that are not yet effective and have not been early adopted by KE

The following amendments with respect to accounting and reporting standards would be effective from the dates mentioned there against:

		Effective dates (accounting periods beginning on or after)
IAS 1	Presentation of financial statements (Amendments)	January 1, 2023
IAS 8	Accounting policies, changes in estimates and errors (Amendments)	January 1, 2023
IAS 12	Income taxes (Amendments)	January 1, 2023
IFRS 16	Leases on sale and leaseback (Amendments)	January 1, 2024
IAS 1	Non current liabilities with covenants (Amendments)	January 1, 2024

The management anticipates that application of above amendments in future periods, will have no material impact on the consolidated condensed interim financial statements other than in presentation / disclosures.

2.7 SECP through S.R.O. 67(I)/2023 dated January 20, 2023 has notified that in respect of companies holding financial assets due from the Government of Pakistan (GoP) in respect of circular debt, the requirements contained in IFRS 9 'Financial Instruments', with respect to application of Expected Credit Loss (ECL) method shall not be applicable for the financial years ending on or before December 31, 2024, provided that such companies shall follow relevant requirements of IAS 39 'Financial Instruments: Recognition and Measurement' in respect of above referred financial assets during the exemption period.

#### 2.8 Use of accounting estimates and judgements

The preparation of these consolidated condensed interim financial statements, in conformity with the approved accounting and reporting standards for interim financial reporting requires the use of certain critical accounting estimates. It also requires management to exercise its judgement in the process of applying the Group's accounting policies. Estimates and judgements are continually evaluated and are based on historical experience and other factors, including expectation of future events that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances. Actual results may differ from the estimates.

During the preparation of these consolidated condensed interim financial statements, there have been no changes in the significant judgements made by management in applying the Group's accounting policies and the key sources of estimation and uncertainty from those that were applied to the annual audited consolidated financial statements of the Group for the year ended June 30, 2022.

#### 2.9 Basis of consolidation

These consolidated condensed interim financial statements include the financial statements of the Holding Company and its subsidiaries.

A company is a subsidiary, if the Holding Company directly or indirectly controls, beneficially owns or holds more than fifty percent of its voting securities or otherwise has power to elect and appoint more than fifty percent of its directors.

Subsidiaries are consolidated from the date on which the Group obtains control, and continue to be consolidated until the date when such control ceases.

The financial statements of the subsidiaries are prepared for the same reporting period as the Holding Company, using consistent accounting policies.

All intra-group balances, transactions and unrealised gains and losses resulting from intra-group transactions and dividends are eliminated in full.

The assets, liabilities, income and expenses of subsidiary companies are consolidated on a line by line basis and carrying value of investments held by the Holding Company is eliminated against the subsidiary companies shareholders' equity in these consolidated condensed interim financial statements.

# 3. ACCOUNTING POLICIES

- 3.1 The accounting policies and method of computation adopted for the preparation of these consolidated condensed interim financial statements are the same as those applied in the preparation of the annual consolidated financial statements for the year ended June 30, 2022.
- 3.2 KE follows the practice to conduct actuarial valuation annually at the year end. Hence, the impact of remeasurement of post-employment benefit plans has not been incorporated in these consolidated condensed interim financial statements.
- 3.3 Taxes on income, in the interim periods are accrued using the tax rate that would be applicable to expected total annual profit or loss.
- 3.4 As stated in note 2.7 above, due to extension of the exemption until financial years ending on or before December 31, 2024, applicable in respect of financial assets due from the GoP in respect of circular debt with respect to ECL method, the application of IAS 39 continues to be consistently applied by the Company to such financial assets during the exemption period.

		Note	(Un-Audited) December 31, 2022 (Rupees i	(Audited) June 30, 2022 in '000)
4.	PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT			
	Operating fixed assets Capital work-in-progress (CWIP) Right-of-use assets	4.2	348,229,569 155,602,412 130,090 503,962,071	337,441,064 151,674,637 167,983 489,283,684

4.1 Additions and disposals of operating fixed assets during the period are as follows:

	December 31, 2022 (Un-Audited)	June 30, 2022 (Audited) (Rupee:	December 31, 2022 (Un-Audited) s in '000)	June 30, 2022 (Audited)
Plant and machinery	523,343	5,327,746	49,748	1,120,789
Transmission and distribution network	21,618,402	29,523,780	239,663	672,853
Others	1,026,282	1,761,607	2,447	15,249
	23,168,027	36,613,133	291,858	1,808,891

- 4.1.1 The above disposals represent assets costing Rs. 1,592 million (June 30, 2022: Rs. 7,185 million) which were disposed off for Rs. 774 million (June 30, 2022: Rs. 4,003 million)
- 4.2 Details of CWIP are as follows:

	Plant and machinery	Transmission grid equiment / lines	Distribution network / renewals of mains and services	Othens	December 31, 2022 (Un-Audited)	June 30, 2022 (Audited)
			(Rupees in '0	(00)		
Opening balance at the beginning of period / year	87,960,284	27,774,043	30,069,697	5,870,613	151,674,637	125,881,045
Additions / inter-class transfers during the period / year (note 4.2.1)	15,076,362	5,042,577	7,478,304	278,179	27,875,421	62,786,089
	103,036,645	32,816,620	37,548,001	6,148,791	179,550,058	188,667,134
Transfers to operating fixed assets and intangible assets / adjustment (note 4.2.2)	(525,185)	(1,671,643)	(21,564,559)	(186,259)	(23,947,646)	(36,992,497)
Closing balance at the end						
of period / year	102,511,460	31,144,977	15,983,442	5,962,533	155,602,412	151,674,637
			the second secon			

4.2.1 These include borrowing cost capitalised during the period amounting to Rs.12,573 million (June 30, 2022: Rs.11,523 million).

4.2.2 These include certain assets written off during the period amounting to Rs. 195 million (June 30, 2022: Nil).

			(Un-Audited)	(Audited)
			December 31,	June 30,
			2022	2022
		Note	(Rupees	in '000)
5.	OTHER FINANCIAL ASSETS - AT AMORTISED	COST		
	Investments in term deposit receipts	5.1	18,844,995	17,411,300
	Less: Current maturity shown under current assets		(1,603,567)	(1,088,032)
			17,241,428	16,323,268

5.1 These represents term deposits aggregating to USD 83.23 million maintained with Dubai Islamic Bank Pakistan Limited (DIBPL). These carry profit at the rate of three months LIBOR and are due to mature in three month installments starting from November 3, 2022 and ending on August 3, 2034. These term deposits are part of the long term foreign exchange hedge arrangement as explained in note 22.11 to the audited consolidated financial statements for the year ended June 30, 2022.

			(Un-Audited)	(Audited)
			December 31,	June 30,
			2022	2022
		Note	(Rupees i	n '000)
6.	INVENTORIES			
	High speed diesel (HSD)		1,009,124	796,320
	Furnace oil		2,565,348	3,233,726
			3,574,472	4,030,046
	Stores, spare parts and loose tools		14,416,294	14,362,377
	Solar panels and other items		16,824	44,684
			18,007,590	18,437,107
	Provision against slow moving and obsolete		(4 440 745)	(1,331,831)
	stores, spare parts and loose tools	6.1	(1,149,745)	17,105,276
6.1	Provision against slow moving and obsolete stores, spare parts and loose tools			
	Opening balance		1,331,831	1,113,368
	(Reversal) / provision recognised during the period / year - net		(182,086)	218,463
	period / year - ner		1,149,745	1,331,831
7.	TRADE DEBTS			
	Considered good			
	Secured - against deposits from consumers		5,688,664	5,745,925
	Unsecured		70,677,326	131,217,183
		7.1	76,365,990	136,963,108
	Considered doubtful		109,383,832	100,619,034
			185,749,822	237,582,142
	Provision for impairment against debts	7.3	(100 202 022)	(100,619,034)
	considered doubtful	1.5	(109,383,832)	136,963,108
			76,365,990	130,903,100

7.1 These balances do not include any Late Payment Surcharge (LPS) on receivables from public sector consumers, as fully explained in note 13.1.1 to these consolidated condensed interim financial statements, on the contention that due to the circular debt situation, the LPS should only be received by KE from its public sector consumers, if any surcharge is levied on KE on account of delayed payments of its public sector liabilities.

As at December 31, 2022, receivable from government and autonomous bodies amounting to Rs. 46,325 million (June 30, 2022: Rs. 48,309 million) includes unrecognised LPS of Rs. 8,934 million (June 30, 2022: Rs. 9,571 million); which includes receivable from Karachi Water and Sewerage Board (KW&SB) amounting to Rs. 33,239 million including unrecognised LPS of Rs. 5,420 million (June 30, 2022: Rs. 32,848 million including unrecognised LPS of Rs. 5,076 million) and receivable from City District Government Karachi (CDGK) amounting to Rs. 6,613 million including unrecognised LPS of Rs. 717 million (June 30, 2022: Rs. 8,449 million including unrecognised LPS of Rs. 1,926 million).

Upto December 31, 2022, adjustment orders amounting to Rs. 12,434 million (June 30, 2022: Rs. 12,434 million) have been received from the Government of Sindh (GoS) whereby KE's liability on account of electricity duty has been adjusted against the KW&SB dues.

7.2 Ministry of Energy (Power Division) issued a corrigendum dated January 22, 2020, whereby, in accordance with GoP's uniform tariff policy, KE was directed to restrict the benefit of Industrial Support Package (ISPA) of Rs. 3/kWh to peak hours only. Thus, ISPA relief of Rs. 3/kWh already passed to industrial consumers on normal consumption and off-peak hours for the period July 2019 to December 2019 was withdrawn and accordingly ISPA arrears were billed to industrial consumers in their monthly bills of April 2020.

The industrial consumers challenged the corrigendum before the Honorable High Court of Sindh (HCS). The HCS in its order dated September 28, 2020 directed KE to charge determined tariff as per SRO 575(I)/2019 dated May 22, 2019 instead of applying corrigendum. Being aggrieved, KE challenged the HCS order before Supreme Court of Pakistan (SCP), wherein, the SCP through its interim order dated November 27, 2020, suspended the order of HCS and allowed prospective implementation of corrigendum dated January 22, 2020. On March 17, 2022, the Appeals were heard and dismissed by the SCP through a verbal order against KE. Later, KE received an order in September 2022, wherein the SCP listed the Appeals for rehearing. Appeals were re-heard on January 19, 2023, wherein the SCP through a verbal order announced in open court, has graciously allowed the appeals of KE and dismissed the appeals of the industrial consumers. Further, the SCP has directed NEPRA to pass a determination with respect to the ISPA arrears accrued during the six (06) month period. However, a written order of the SCP is still awaited to be issued accordingly.

			(Un-Audited)	(Audited)
			December 31, 2022	June 30, 2022
		Note	(Rupees i	n '000)
7.3	Provision for impairment			
	Opening balance		100,619,034	97,746,537
	Provision recognised during the period / year		17,584,898	19,332,806
			118,203,932	117,079,343
	Write-off against provision during the period / year		(8,820,100)	(16,460,309)
			109,383,832	100,619,034

		Note	(Un-Audited) December 31, 2022 (Rupees i	(Audited) June 30, 2022
8.	OTHER RECEIVABLES	Note	(Kupees i	1 000)
	Due from the Government of Pakistan (GoP) and Government of Balochistan (GoB) - net:			
	<ul> <li>Tariff adjustment</li> <li>Sales tax - net</li> <li>Interest receivable from GoP on demand finance liabilities</li> <li>Others</li> </ul>		434,128,885 19,124,608 237,173 5,644,973	355,338,042 19,062,320 237,173 5,864,080
	Others	8.1	459,135,639 349,829	380,501,615 211,164
	Provision for impairment		459,485,468 (6,024,730) 453,460,738	380,712,779 (5,514,731) 375,198,048

- 8.1 This includes Rs. 59,873 million recorded as claims for write off of trade debts. The claims submitted by KE for the years ended June 30, 2017, June 30, 2018, June 30, 2019, June 30, 2020, June 30, 2021 and June 30, 2022 aggregating to Rs. 51,637 million have been pending for determination by NEPRA for which NEPRA through its letters dated December 31, 2019, March 10, 2021, March 30, 2022, June 8, 2022 and October 24, 2022 stated that further deliberation is required in respect of the above-mentioned claims before these can be allowed as an adjustment in tariff.
- 8.2 There is no significant change in the status of the other matters detailed in notes 15.1 to the annual consolidated financial statements for the year ended June 30, 2022.

			(Un-Audited)	(Audited)
			December 31, 2022	June 30, 2022
		Note	(Rupees i	n (000)
9.	LONG-TERM FINANCING			
	Long-Term Financing from banking companies,			
	financial institutions and others	9.1	159,643,417	150,548,630
	Long-Term Diminishing Musharaka	9.2	23,606,348	24,827,900
	2013 10112		183,249,765	175,376,530
	Less: Current maturity shown under current liabilities		(29,210,715)	(23,638,341)
			154,039,050	151,738,189
			the second se	

- 9.1 Details about these facilities have been disclosed in note 22 to the annual consolidated financial statements for the year ended June 30, 2022.
- 9.2 Details about these facilities have been disclosed in note 21 to the annual consolidated financial statements for the year ended June 30, 2022.

		(Un-Audited)	(Audited)
		December 31,	June 30,
		2022	2022
8	TRADE AND OTHER PAYABLES	(Rupees	in '000)
	Trade creditors		
	Power purchases	358,470,062	306,689,269
	Fuel and gas	43,931,072	49,490,805
	Others	16,694,913	22,891,168
		419,096,047	379,071,242
	Accrued expenses	5,868,036	5,658,538
	Contract liabilities		
	Energy	1,162,855	1,375,167
	Others	2,623,341	3,796,116
		3,786,196	5,171,283
	Other liabilities	51,724,727	49,422,738
		480,475,006	439,323,801

# 11. TAXATION - NET

10.

There is no significant change in the status of the tax related contingencies as disclosed in note 43.1 of the annual consolidated financial statements for the year ended June 30, 2022.

			Un-Audited) December 31, 2022	(Audited) June 30, 2022
12.	SHORT-TERM BORROWINGS	Note	(Rupees	in '000)
	Secured:			
	From banking companies:			
	Bills payable	12.1	34,524,326	34,813,883
	Short-term running finances	12.1	50,566,741	44,721,569
	Privately placed sukuks	12.2	6,647,972	-
			91,739,040	79,535,452
	Unsecured:			
	From others:			
	Privately placed sukuks	12.3	30,000,000	28,000,000
			121,739,040	107,535,452

- 12.1 Details about these facilities have been stated in note 30 to the annual consolidated financial statements for the year ended June 30, 2022.
- 12.2 During the period, KE has issued a distinct privately placed and secured Sukuk certificate, amounting to Rs. 6.7 billion (issue size). These carry profit at 3 months KIBOR + 1.70% per annum.
- 12.3 These include six distinct privately placed and unsecured Sukuk certificates of 6 months' tenor amounting to Rs. 30 billion (issue size) in aggregate maturing from February 10, 2023 to June 13, 2023. These carry profit at 6 month KIBOR + 1.35% to 1.45% per annum.

#### 13. CONTINGENCIES AND COMMITMENTS

#### 13.1 Contingencies

13.1.1 Mark-up on overdue balances with National Transmission and Dispatch Company (NTDC) / Central Power Purchasing Agency (Guarantee) Limited (CPPA), a major government owned power supplier, has not been accrued in these consolidated condensed interim financial statements. With effect from June 2015, CPPA has assumed the central power purchase division of NTDC along with the related assets, rights and liabilities of NTDC, including alleged receivables from KE. KE is of the view that in accordance with the mechanism defined in the Power Purchase Agreement (PPA) dated January 26, 2010 with NTDC, NTDC's dues are to be settled by the Ministry of Finance (MoF) through payment of KE's tariff differential claims directly to NTDC. Up to December 31, 2022, the MoF has released KE's tariff differential claims aggregating Rs. 489,720 million (June 30, 2022: Rs. 465,891 million) directly to NTDC / CPPA. Additionally, KE has also directly paid Rs. 67,167 million up to December 31, 2022 (June 30, 2022: Rs. 67,167 million) to NTDC / CPPA on account of its outstanding dues on an agreed mechanism. The PPA with NTDC has expired on January 25, 2015. However, the supply of electricity of 650 Megawatts (MW) continues in line with the High Court of Sindh's order dated February 6, 2014. Moreover, in accordance with Cabinet Committee on Energy (CCoE)'s decision dated August 27, 2020 and subsequent to completion of rehabilitation work, the overall interconnection capacity has been enhanced to 1,400 MW and the supply of electricity from NTDC / CPPA has been increased to 1,100 MW in order to meet additional demand and has been billed in line with the terms of PPA.

On June 22, 2018, NTDC / CPPA filed a suit in the District Court of Islamabad for recovery of Rs. 83,990 million up to May 2018, comprising of principal amounting to Rs. 66,347 million and mark-up thereon amounting to Rs. 17,643 million, which is pending adjudication to date. Within the alleged claims filed by NTDC / CPPA in the aforementioned suit, release of tariff differential claims amounting to Rs. 15,021 million was unilaterally adjusted by NTDC / CPPA against the disputed mark-up claim. This was subsequently corrected by NTDC / CPPA and adjusted against the principal balance (resulting in decrease in principal amount with corresponding increase in mark-up), as confirmed from invoices and correspondence received afterwards. NTDC / CPPA's mark-up claim up to December 31, 2022 amounts to Rs. 146,697 million (June 30, 2022: Rs. 113,720 million) which is on the premise that while the outstanding amounts were to be adjusted against tariff differential claims, KE is eventually responsible for payments of all outstanding amounts, including mark-up. However, KE has not acknowledged the disputed mark-up claimed by NTDC / CPPA as debt, as KE is of the view that the disputed mark-up claims would not have arisen in case tariff differential claims payments, including payments related to claims of unrecovered cost due to 4% capping and gas load management plan were released to NTDC / CPPA by the MoF on behalf of KE on timely basis.

In addition to above, the mark-up claimed by Sui Southern Gas Company Limited (SSGC) on Indigenous gas through its monthly invoices upto December 31, 2022 aggregates to Rs. 137,902 million (June 30, 2022: Rs. 129,505 million), which has not been accrued by KE. In view of KE, the unilateral reduction of gas by SSGC in year 2009-10, in violation of the ECC allocation and Head of Term Agreement dated July 31, 2009, led to increased consumption of furnace oil, which coupled with non-payment by government entities, as more fully explained in ensuing paragraphs, significantly affected KE's liquidity and hence the mark-up claim is not tenable.

In the year ended June 30, 2013, SSGC filed a suit against KE, in the High Court of Sindh for recovery of unpaid gas consumption charges and interest thereon and the damages amounting to Rs. 45,705 million and Rs. 10,000 million, respectively. KE also filed a suit, against SSGC in the High Court of Sindh for recovery of damages / losses of Rs. 59,600 million resulting from SSGC's failure to comply with its legal obligation to supply the allocated and committed quantity of 276 MMCFD of natural gas to KE. On October 7, 2019, the Court vacated a stay order dated December 3, 2012 granted in favour of SSGC which restrained KE from selling its immovable properties. Subsequently, SSGC had filed an appeal bearing HCA No. 353/2019 before the High Court of Sindh which is pending. Both these suits and HCA is pending adjudication to date. KE has also initiated contempt proceedings against MD SSGC for violation of order dated June 13, 2018 in Suit No. 4615 of 2018 which is pending before the Sindh High Court. Further, KE entered into a payment plan with SSGC in the year 2014 and subsequently renewed the plan in years 2015 and 2016, which provided for a mechanism for payment of principal arrears by KE on supply of adequate gas by SSGC. The dispute of mark-up claim has also been mentioned in the payment plan. KE's management is of the view that the principal payments made by KE to SSGC have been unilaterally adjusted by SSGC against SSGC's disputed mark-up claim, which is in violation of the payment plan which clearly mentions that the payments are to be adjusted against outstanding principal balances and hence any adjustment against the mark-up by SSGC in KE's view is not tenable.

KE had filed an application CMA No. 12178/2018 in pending Suit No. 1263/2011 (Suit filed by KW&SB) before the High Court of Sindh for payment of outstanding liability of approximately Rs. 27.5 billion by the Government of Sindh (GoS). After hearing the parties, the Court vide order dated November 18, 2021 allowed the application in favour of KE whereby, the Government of Sindh has been directed to pay the outstanding liability of KW&SB amounting to Rs. 27.5 billion to KE and accordingly submit a payment plan.

During the period, KE's already stretched working capital position was further strained mainly due to the significant increase in fuel prices and accumulation of balance of tariff differential claims. Further, SSGC is not supplying the minimum required quantity of indigenous gas as per the CCOE decision dated May 2, 2018, order dated April 17, 2018 and June 13, 2018 of the Honorable Sindh High Court, resulting in higher fuel costs for KE in the form of RLNG. As a result, all the working capital lines of KE have been exhausted. KE had conveyed this situation to Ministry of Energy (Power Division) and other relevant authorities and had requested for immediate steps to release Tariff Differential Subsidy (TDS) claims of KE to ease out the working capital, which has not been made to date and consequentially KE had to delay the current payments of SSGC bills for RLNG. SSGC, in response, has claimed markup on the delayed payments of RLNG which aggregates to Rs. 1,967 million upto December 31, 2022 (June 30, 2022: Rs. 309 million) which has not been accrued by KE on the grounds that the delay in payment is due to delay in receipt from public sector entities, and on the net principal basis KE is in a net receivable position. KE remains in continuous engagement with the Ministry of Energy (Power Division) requesting them to expedite the process of release of pending TDS to ease out working capital position and payment to fuel suppliers.

KE's management believes that overdue amounts have only arisen due to circular debt situation caused by delayed settlement of tariff differential claims by the GOP as well as delayed settlement of KE's energy dues by certain public sector consumers (e.g. KW&SB). This contention of KE's management is also supported by the legal advices that it has obtained. Hence, mark-up / financial charges on outstanding liabilities due to government-controlled entities will be payable by KE only when it will receive mark-up on outstanding receivable balances on account of tariff differential claims and energy dues of KE's public sector consumers.

A high level Task Force has been constituted by the Honorable Prime Minster of Pakistan to resolve issues faced by KE including historic disputes around receivables and payables with Government entities and departments, along with implementation of a mechanism to prevent such disputes from arising in the future. KE remains in continuous engagement with relevant stakeholders and seeks a fair and equitable resolution to the issue in accordance with the law. Without prejudice to the aforementioned position of KE and solely on the basis of abundant caution, a provision amounting to Rs. 5,269 million (June 30, 2022: Rs. 5,269 million) is being maintained by KE in these consolidated condensed interim financial statements on account of mark-up on delayed payment.

13.1.2 The Government of Pakistan promulgated GIDC Act 2011, GIDC Ordinance 2014 and GIDC Act 2015 for collection of Gas Infrastructure Development Cess (GIDC) from gas consumers (both power sector and industrial sector) other than domestic consumers. Single bench of the High Court of Sindh through its judgment (by consolidating all similar cases) dated October 26, 2016 held the GIDC Act 2011, GIDC Ordinance 2014 and GIDC Act 2015 to be ultra vires and un-constitutional and held that the amounts collected in pursuance of the above laws are liable to be refunded / adjusted in the future bills, therefore all amounts previously paid by KE to SSGC amounting to Rs. 4,672 million, in respect of GIDC, became immediately due and recoverable from SSGC.

Subsequently, GoP filed an appeal before the divisional bench of the High Court of Sindh challenging the above judgment (in respect of few other parties), whereby the decision of the single bench was suspended by the divisional bench of the High Court of Sindh on November 10, 2016. During the year ended June 30, 2020, High Court of Peshawar ruled that the GIDC Act 2015 was constitutional. Aggrieved parties filed an appeal before the Supreme Court of Pakistan to challenge the decision of the High Court of Peshawar. KE was impleaded as a party in the said appeal on the basis of its Intervenor Application.

The Supreme Court of Pakistan vide its decision dated August 13, 2020, has dismissed all the petitions and related appeals in matter of GIDC and declared GIDC Act 2015 to be valid, being within the legislative competence of the parliament. Further, as per this decision, the companies responsible to collect GIDC under the GIDC Act 2015 were directed to recover all arrears of GIDC due but not recovered upto July 31, 2020, in 24 equal monthly installments starting from August 1, 2020 without the component of late payment surcharge. KE filed a review petition and the SCP dismissed the review petition through its order dated November 2, 2020, however, installments for payment of GIDC arrears have been increased to 48 from 24.

In respect of the above, KE filed a suit before the High Court of Sindh (HCS) which is pending while KE obtained a stay order dated October 6, 2020 whereby, the HCS has restrained SSGC and the GOP from taking any coercive action for non-payment of installments of GIDC arrears, on the grounds amongst others that KE falls within the category of gas consumers who have not accrued the GIDC in their books and have neither recovered nor passed it on to their consumers through addition in the cost / tariff of electricity. The stay granted by HCS is still valid and operational.

KE, based on the views of its legal counsel, is of the opinion that KE in its suit before the HCS has raised substantive grounds and has fairly reasonable prospects of success if the courts accepts the abovementioned interpretation / grounds. It has been contended that in the presence of a valid Decree passed by the HCS, no GIDC can be imposed during the time such Decree is in the field. Accordingly, no liability and the related receivable amounting to approximately Rs. 35,822 million respectively in respect of GIDC has been recognized in these consolidated condensed interim financial statements. However, if the eventual outcome of the suit filed before the HCS results in any amount payable by KE on account of GIDC, it will be ultimately recovered through the MYT as a pass-through item.

**13.1.3** There has been no significant change in the status of contingencies as disclosed in notes 33.1.2 to 33.1.4 and note 33.1.6 of the annual consolidated financial statement for the year ended June 30, 2022.

#### 13.2 Claims not acknowledged as debts

**13.2.1** Claims not acknowledged as debts as disclosed in notes 33.2 of the annual consolidated financial statements for the year ended June 30, 2022 remained unchanged except mentioned below:

	(Un-Audited)	(Audited)
	December 31,	June 30,
	2022	2022
	(Rupees i	n '000)
13.2.2 Outstanding dues of property tax, water charges,		
custom duty, ground rent and occupancy value	9,845,659	8,986,844
	•	
13.3 Commitments		
13.3.1 Guarantees issued on behalf of the Company (note 13.3.7)	6,234,509	<u>6,134,039</u>
13.3.2 Transmission projects	25,481,895	26,128,344
13.3.3 BOPS III 900 MW combined cycle power plant and associated transmission project	22,355,044	21,068,317
Baadidted, it diterringion, biologi		
13.3.4 Outstanding letters of credit	9,700,562	10,305,045
	4 440 450	4 140 452
13.3.5 Dividend on preference shares	1,119,453	1,119,453

KE has not recorded any dividend on redeemable preference shares in view of certain restrictions on dividend placed under loan covenants by certain local and foreign lenders.

13.3.6 Commitments for rentals under Ijarah facilities obtained from Islamic banks in respects of vehicles are as follows:

(Un-Audited)	(Audited)
December 31, 2022 (Rupees	June 30, 2022 in '000)
559,001	425,062
972,217	638,515
	December 31, 2022 (Rupees 559,001

These facilities have a tenure of 3 to 5 years. These are secured against promissory notes.

13.3.7 This includes guarantees amounting to Rs. 6 billion called off by the supplier on account of non-payment of outstanding dues by KE, however, KE has obtained a stay order from the High Court of Sindh in this regard.

			(Un-Au Half Yea		(Un-Audited) Quarter Ended		
		Note	December 31, 2022	December 31, 2021	December 31, 2022 (Rupees	December 31, 2021	
14.	NET REVENUE		(Rupees	in '000)	(Kupees	11 000)	
	Gross revenue	14.1	222,380,662	192,088,280	98,392,020	84,214,121	
	Sales tax		(44,789,085)	(32,302,417)	(18,227,061)	(16,400,548)	
	Other taxes		(14,496,186)	(10,102,705)	(5,683,283)	(5,083,966)	
	Net revenue	14.2	163,095,391	149,683,158	74,481,676	62,729,607	
			the second se				

14.1 Gross revenue is net-off an amount of Rs. 3,220 million (December 31, 2021: Rs. 1,288 million) representing invoices raised during the period for energy consumed, however, these invoices are considered non-recoverable.

			(Un-Au Half Yea	udited) r Ended	(Un-Audited) Quarter Ended		
		Note	December 31, 2022	December 31, 2021	December 31, 2022	December 31, 2021	
			(Rupees	in '000)	(Rupees	in '000)	
14.2	Net revenue comprises of:		100000000				
	Residential	14.2.1	84,428,408	58,158,189	37,416,513	21,859,985	
	Commercial	14.2.1	35,435,114	25,732,238	17,111,226	12,021,849	
	Industrial	14.2.1	78,405,287	58,401,248	39,453,014	29,910,184	
	Fuel surcharge adjustment	14.2.2	(36,288,012)	6,666,955	(20,206,916)	(1,435,914)	
	Others		1,114,594	724,528	707,839	373,503	
	0.000		163,095,391	149,683,158	74,481,676	62,729,607	
			the second se	the second se	the second se		

- 14.2.1 The above includes net cycle day impact amounting to Rs. 988 million (December 31, 2021: Rs. 5,773 million) reduction in revenue.
- 14.2.2 This represents monthly fuel surcharge adjustment as per mechanism provided in the MYT decision. The said amount has been / will be charged to the consumers in accordance with NEPRA's determinations.

# 15. TARIFF ADJUSTMENT

- 15.1 This represents tariff differential subsidy claim for variation in fuel prices, cost of power purchases, write-off claims, operation and maintenance cost, being adjustments required as per NEPRA's MYT decision and those resulting in adjustment of tariff due from Government.
- 15.2 Includes Rs. 8,236 million comprising dues of 40,616 consumers (December 31, 2022: Rs 5,636 million comprising dues of 35,451 consumers) recognised during the half year ended December 31, 2022 against actual write-off of bad debts under the MYT decision dated July 5, 2018 for the period from July 1, 2016 to June 30, 2023.

	June 50. 2025.		udited) Ir Ended	(Un-Audited) Quarter Ended			
		December 31, 2022	December 31, 2021	December 31, 2022	December 31, 2021		
		(Rupees	in '000)	(Rupees	in '000)		
16.	PURCHASE OF ELECTRICITY						
	CPPA / NTDC	75,005,341	63,306,463	35,343,444	34,225,961		
	Independent Power Producers /	20 501 616	26,087,724	15,399,513	12,438,873		
	other power purchase sources Karachi Nuclear Power	36,581,616	20,007,724	10,000,010	12,400,010		
	Plant (KANUPP)	•	852,135		-		
		111,586,957	90,246,322	50,742,957	46,664,834		
17.	CONSUMPTION OF FUEL AND OIL						
	Natural gas / RLNG	58,107,168	57,577,514	24,102,790	26,619,681		
	Furnace and other fuel / oil	61,416,823	21,749,267	18,031,908	6,146,444		
	High speed diesel (HSD)	1,701,266	2,023,654	560,809	973,359		
		121,225,257	81,350,435	42,695,507	33,739,484		
18.	OTHER OPERATING EXPENSES						
	Exchange loss / (gain) - net	2,169,286	2,570,815	(1,866,127)	1,118,492		
	Workers' profits participation fund		273,650	10	63,045		
	Interest on consumer deposits		258,060	-	131,056		
	Donations	21,648	27,720	5,536	9,201		
	Listing fee	7,108	2,927	3,137	1,516		
	Others	423,996	-	189,720	357		
		2,622,038	3,133,172	(1,667,734)	1,323,667		
19.	FINANCE COST						
	Mark-up / interest on: - Long term financing	4,577,810	2,437,768	2,307,760	1,014,978		
	- Short-term borrowings	4,816,435	2,534,455	2,266,441	1,554,404		
	- Short-term borrowings	9,394,245	4,972,223	4,574,201	2,569,382		
	Late payment surcharge						
	on delayed payment	442 007	6,573		5,573		
	to creditors	112,997	0,075	10.00	0,010		
	Bank charges, guarantee commission, commitment						
	fee and other service charges	313,589	201,552	165,367	97,180		
	Mark-up on lease liabilities	10,308	8,041	4,616	3,939		
	Letters of credit discounting			2001 11000			
	charges	2,876,496	1,132,218	1,548,194	656,474		
	100162026000	12,707,635	6,320,607	6,292,378	3,332,548		

	Note	(Un-Audited)				
		December 31, 2022	December 31, 2021 in '000)			
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS		,				
Cash and bank balances		4,136,355	1,216,721			
Short-term running finances	12	(50,566,742)	(35,084,287)			
		(46,430,387)	(33,867,566)			
		CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS Cash and bank balances	CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS Cash and bank balances Short-term running finances 12 (50,566,742)			

#### 21. TRANSACTIONS WITH RELATED PARTIES

Related parties of the Group comprise of associated companies, state-controlled entities, staff retirement benefit plans and the KE's directors and key management personnel. Details of significant transactions with related parties other than those disclosed elsewhere in these consolidated condensed interim financial statements are as follows:

#### 21.1 Government related entities

KE has availed the exemption available to it under its reporting framework, and therefore has not provided detailed disclosures of its transactions with government related / state-owned entities except for transactions included below, which KE considers to be significant:

			(Un-Audited)		
			December 31, 2022 (Rupees	December 31, 2021 in '000)	
	CPPA / NTDC	Power purchases	75,005,341	63,306,463	
	Pakistan State Oil Company Limited	Purchase of furnace oil / HSD & other lubricants	60,748,419	24,705,165	
	Sui Southern Gas Company Limited	Purchase of gas	38,513,814	57,577,514	
	Pakistan LNG Limited	Purchase of gas	19,593,354		
21.2	Hascol Petroleum Limited (note 21.6)	Purchase of furnace oil	<u> </u>	1,942,418	
21.3	Key management personnel	Managerial remuneration	371,031	308,310	
		Other allowances and benefits	133,307	159,934	
		Retirement benefits	67,573	30,883	
		Leave encashment	3,491	1,436	
21.4	Provident fund	Contribution to provident fund	622,716	570,740	
21.5	Gratuity fund	Contribution to gratuity fund	181,522	696,791	
	Contractory Contractory Management (1997)		and the second s		

21.6 During the period, Hascol Petroleum Limited was not the related party of the Group.

#### 22. OPERATING SEGMENT

KE operates as a vertically integrated power utility under a single integrated tariff structure, as determined by NEPRA; with no separate revenue streams as KE as a whole earns revenues by providing electricity to its end consumers. The management has determined Generation, Transmission and Distribution as its operating segments, which are being presented to the Board of Directors of KE for allocation of resources and assessment of performance. These operating segments carry risks and rewards which differ from other segments and also reflects the management structure of KE. The unallocated items of profit or loss and assets and liabilities include items which cannot be allocated to a specific segment on a reasonable basis.

	(Un-AudBed) December 31, 2022											
	Gene	ration	Transm	vission	Distrik	aution	Un-alk	scated	Elimin	ations	Total	
_	Half Year Ended December 31, 2022	Quarter Ended December 31, 2022	Half Year Ended December 31, 2022	Quarter Ended December 31, 2022	Half Year Ended December 31, 2022	Quarter Ended December 31, 2022 (Rupees)	Half Year Ended December 31, 2022 in million)	Quarter Ended December 31, 2022	Half Year Ended December 31, 2022	Quarter Ended December 31, 2022	Hall Year Ended December 31, 2022	Guarter Ended December 31, 2022
Segment revenue					265,635	111,101	80	30	e		265,715	111,521
Inter-segment revenue	143,604	54,706	9,247	2,299					(152,851)	(57,905)		
Total revenue Purchase of electricity /	143,604	54,706	9,247	2,299	265,635	111,101	80	30	(152,851)	(57,005)	265,715	111,131
Consumption of fuel and oil / others	(121,225)	(42,695)	•	•	(264,438)	(107,748)	(68)	(29)	152,851	57,005	(232,880)	(83,467
Contribution Margin	22,379	12,011	9,247	2,299	1,197	3,353	12	1	3.5		32,835	17,664
O&M expenses	(2,818)	(1,432)	(2,398)	(1.140)	(12,732)	(6,480)	(79)	(40)			(18,027)	(0.092
Other operating expenses	(1,177)	2,201	(1,045)	(200)	(400)	(167)					(2,622)	1,668
Other income	224	158	337	177	5,412	2,402	4	3			5,977	2,740
Impairment loss against trade debts					(18,095)	(10,199)			-		(18,095)	(10,199
EBITDA	18,608	12,908	6,141	970	(24,618)	(11,091)	(63)	(36)			68	2,781
Depreciation and amortisation	(5,846)	(3,383)	(1,961)	(955)	(3,506)	(1,899)	0	Ø			(12,316)	(6,209
EBIT	11,762	9,555	4,180	15	(28,124)	(12,960)	(90)	(10)			(12,248)	(3,428
Finance cost	(9,723)	(1.694)	(2,794)	(1,091)	(6,190)	(0,507)	(1)			4	(12,708)	6,293
Profit / (Loss) before taxation	8,039	7,861	1,386	(1,076)	(34,314)	(16,457)	(67)	(19)			(24,956)	(0,721
Taxation - Current	(1,159)	(509)	(75)	(24)	(910)	(482)	18	19		- 19	(2,126)	(996
Taxation - Deferred				+	+			(12)				(12
Profit / (ons) for the period	6,580	7,352	1,311	(1,100)	(35,224)	(15,349)	(49)	(22)			(27,082)	(10,729

	(Un-Audited) December 31, 2021											
	Gener	ration	Transm	vission	Distrib	ntion	Un-all	ocated	Elinin	ations	To	tal
	Half Year Ended December 31, 2021	Quarter Ended December 31, 2021	Half Year Ended December 31, 2021	Quarter Ended December 31, 2021	Half Year Ended December 31, 2021	Quarter Ended December 31, 2021 (Ru	Half Year Ended December 31, 2021 spees in millio	Quarter Ended December 31, 2021	Half Year Ended December 31, 2021	Quarter Ended December 31, 2021	Half Year Ended December 31, 2021	Quarter Ended December 31, 2021
Segment revenue				÷.,	217,354	103,215	115	32			217,469	103,247
Inter-segment revenue	58,399	40,653	12,569	5,215				•	(110,968)	(45,868)		
Total revenue	\$8,399	40,653	12,569	5,215	217,354	103,215	115	32	(110,968)	(45,868)	217,469	103,247
Purchase of electricity /												
Consumption of fuel and oil	(81,350)	(33,740)			(201,215)	(92,533)	(106)	(28)	110,968	45,998	(171,700)	(80,433)
Contribution Margin	17,049	6,913	12,569	5,215	15,139	10,682	9	4			45,765	22,814
O&M expenses	(3,054)	(1,416)	(2,696)	(1,408)	(10,517)	(5,113)	(40)	(19)			(16,307)	(7,956)
Other operating expension	(1,366)	(68)	(1,533)	(1,201)	(234)	(55)		•			(3,133)	(1,334)
Other income	(279)	(314)	222	(47)	4,296	1,655	2	1			4,181	1,295
Impairment less against trade debts					(9.278)	(5,423)	+	+			(9,278)	6,423
EBITDA	12,350	5,115	8,562	2,558	346	1,745	(29)	(14)			21,229	9,406
Depreciation and amortisation	(5,076)	(2,328)	(2,254)	(1,340)	(2,409)	(1,222)	<i>a</i> )	9			(9,742)	(4,892)
EBIT	7,274	2,787	6,308	1,219	(2,063)	524	(12)	(16)			11,487	4,514
Finance cost	(1,977)	(953)	(1,411)	(712)	(2,832)	(1,757)	(1)	•			(6,325)	6,332
Profit / (Loss) before taxation	5,297	1,924	4,897	517	(4,995)	(1,233)	(33)	(16)	•	1.0	5,166	1,182
Taxation - Current	(979)	(501)	(906)	(285)			-		•		(1,885)	(796)
Taxation - Delerred												
Profit / (loss) for the period	4,318	1,423	3,991	222	(4,995)	(1,233)	(03)	(16)			3,281	396

	(Un-Audited)	(Audited)
	December 31,	June 30,
	2022	2022
	(Rupees in	million)
Assets		
Generation	271,164	257,243
Transmission	147,213	142,794
Distribution	651,714	618,783
Un-allocated	33,325	41,308
	1,103,416	1,060,128
Liabilities		
Generation	219,260	201,613
Transmission	76,359	66,930
Distribution	540,255	491,913
Un-allocated	44,524	49,500
	880,398	809,956

#### 23. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT AND FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

#### 23.1 Financial risk factors

Group's activities expose it to a variety of financial risks: market risk (including currency risk, interest rate risk and other price risk), credit risk and liquidity risk.

There have been no changes in the financial risk management policies of the Group during the period, consequently these consolidated condensed interim financial statements do not include all the financial risk management information and disclosures required in the annual consolidated financial statements.

		(Un-Audited)	(Audited)
		December 31,	June 30,
		2022	2022
		(Rupees i	n '000)
22.2	Einspeigt rick factors		

#### 23.2 Financial risk factors

# Financial assets measured at fair value through profit or loss

Derivative financial assets	12,937,708	8,033,631
Deliferine menere becere		

- 23.2.1 Derivative financial assets and liabilities have been classified into level 2 fair value measurement hierarchy and the fair value is calculated as the present value of estimated future cash flows based on observable yield.
- 23.2.2 There were no transfers amongst the levels during the period. Further, there were no changes in the valuation techniques during the period.
- 23.2.3 The different levels of fair value measurement methods have been defined as follows:
  - Quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities (level 1);
  - Inputs other than quoted prices included within level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly (i.e. as prices) or indirectly (i.e. derived from prices) (level 2); and
  - Inputs for the asset or liability that are not based on observable market data (level 3).

#### 23.3 Fair value of financial assets and liabilities

The carrying value of all financial assets and liabilities reflected in these consolidated condensed interim financial statements approximate their fair values.

## 24. CORRESPONDING FIGURES

Corresponding figures have been rearranged and reclassified, wherever considered necessary, for better presentation. Following major balances have been clubbed in these consolidated condensed interim financial statements which were presented separately in the annual audited consolidated financial statement for the year ended June 30, 2022.

			(Un-Audite	9				
FSUs in annual audited consolidated financial	12.22	December 31, 2022	June 30, 2022	FSUs in consolidated condensed interim financial statements for the half year ended	Note	December 31, 2022 June 30, 2022		
statements for the year ended June 30, 2022	Note	- Rapees i	n 1000) —	December 31, 2022	N.O	- (Rapees i	- {000}	
Long-term loans	9	10,964	11,899	Long-term loans and deposits	NA	23,981	26,499	
Long-term deposits	10	13,117	14,600					
Long-term diminishing mushanska	21	21,077,900	21,077,900	Long-term financing		154,039,050	151,738,189	
Long-term financing	22	130,660,289	130,660,289	cong-warn marking		12-12-22-22-22-22-22-22-22-22-22-22-22-2	No the section	
Current maturity of long-term diminishing musharaka	21	3,750,000	3,750,000	Current mailurity of long-term financing	4	29,210,715	21,638,341	
Current maturity of long-term financing	22	19,888,341	19,888,341	community or ordered mercuity		20,210,710	20,000,000	

## 25. DATE OF AUTHORISATION FOR ISSUE

These consolidated condensed interim financial statements were authorised for issue on 27 February 2023 by the Board of Directors of KE.

#### 26. GENERAL

All figures have been rounded off to the nearest thousand of Pakistan Rupees, unless otherwise stated.

**Chief Executive Officer** 

**Chief Financial Officer** 

(يونٹسGWh يں)

كليدى آپريشن اورمالى نتائج كاخلاصه درج ذيل سے :

مالياتى

آمدنى 217,354 265,635 گل منافع 33,182 18,633 مالی لاگت سے پہلے( نقصان )/منافع (12,182) 11,519 لیکسیشن سے پہلے( نقصان)/منافع لیکس–خالص گل( نقصان)/مدت کے لیے منافع (24,889) 5,199 (1,885) (2,144) (27,033) 3,314 (نقصان)/آمدنی فی خصص۔بنیادی/تخفیف شدہ(روپے) (0.98) 0.12

(A)

21,258

131

(EBITDA)

مالى جائزه

مشکل ساجی، سیاسی اور میکردا کنا مک عوامل بشمول برطقی ہوئی افراط زر، پالیسی کی شرح میں اضافہ اور اقتصادی سر گرمیوں میں کمی نے اس مدت کے دوران کمپنی کی کار کردگی پر منفی اثرات مرتب کیے ہیں۔ ان چیلینجز کے اثرات کے باعث، کمپنی کے بیھیجے گئے یونٹس میں %5.7 کی کمی دیکھی گئی اور کمپنی کے مجموعی منافع میں 14.5 بلین روپے کی نما یاں کی واقع ہوئی ہے کمپنی ریگولیٹلہ ٹیرف کے تحت کام انجام دیتی ہے اور موجودہ ملٹی ایئر ٹیرف کے مطابق کیم جولائی 2016 سے مؤثر ہے۔ بیھیجے گئے اور پالیسی ریٹ میں 2016 بلین روپے کی نما یاں کی کے عوض کمپنی کو ٹیرف میں کوئی ایڈ جسٹمنٹ فراہم نہیں کی جاتی ہے۔

اس عرصے کے دوران، تیزی سے بڑھتی مہنگائی،صارفین کے ٹیرف میں اضافے اور بگڑتے ہوئے معاشی حالات نےصارفین کی ادائیگی کے رجحان کونمایاں طور پر متاثر کیا ہے جس کی عکاسی اس دوران مشکوک قرضوں کے مقابلے میں 8.8 بلین روپے کے بڑھے ہوئے نقصان سے ہوتی ہے۔مزید برآں، قرض لینے کی مؤثر شرح میں %9.4 سے 17% تک اضافے سے مالیاتی لاگت چارج میں اس مدت کے دوران 6.4 بلین روپے کا انتہائی اضافہ ہوا ہے۔.ان تمام عوامل کو کیجا کر کے ٹیکس کے بعد 27.0 بلین روپے کا نقصان ہوا ہے۔

کے ای چیلنجز سے نمٹنے کے لیے پُرعزم ہے اور مزید آپریشل بہتریوں پر بڑے پہانے پرتو جہ مرکوز کرر ہاہے جیسا کہ متعلقہ کاروباری سیکشن میں تفصیل سے درج ہے اور یکم جولائی 2023 سے شروع ہونے والی اگلی کنٹرول مدت کے لیے ٹیرف کی تجدید کے لیے سرگرمی سے مصروف عمل ہے ۔جس کا مقصد پاور سیکٹر کے دیگر اداروں کے مساوی مضبوط ایڈ جسٹمنٹ میکانزم کے ساتھا یک پائیدارلاگت کی عکاسی کرنے والا ٹیرف اور صارفین کو کم از کم ممکنہ قیمتوں پر قابل اعتماد اور ہوں کے سکسل کو یقینی بنانا ہے۔

اہم معاملات پراپ ڈیٹ:

جنریشن کے ای کے سب سے بڑے اور سب سے زیادہ مؤثر کمبائنڈ سائیکل پاور پلانٹ (BQPS) نے 30 دسمبر 2022 کو 900 میگاواٹ کا میابی سے گرڈ میں تھیج دیئے ہیں۔آنے والی مدت کے لیے اہم سنگ میل طے کیے گئے ہیں جس میں ریگولیٹر کی طرف سے تصدیق کیے والے یونٹس کے گاریڈٹڈ پرفار منس ٹیسٹ (ٹیسٹس) شامل ہیں۔ دونوں یونٹس کا متوقع تم شل آپریشن مالی سال کی تیسری سہ ماری میں ہے۔

مزید برآں،ا-BQPS میں، یونٹ 1اور یونٹ 2 کی سالانہ ینٹینینس کی گئی جس میں بوائلر ٹیوب کی تبدیلی اور مین کولنگ واٹر پمپ کی اوور ہالنگ جیسی اہم سر گرمیاں شامل تھیں۔اس کےعلاوہ،آنےوالےموسم گرمامیں متوقع طلب کے پیش نظر، یونٹ سے مکمل لوڈ کی دستیابی کے لیے یونٹ 5 کےفورسڈ ڈ رافٹ فین کوانجام دیا گیا۔

ط السميش

روز افزوں طلب کے باعث صارفین کو قابل اعتاد بجلی کی فراہمی کے اپنے وژن کے مطابق ، کے ای نیٹ ورک میں اضافے اور بحالی کے مطلوبہ کاموں کے ذریعے اپنے ٹرانسمیشن سسٹم کی بھروسہ مندی ااوراستحکام کو برقر ارر کھنے اور بہتر بنانے کے لیے مسلسل کام کررہا ہے۔

علاوہ ازیں،BQPS-III پروجیکٹ کے تحت،ٹر اسمیش نیٹ ورک کی اپ گریڈیشن کاعمل جاری ہے جس میں دواہم لوڈ گرڈ زاور دوجنریشن انٹر کنکشن گرڈ اسٹیشنز میں وسعت شامل ہے۔ایک لوڈ گرڈ (نیولانڈھی) کوانر جائزڈ کیا گیا ہے جس نے نئے صنعتی لوڈ کی افزائش میں اپنے حصہ کی شمولیت کا آغاز کردیا ہے۔ایمدیڈ ڈ جنریشن کو باہم مربوط کرنے اور نیٹ ورک کی کارکردگی کو بہتر بنانے کے لیے KTPS میں نیا انٹر کنکشن (220kV سسٹم کے بجائے) KCCP کی جلی کا انخلاء کرے گا۔

سسٹم کی بھروسہ مندی ااور استحکام کو مزید تقویت دینے کے لیے ہدفی سرمایہ کاری کے مقصد کے پیش نظر، مالی سال 2024 سے مالی سال 2030 کے لیے ایک تفضیلی اور مضبوط ٹر انسمیش سسٹم کا توسیعی منصوبہ تیار کیا گیاہے۔جس کی توثیق ایک انڈیپینڈ بینٹ نظر ڈپارٹی کنسلٹنٹ نے بھی کی ہے۔توسیعی منصوبہ NEPRA کوجائزے اور منظوری کے لیے پیش کیا گیاہے۔

ڈسٹری ہیوشن کے ای کا مقصد ڈسٹری ہیوشن کی نیٹ ورک ہیلتھ کو بہتر بنا نا اور نقصانات میں کمی کے مقصد کو بر قر ارر کھنا ہے۔ کے ای نے مالی سال 2023 کی پہلی ششما ہی کے دوران 12.6% تقصانات کور پورٹ کیا۔ پیچلے سال کی اسی مدت کے مقابلے میں %0.0 پو اُنٹس کی بہتر ہوئی۔ کے ای ڈسٹری بیوشن کے فلیگ شپ پر وجیکٹ سر بلندی کی کامیابی کے بعد، ڈسٹری بیوشن موجودہ مالی سال میں گورنٹس کی حکمت عملی کے ذریعے ماضی میں کی گئی سرمایہ کاری کے شرط میں ہوشن کے فلیگ شپ پر وجیکٹ ہے۔ مزید یہ کہ نقصان میں کمی اور بحالی کی بہتری کے اقدامات کے حصے کے طور پر، کے ای نے مالی سال کی پہلی ششما ہی کے دوران کم رجان/منا سبت والے علاقوں میں تقریباً 15,000 کم لاگت والے میٹرزاور 35,000 ان فی میٹر کی تنصیب کی ہے۔

ریویو کی مدت کے دوران، کمپنی کو بنیادی طور پر صارفین ٹیرف اور فیول کی لاگت میں ایڈ جسٹمنٹ کے ضمن میں نمایاں اضافے کی وجہ سے بحالی میں متعدد چیلنجز کا سامنا کرنا رہا جس نے صارفین کی ادائیگی کے رجحان کو منفی اثرات مرتب کیے، نتیجتاً وصولی کا تناسب %9.18 تک گر گیا جب کہ گزشتہ سال اسی مدت کے دوران %9.44 رپورٹ کیا گیا تھا۔ تاہم، کمپنی "ہمقدم – ریکوری پلان" نامی اسکیم کے تحت اپنے صارفین کے لیے آسان قسطوں کی ادائیگی کاحل متعارف کروا کر وصولیوں کو ہم تر بنانے کے لیے آپ اقدامات میں ثابت قدم ہے کمپنی بڑے پیانے پرکنکشن منقطع کرنے، بچلی کے غیر قانونی اخراج کو رو کنے، چوری کی روک تھام اور ضرورت پڑنے پر میٹروں کی بحالی اور تنصیب کی کا میاب تحمیل پر مسلسل توجہ دے رہی ہے ۔ اب تک، 2000 سے زائد صارفین کو دائر کا ایا جاچکا ہے اور کھام موں

ہٹادیے گئے ہیں۔

کے ای نے مختلف مالیاتی اداروں کے ساتھ مل کربل فنانسنگ اور بی این پی ایل (خریداری ابھی ، ادائیگی بعد میں )مہم شروع کی۔ کے ای نے ماہا نہ اقساط کے منصوبے پیش کرنے کے لیے فیصل بینک کے ساتھ شرا کت داری بھی کی ہے، جبکہ UBL بینک ، UBL اور Savyour نے اپنے متعلقہ پلیٹ فارمز کا استعال کرتے ہوئے بل کی ادائیگی پررعایت کی پیشکش کی ہے۔اقدام کے ای کے صارفین کے لیے دستیاب ڈیجیٹل پیمنٹ چینلز کے فروغ میں مددگار ہے۔

حفاظت اورسلامتی اینے نیٹ درک کی بھر وسہ مندی ااور تحفظ کو سنٹکم کرنے کے عزم کے ایک جصے کے طور پر، کے ای مینجمنٹ نے ماحولیات، کام کے حالات کا جائزہ لینے اور بیرجا نچنے کے لیے کہ آیا عملہ کمپنی کی جانب سے تمام حفاظتی اقدامات کی تعمیل کو یقینی بنا تا ہے ، مختلف مقامات پر حفاظتی آڈٹ کے عمل کو جاری رکھا۔

تمام DISCOs میں حفاظتی کلچر کے فروغ اور کے ای میں مروجہ بہترین طریقوں کواجا گر کرنے کے لیے، کے ای نے NEPRA کے تعاون سے "Isolation and Permit to Work (PTW) " اور "Isolation and Permit to Work (PTW "کے موضوع پر دوویہ بینا رز کاانعقاد کیا۔ حفاظتی خطرات کویقینی بنایا جا سکے۔

NEPRA <sup>سیف</sup>ٹی ایوارڈ کی تقریب میں، کےای کو 2022 کے لیےNEPRA PSC کی کارکردگی کے معیار کے تحت اپنے متعلقہ دائرہ اختیار میں اعلیٰ ترین حفاظتی کارکردگی کو برقرارر کھنےاور حادثات کی روک تھام کے لیے کی گئی کم کی کو مششوں پر سراھا گیا۔

تکنیکی اقدامات مالی سال 2023 کی پہلی ششماہی میں، کے ای نے ایک تکنیکی" قابل اعتاد اور پائیداری پروجیکٹ" شروع کیا۔ اس پروجیکٹ کا مقصد نیٹ ورک اور ٹیموں کو ضروری مہارتوں کے حوالے سے تیار کرنا ہے تا کہ وہ ہمیشہ بدلتی تکنیکی پیشرفت کا مقابلہ کر سکیں۔

ے ای نےٹرانسفارمراورسوئچ گیئر ورکشاپ کی پروڈکشن اورطریقہ کار کی افادیت میں اضافے اورانوینٹر کی کی سطح کو بہتر بنانے کے لیے لین پروسیس مینونیچرنگ کولا گو کیا۔ کے ای نےٹرانسفارمرز کی فعال ومسلسل دیکھ بھال جاری رکھی اورنصف سال میں 202ٹرانسفارمرز کو مختلف صلاحیتوں کی سائٹس پر کارآمدرکھا۔ ےای نے اسمارٹ میٹرنگ ڈیٹا کا ستعال کرتے ہوئے ممکنہ فیلڈانسٹالیشن کے مسائل کواجا گر کرنے کے لیے گرڈپیرا میٹرزیعنی کرنٹ، دولیٹچز اور پاور فیگٹرز کی نگرانی کے لیے سسال" ڈیٹا ڈرائیون میٹرانسٹالیشن کوالٹی KPI متعارف کرایا۔ دیکھنے کی بہتر صلاحیت اور فیلڈ انسٹالیشن کے معیار کوزیادہ سے زیادہ کرنے کے لیے ان ہاؤس ڈیٹا کوالٹی سسال" ڈیٹا ڈرائیون میٹرانسٹالیشن کوالٹی" KPI متعارف کرایا۔ دیکھنے کی بہتر صلاحیت اور فیلڈ انسٹالیشن کے معیار کوزیادہ سے زیادہ کرنے کے لیے گرڈپیرا میٹرزیعنی کرنٹ، دولیٹچز اور پاور فیلٹران کی لیے سسال" ڈیٹا ڈرائیون میٹرانسٹالیشن کوالٹی" KPI متعارف کرایا۔ دیکھنے کی بہتر صلاحیت اور فیلڈ انسٹالیشن کے معیار کوزیادہ سے زیادہ کرنے کے لیے ان ہاؤس ڈیٹا کوالٹی ڈیٹن ور ٹی ڈرائیٹ کے مالے میں معارف کرایا۔ د ڈیش بورڈ تیار کیا گیا ہے مزید برآں،" کلین بس" کا کانسپٹ متعارف کروا کر بجلی کے معیار کومزید بڑھانے کے لیے ایک کنسلٹنٹ کے ساتھ مشتر کہ را بطے کے مقام پر PQ سروے کیے گی کہتر کی سائٹ کے ساتھ مشتر کہ را بطے کے مقام پر PQ سروے کیے گئے۔ پرکانسپٹ سی خاص گرڈ بس میں کم فالٹ ہونے والے فیڈرز کو دوبارہ تر تیک دیٹا کہ اس اور کی تعارف کر فیل کا کم سے کم سالہ کر کے لیے گر کی کی معارف کر فیل کا کم سے کم سائٹ کے بیکس کی خاص گرڈ بس میں کم فالٹ ہونے والے فیڈرز کو دوبارہ تر تیپ دیتا ہے تا کہ اس امر کولیتینی بنایا جا سے صارفین کو بچلی میں خلل کا کم سے ک سامنا کرنا پڑے۔

کاروباری پیش رفت

کے ای کے سروس ایر یامیں بجلی کی بڑھتی ہوئی طلب کو مدنظر رکھتے ہوئے ،ایک مضبوط اور جراتمندانہ سرمایہ کاری کا منصوبہ تیار کیا گیا ہے جس میں مقامی وسائل کے ساتھ ساتھ قابل تجدید ذرائع (بشمول ہائیڈرو) کے استعال پر توجہ دی گئی ہے جو کہ کم لاگت ، مقامی فیول پر بننے والے بجلی کے منصوبوں کو شامل کرنے کے لیے قومی بجلی کی پالیسی کے مطابق ہے ۔تھرڈ پارٹی اسٹڈیز اورریگولیٹری منظوریوں سے مشروط ، کے ای نے مالی سال 2030 تک تقریباً 1,180 میگاواٹ (بائیڈل کے ساتھ) کے قابل تجدید ذرائع سمیت 2,172 میگاواٹ کے مجموعی اضافے کا منصوبہ بنایا ہے:



قابل تجدید ذرائع کا حصہ بڑھانے کے لیے، کے ای سندھ سولر کے تحت ورلڈ بینک (WB) کے تعاون سے سندھ سولرا نرجی پر وجیکٹ (SSEP) کے تحت سندھ انرجی ڈیپارٹمنٹ (SED)، حکومت سندھ (GoS) کے ساتھ مسابقتی ہولی کے ذریع 350 میگاواٹ کے سولر پر وجیکٹ (پر وجیکٹ ) پر کام کررہا ہے۔ اس فریم ورک کے تحت، SED مسابقتی ہولی کا آغاز کر کے گا، اور کے ای پاور آفٹیکر ہوگا جہاں وہ کا میاب ہولی دہندہ کے ذریعے بنائے گے SPV کے ساتھ طویل المدتی EPA میں شامل ہوگا۔ پر وجیکٹ کے لیے کا بینہ (حکومت سندھ) نے زمین کی منظوری دے دی ہے۔ مزید ہی کہ نسلٹنٹ فریسیٹی اسٹڈیز کو تی شکل دی جارہی ہے۔ مزید بر آں، SED نے میں دولی کے تحت میں میں شامل میں دوجیکٹ کے لیے کا بینہ (حکومت سندھ) نے زمین کی منظوری دے دی ہے۔ مزید ہی کہ نسلٹنٹ فریس ای اسٹار کی حک میں جا

بلوچتان میں 150 میگاداٹ کے دندرادر بیلہ سولر پر دہیکٹس کے حوالے سے،NEPRA نے 14 اکتوبر 2022 کو RFP پراپنا فیصلہ جاری کیا۔اس کے بعد، کے ای نے RFP کے فیصلے پرنظر ثانی کی درخواست دائر کی، جواس وقت NEPRA کے پاس زیرِ جائزہ ہے ۔کا بینہ ( حکومتِ بلوچتان) کی جانب سے پر دجیکٹ کے لیے زمین مختص دمنظور کر لی گئی ہے اور مختص کرنے کے طریقہ کار کے لیے کے ای اور حکومتِ بلوچتان کے درمیان نتیج چیز گفت وشنید جاری ہے۔

کای نے 220 میگاواٹ کے سائٹ نیوٹرل ہائی برڈ قابل تجدید منصوبے کی زمین کاری کا آغاز بھی کردیا ہے۔منصوبے کے لیے RFP کو NEPRA میں جنع کرادیا گیا ہے اور ساتھ ہی، ممکنہ بولی دہندہ گان کی پری کوالیفیکیشن اہلیت کاعمل بھی شروع کردیا گیا ہے۔

کے ای مقامی وسائل کو شامل کرکے اپنی پیداداری لاگت کو کم کرنے کے لیے پُرعزم ہےجس میں بیس لوڈ پلانٹس کے ذریعے بجلی کا آف ٹیک بھی شامل ہے۔ فی الحال، وہیلنگ کے ذریعے مقامی کو ئلےاور ہائیڈل پر مبنی بجلی شامل کرنے کی کوششیں کی جارہی ہیں۔ ہائیڈل پاور کی شمولیت کے حوالے سے، کے ای 82 میگاواٹ کے Turtonas Uzghor ہائیڈل پر اجیکٹ (Uzghor) پر سرگرمی سے عمل پیرا ہے، جس کے لیے کے ای نے ستمبر 2022 میں پاور آفٹیک کے لیے LOL جاری کیا۔ مزید بر آل، اس کے ہائیڈل پورٹ فولیو کو مزید بڑھانے کے لیے، PEDO کے ساتھا یک مشتر کہ ور کنگ گروپ تشکیل دیا گیا ہے۔ کے ای اور PEDO خریداری کے فریم ورک بشمول ٹارگٹ پر وجیکٹس کی شارٹ لسٹنگ اور اسے تی شکل دینے پر فعال طریقے سے کام جاری ہے۔

مزید برآل، کےای نے 30 دسمبر 2022 کو (CTGSAL) China Three Gorges South Aisa Limited کے ساتھ ہائیڈل اور قابل تجدید ذرائع کے منصوبوں کی مشتر کہ ترقی کے لیےایک سٹر ییجٹ لیول MOU بھی کیا ہے۔فریم ورک کے تحت، دونوں اداروں کی طرف سے مزید ترقی کے لیے کئی مواقع کا جائزہ لیا جار ہا ہے۔

مقامی کوئلے پر، کے ای تقریباً 990میگاداٹ کے پروجیکٹس کی ممکنہ ترقی کے حوالے سے سرکاری ادر نجی اسپانسرز دونوں کے ساتھ مصروف عِمل ہے۔اس فرنٹ پر دیگر امکانات کے مابین، KE نے 20 دسمبر 2021 کوصدیق سنزانر جی لمیٹڈ (SEL) کے ساتھ تصرمیں واقع اس کے 330 میگاداٹ کے مقامی کوئلے سے چلنے والے پادر پروجیکٹ سے ممکنہ بجلی کے حصول کے لیےایک مفاہمت نامے پر دستخط کیے تھے۔SEL اس وقت حکومت اور دیگرا یجنسیوں کی جانب سے پاور پر چیز رکو کے ای میں تبدیل کرنے کے لیے پروجیکٹ سے متعلق منظوریوں پرعمل پیراہے۔

سپلائی چین آپریشل وسائل کی تنظیم نو، حقوق سازی اوراستحکام کے ذریعے لاگت کو بہتر بنانے کے لیے کئی اقدامات کیے گئے۔حکمتِ عملی کے حامل دیگر بہترین عالمی طریقوں بشمول سپلائی چین ایکسیلنس، ایس اینڈ او پی، کوالٹی ایثورنس اوراسٹرینجٹک سورسنگ کو بھی نافذ کیا جار ہاہے جس کے نیتیج میں KPIs کی کارکردگی بہتر ہوتی ہے۔ ذرائع کے کو کلائزیشن کے امکانات کا جائزہ لینے کے لیے مضوص پر دگرامزشر وع کیے گئے ہیں۔

ادارہ جاتی ساجی ذمہداری (سی ایس آر) مالی سال 2023 کی پہلی ششما ہی میں حفاظت، فلڈ ریلیف، ساجی بہبود، کمیونٹی پر مین مختلف اقدامات کا افتتاح اور پائیداری وشمولیت پر تنظیموں کے ساتھ شراکت داری کی سرگرمیوں کا احاطہ کیا گیا۔ CSR محاذ پر کے ای کی کاوشوں کے اعتراف میں، کے ای نے دوسرے NEPRA CSR یوارڈ زمیں سلورا یوارڈ سے نوازا گیا۔ کے ای نے سیلانی ویلفیئر ٹرسٹ انٹرنیشنل، ساحل ویلفیئر ایسوسی ایشن اور اخوت کے تعاون سے سندھا وربلوچتان کے سیلاب سے متاثرہ علاقوں میں امداد قرار کی ۔ کے ای نے ماز نی نے میں معافر میں میں معارفی میں معاور اور ان کیا۔ کے ای نے اور انتظامیہ نے 5.7 ملین رو پر جمع کیے جس سے 1,600 خاندان مستفید ہوئے جبکہ ختصے بنانے کے لیے پینافلیکس بھی عطیہ کی گی نے ای نے Educast کی اشتر اک سے ٹیلی ہیلتھ کلینک قائم کیا جو 36,000 سیلاب متاثرین کو ٹیلی کنسکٹیشن کال سینٹرز کے ذریع سپول نے ماہ کی ہے ای کی اور اور ان کی اور ان کی اور ان کی معاون سے مند معاد میں معامیہ کے ای کے معاون کے ای کے معاد میں اور ان کی ہے ہیں ایک ہے ای کے معاد ہے اور خوب کے تعاون میں میں معاون کے میں ایک ہے ہیں ایک ہ اور انتظام یہ نے 5.7 ملین رو پر جمع کیے جس سے 1,600 خاندان مستفید ہوئے جبکہ ختھے بنانے کے لیے پینافیک کی معامیہ کے گئے۔ کے ای کے معاد کی سی میں ایک ہوئی کی ہوئے ہوئے کے اور انتراک میں میں میں میں میں معامیہ کی گئی ہے تک کی ہوئی کی میں ایک ہوئی کی معاد ہے اور اور میں میں میں معاد ہوئی ہوئی میں ایک

کے ای کے روثنی باجی پر وجیکٹ کا دوسرا گروپ گریجویٹ کر کے فارغ کتحصیل ہوا۔روثنی باجی ایک فلیگ شپ پر وجیکٹ ہے جس کے تحت 60روثنی باجیوں نے 350,000 گھرانوں کوبجلی کی حفاظت،توانائی کے تحفظ اور قانونی کنکشن رکھنے کی اہمیت سے آگاہ کیا ہے۔روثنی باجی جن کمیونٹیز میں وہ کام کرتے ہیں ان میں تحریک اور طاقت کاایک ذریعہ ہیں۔

مون سون اور ہیٹ ویو سے متعلق حفاظتی پیغامات مساجد، مندروں اور گرجا گھروں کے ذریعے 40,000 سے زائدلوگوں تک پہنچائے گئے جبکہ فرنٹ لائن ور کرز کو پاکستان

ريڈ کريسنٹ سوسائٹی سندھ کے تعاون سے مون سون سيفٹی اور سی پی آر پر تر ہيت دی گئی۔

کے ای نے LRBT کے تعاون سے 2500 مریضوں کی سہولت کے لیے 7 ہیلتھ کیمیس کا انعقاد کیا۔ کے ای نے سیلانی ویلفیئر ٹرسٹ کے اشتر اک سے بلد یہ ( مواچھ گوٹھ )،لیاری، بن قاسم اور بروہی محلہ میں 4واٹر فلٹریشن پلانٹس کا افتتاح کیا،جس سے سالانہ 40,000 سے زائدافراد فیض یاب ہوتے ہیں۔

کے ای کااخوت ریولونگ سولرمائیکروفنانس فنڈ NEPRA کے CSR وژن" خوشحالی، طاقت کے ساتھ" کے تحت تشکیل دیا گیا ہے، جس سے اب تک 48 مستحقین مستفیض ہوچکے ہیں۔

کےای نےاپنے بل کا سائز آدھا کردیاجس سے ہر سال 4,000 سےزیادہ درختوں اور 200 ملین لیٹر پانی کی بچت کی صلاحیت کے ساتھا یک اہم ماحولیاتی اثرات مرتب ہوئے۔کےای کے 100,000 صارفین نے اب ای بلنگ کے لیے سبسکر ائنب کیا ہے۔

ديگرا جم معاملات

سرکاری اداروں اور شعبوں کی طرف بڑھتے واجبات

31 دسمبر 2022 تک ، مختلف وفاقی اور صوبائی اداروں سے کے ای کی خالص وصولی ، اصل واجب الادابنیا دوں پر تقریباً 79.6 بلین رو پے تھی۔ایند صن کی قیمتوں میں اضافہ اور کے ای کومقامی گیس کی فراہمی کی عدم فراہمی کے نتیج میں کے ای کے ٹیرف ڈیفرینشل سبسڈی (ٹی ڈی ایس) کلیمز میں اضافہ ہوا ہے جو ( حکومتِ پا کستان ) جی او پی سے قابل وصول میں ۔

وصولیوں کا بیک لاگ کمپنی کی کیش فلو پوزیشن پرنتیجہ خیز اثر ڈالتا ہے اواوراس کے نیتج میں پاورانفرااسٹر کچر میں سرمایہ کاری میں اضافہ کرنے کی صلاحیت پرمنفی اثرات مرتب ہوتے میں۔تاہم، کے ای اوراس شعبے کے بڑے پیانے پراستحکام کے لیے ضروری ہے کہ حکومت سمیت تمام فریقین اس دیرینہ مسئلے کوقانون کے مطابق حل کرنے کے لیے ایک باہمی پرامن حل کویقینی بنا ئیں۔

مزید برآل، کے الیکٹرک پاور پر چیزایجنسی ایگریمنٹ (PPAA)، انٹر کنکشن ایگریمنٹ (ICA) اور نیشنل گرڈ سے سپلائی اور سبسڈ ی کے اجراء کے لیے ٹیرف ڈیفرینشل سبسڈ می (TDS) معاہدے کو تمی شکل دینے اور اس پرعمل درآمد کے لیے GoP اور متعلقہ فریقوں سے مسلسل را بطے میں ہے۔ان معاہدوں پرعملدر آمد کے لیے محتر م وزیر اعظم صاحب کی جانب سے تشکیل دی گئی ٹاسک فورس کی سطح پر طویل نور وخوض کیا گیا ہے، اور کے امی معاہدوں پرعملدر آمد کے لیے محتر م وزیر مصروف عمل ہے۔

ملٹی ایئز ٹیرف (MYT) ریکوری نقصان کے بدلے کلیم شدہ لاگت کی زیرالتواء منظوری کمپنی مالی سال 2017 سے مالی سال 2022 کی مدت کے لیے ریکوری نقصان کے بدلے لاگت سمیت زیرالتواء سہ ماہی ٹیرف کے تغیرات کے تعین کو تیز کرنے کے لیے NEPRA کے سائٹھ مسلسل را بطے میں ہے (کے ای کے MYT کے تحت اجازت شدہ، خراب قرضوں کی اصل معافی کے سلسلے میں ) جیسے کہ کے ای کے MYT میں فراہم کر دہ میکانزم کے مطابق کلیم کیا گیا۔ ان درخواستوں کی بروقت منظوری کمپنی کی پائیداری اورمنصوبہ بندسر مایہ کاری کے نفاذ کے لیےاہم ہے۔

# **MYT پوسٹ 2023** کےای کوNEPRA کی جانب سے 7سال کے کنٹرول کی مدت کے لیےایک مربوط MYT دیا گیا جو جون 2023 میں اختدام پذیر ہوجائے گا۔موجودہ MYT اور بجلی کے شعبے میں جاری تبدیلیوں بشمول ڈسٹری بیوشن (ینیٹ ورک) اور سپلائی کے کاروبار میں علیحدہ لائسنس یافتہ سر گرمیاں، CTBCM ماڈل کا نفاذ اور ملک بھر میں مجوزہ مرکزی اقتصادی ترسیل کو مدنظرر کھتے ہوئے، کے ای ہرکاروباری طبقے کے لیے جون 2023 کے بعد کی مدت کے لیے علیحدہ ٹیرف کے تعین کی کو سٹش کررہا ہے۔

اس سلسلے میں، کےای کے جنریشن پلانٹس کی بقایا زندگی اوراگلی کنٹرول مدت کے لیےٹرانسمیشن اورڈسٹری ہیوشن سیگمنٹ کے لیے سرمایہ کاری کے منصوبے اور کار کردگی KPIs کے لیے NEPRA کی جانب سے درخواست دائر کی گئی ہے۔ کےای بروقت اور پائیدار تعین کے لیے NEPRA کے ساتھ مصروف ہے۔

# مسابقى تجارتى دوطرفة تجارتى معابدات ماركيٹ (CTBCM)

می 2022 میں NEPRA کی جانب سے CPPA-G کومارکیٹ آپریٹرلائسنس کے اجراء کے بعد، فی الحال CTBCM کے رول آؤٹ سے متعلق ڈرائی رن سرگرمیاں جاری ہیں۔ کے ای اپنے انھام کے مجوزہ منصوبے کی منظوری کے لیے NEPRA سمیت متعلقہ اسٹیک ہولڈرز کے ساتھا نتہائی مصروف عمل ہے،جس کا مقصد قومی بجلی کی پالیسی 2021 اور پاکستان میں مسابقتی ہول سیل بجلی کی منڈیوں کے قیام کے لیے CCoE کے منظور شدہ اصولوں کے مطابق ایک پائیدار اور منظم منتقلی کو یقینی بنا نا ہے۔

# د سٹری بیوشن اور الیکٹرک پاور سپلائز زلائسنس

کے ای کو 21 جولائی 2003 کواس کی ٹیریٹری میں جولائی 2023 تک 20 سال کی مدت کے لیے الیکٹریکل پاور سروسز کی ڈسٹری بیوشن اور سپلائی کے لیے ڈسٹری بیوشن لائسنس دیا گیا تھا۔ پاور سیکٹر میں جاری تبدیلیاں جس میں ڈسٹری بیوشن (نیٹ ورک) اور سپلائی برنس میں علیحدہ علیحدہ لائسنس یافتہ سرگر میاں اور CTBCM کا نفاذ شامل ہے۔ کے ای نے زیر جائزہ مدت کے دوران اپنے ڈسٹری بیوشن اور سپلائر لائسنس کی تجدید کے لیے علیحدہ درخواستیں دائر کی ہیں۔

# لِسٹد کمپنیز ( کوڈ آف کار پوریٹ گورننس) کے ریگولیشنز، 2019 کی تعمیل

بورڈ کی تشکیل

31 دسمبر 2022 تک ڈائر یکٹرز کی کل تعداد	10
i) عورت	
ii)مرد	10
ii. عارضی آسامی	03

31 دسمبر 2022 تک بورڈ کی تشکیل i) آزادڈائریکٹر ii) غیرا یگزیکٹوڈائریکٹرز 90 (بشمول آزادڈائریکٹر) iii) ایگزیکٹوڈائریکٹرز 01

بورڈ کمیٹیز

بورڈ کمیٹیز کے ارکان کے نام اس رپورٹ کے" کمپنی کی معلومات" سیکشن میں درج ہیں۔

بورڈ کے معاوضے کی پالیسی

بورڈ نے 25 جون 2020 کوہونے والیا پنی 1216 ویں میٹنگ میں نان ایگزیڈوڈ ائریڈرز کے لیے معاوضے کی پالیسی کی منظوری دی ہے جوقابلِ اطلاق کار پوریٹ ریگولیٹری فریم ورک کے مطابق ہے ۔غیرا یگزیڈوڈ ائریڈر کی منظور شدہ معاوضے کی پالیسی کی نمایاں خصوصیات حسب ذیل ہیں:

A. فیس کاہرتین سال بعد جائزہ لیا جائے گا۔ B. جائزہ ہمیشہ قابل اطلاق کاریوریٹ ریگولیٹری فریم ورک کی تعمیل کرے گااورا سے معروضی انداز میں انحام دیا جائے گا۔ C. معاوضے کی سطح موزوں ذمہ داری اور پیشہ درا نہ مہارت کی سطح کے مطابق ہوگی جو کمپنی کے امور کی انجام دہی کے لئے اس کے کار پوریٹ اور ساجی مقاصد کو کامیابی سے جاصل کرنے کے ساتھ قدرافز ودگی کی حوصلہ افزائی کرے۔

بورد آف دائر يكرزين تبديليان

اس مدت کے دوران، ڈائریکٹرز کاانتخاب ہواجس میں درج ذیل ڈائریکٹرز کا تقرر کیا گیا:

1. مارک جیرار ڈسکیلٹن 2. سید مونس عبداللدعلوی ( سی ای او ) 3. ادیب احمد 4. ارشد جبید محمد 5. چوہدری خاقان سعداللہ خان 7. ڈاکٹر عمران اللہ خان

8. میشرانیچ ۔ شیخ 9. محد کامران کمال 10. محدز بیر موتی والا 11. سعدامان اللدخان 12. سعد یہ خرم 13. شان اے ۔ اشعر ی اس کے بعد، مسٹر مارک جیرار ڈسکیلٹن کو بورڈ آف ڈائز یکٹرز نے بورڈ کا چیئز مین مقرر کیا۔ مزید برآں ، مسٹر Boudewijn Clemens Wentink ، چو ہدری خاقان سعداللدخان اور محتر مہ سعد بیخرم نے اکتوبر 2022 میں نان ایگز یکٹیوڈ ائز یکٹرز کے عہدے سے استعفیٰ دے دیا جس کے نیتیج میں بورڈ میں عارضی آسامیاں خالی ہوئیں۔تاہم، کے الیکٹرک درج ذیل عوامل کی وجہ سے اپنے موجودہ بورڈ کی ساخت کو تبدیل نہیں کر سکتا ہے :

a. سوٹ 1731 / 2022 (Al Jomaih Power Limited اوردیگر بمقابلہ IGCF SPV 21 کمیٹڈ اوردیگر) سندھہائی کورٹ سے 21 کتوبر 2022 کوعبوری حکم نامے کے ساتھاس خاص خلتے میں منظور ہوا۔جس کے ذریعے کمپنی کوہدایت کی گئی ہے کہ" کے الیکٹرک کے موجودہ بورڈ آفڈ ائزیکٹرز میں کوئی تبدیلی متاثر نہیں ہوگی" b.

ل. الیگرک) کے موجودہ بورڈ آف ڈائریکٹرز کی تشکیل کو جو بھی ہو،کمیشن کے الگےا حکامات تک تبدیل نہیں کیا جائے گا"

لہذا، بورڈییں عارضی آسامیوں کو پُر کیا جائے گاجو کہ متعلقہ ریگولیٹری منظوریوں کی تحریری رسید/ وصولی سے مشروط ہوں گی۔

اعترافات

بورڈ حکومتِ پاکستان، شیئر ہولڈر، صارفین اورکمپنی کے دیگر اسٹیک ہولڈرز کے تعاون اور حمایت پران کاشکریہادا کرناچا ہتا ہے اور کمپنی کے ملاز مین کوخراج بخسین پیش کرتا ہے۔



حيف ايكز يكثيوآ فيسر

مر ارك جيرار دسيك مارك جيرار دسيكن چيئريين

(ازراہ کرماس بات کا خیال کڑھیں کہاس ڈائریکٹرزر پورٹ کاار دومتنا دل صرف معلومات فراہم کرنے کی غرض سے شامل کیا گیا ہے۔لہٰذاانگریزی میں دی گئی اصل عبارت ہی مستند ہے ۔کسی بھی نوعیت کی تشریح کے لئے انگریزی میں دی گئی ڈائریکٹرزر پورٹ ہی سے رجوع کریں اوراُسی پرانحصار کیا جائے )

كراچى،27 فرورى 2023



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